

(Stock Code 股份代號: 00894)



















CORPORATE INFORMATION 公司資料

BOARD OF DIRECTORS

Executive Directors

Kee Chor Lin (Chairman)
Chan Yu Ching, Eugene (Managing Director)
Wong Ching Ming, Stanley
Yeung Yuk Lun (appointed on 1 March 2013)
Ko Pak On (resigned on 28 February 2013)

Independent Non-executive Directors

Dr. Li Sau Hung, Eddy, *B.B.S., J.P.* Lo Kwok Kwei, David Mar, Selwyn

AUDIT COMMITTEE

Mar, Selwyn (*Chairman*)
Dr. Li Sau Hung, Eddy, *B.B.S., J.P.*Lo Kwok Kwei, David

REMUNERATION COMMITTEE

Lo Kwok Kwei, David (*Chairman*) Kee Chor Lin Dr. Li Sau Hung, Eddy, *B.B.S., J.P.*

NOMINATION COMMITTEE

Dr. Li Sau Hung, Eddy, *B.B.S., J.P. (Chairman)* Kee Chor Lin Chan Yu Ching, Eugene Lo Kwok Kwei, David Mar, Selwyn

COMPANY SECRETARY

Yeung Yuk Lun (appointed on 25 August 2013) Chan Bik Yu (resigned on 25 August 2013)

AUDITOR

PricewaterhouseCoopers, Certified Public Accountants

PRINCIPAL BANKERS

The Hongkong and Shanghai Banking
Corporation Limited
China CITIC Bank International Limited
Bank of Tokyo-Mitsubishi UFJ, Ltd.
Standard Chartered Bank (Hong Kong) Limited

董事會

執行董事

紀楚蓮(主席) 陳宇澄(董事總經理) 王晴明 楊毓麟(已於二零一三年三月一日獲委任) 高伯安(已於二零一三年二月二十八日辭任)

獨立非執行董事

李秀恒博士,*銅紫荊星章,太平紳士* 羅國貴 馬紹援

審核委員會

馬紹援*(主席)* 李秀恒博士,*銅紫荊星章,太平紳士* 羅國貴

薪酬委員會

羅國貴(主席) 紀楚蓮 李秀恒博士·*銅紫荊星章,太平紳士*

提名委員會

李秀恒博士,*銅紫荊星章,太平紳士(主席)* 紀楚蓮 陳宇澄 羅國貴 馬紹援

公司秘書

楊毓麟(已於二零一三年八月二十五日獲委任)陳碧虞(已於二零一三年八月二十五日辭任)

核數師

羅兵咸永道會計師事務所,執業會計師

主要往來銀行

香港上海滙豐銀行有限公司

中信銀行(國際)有限公司 三菱東京UFJ銀行有限公司 渣打銀行(香港)有限公司











REGISTERED OFFICE

Clarendon House 2 Church Street Hamilton HM 11 Bermuda

PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BUSINESS

16/F., Yiko Industrial Building 10 Ka Yip Street, Chai Wan Hong Kong

PRINCIPAL SHARE REGISTRAR AND TRANSFER OFFICE

MUFG Fund Services (Bermuda) Limited 26 Burnaby Street Hamilton HM 11 Bermuda

BRANCH SHARE REGISTRAR AND TRANSFER OFFICE

Tricor Tengis Limited
26/F., Tesbury Centre
28 Queen's Road East, Wanchai
Hong Kong
(to be moved to Level 22, Hopewell Centre,
183 Queen's Road East, Hong Kong
with effect from 31 March 2014)

CORPORATE WEBSITE

http://www.manyue.com

INVESTOR RELATIONS CONTACT

E-mail: ir@manyue.com

STOCK CODE

00894

註冊辦事處

Clarendon House 2 Church Street Hamilton HM 11 Bermuda

主要營業地點

香港 柴灣嘉業街10號 益高工業大廈16樓

主要股份登記及過戶辦事處

MUFG Fund Services (Bermuda) Limited 26 Burnaby Street Hamilton HM 11 Bermuda

股份過戶登記分處

卓佳登捷時有限公司 香港 灣仔皇后大道東28號 金鐘滙中心26樓 (將於二零一四年三月三十一日 遷至香港皇后大道東183號 合和中心22樓)

公司網址

http://www.manyue.com

投資者關係聯絡

電郵:ir@manyue.com

股份代號

00894

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS 財務摘要

				% changes increase/
				(decrease)
		2013	2012	百分比改變
For the year ended 31 December	截至十二月三十一日止年度	二零一三年	二零一二年	增/(減)
•		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	%
Operating Results	經營業績	千港元	千港元	百分比
	'			
Revenue	收入	1,322,182	1,391,650	(4.99)
Gross profit	毛利	291,144	329,716	(11.70)
EBITDA	未計利息支出、税項、			
	折舊及攤銷前盈利			
	(「EBITDA」)	210,216	226,427	(7.16)
Net profit	純利	60,831	78,835	(22.84)
		HK cents	HK cents	%
Per Share Data	每股資料	港仙	港仙	百分比
Earnings per share-basic	每股盈利-基本	12.74	16.67	(23.58)
Total dividend per share	每股總股息	3.5	4.5	(22.22)
Net assets per share	每股資產淨值	321.18	298.82	7.48
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	%
Financial Position	財務狀況	千港元	千港元	百分比
Total assets	資產總值	2,778,270	2,921,938	(4.92)
Net assets	資產淨值	1,538,742	1,431,606	7.48
		%	%	%
Financial Ratios	財務比率	百分比	百分比	百分比
Gross profit to Revenue	毛利佔收入百分比	22.0	23.7	(7.17)
EBITDA to Revenue	EBITDA佔收入百分比	15.9	16.3	(2.45)
Net profit to Revenue	純利佔收入百分比	4.6	5.7	(19.30)
Return on Equity	股本回報百分比	4.0	5.5	(27.27)
Net debt to Equity	借貸淨額對權益百分比	28.3	29.8	(5.03)







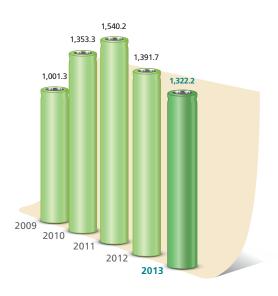




REVENUE 收入

For the year ended 31 December 截至十二月三十一日止年度

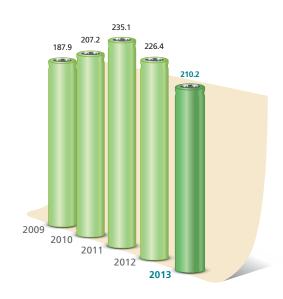
HK\$' million 百萬港元



EBITDA 未計利息支出、税項、折舊及攤銷前盈利

For the year ended 31 December 截至十二月三十一日止年度

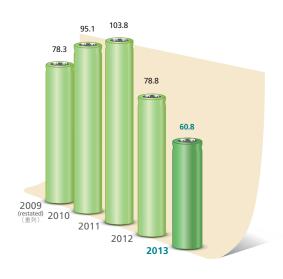
HK\$' million 百萬港元



NET PROFIT 純利

For the year ended 31 December 截至十二月三十一日止年度

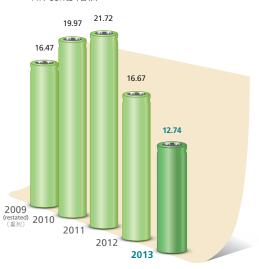
HK\$' million 百萬港元



EARNINGS PER SHARE - BASIC 每股盈利-基本

For the year ended 31 December 截至十二月三十一日止年度

HK cents 港仙



CHAIRMAN'S STATEMENT 主席報告



The financial year ended 31 December 2013 (the "Year") remained challenging for many electronic enterprises, including most of the global suppliers of electronic components. The mild drop in the sales revenue of the Group compared with that in last year was mainly due to the slowdown of the global economy, especially in Mainland China and its continuing adjustment of sales strategy by eliminating low-margin products and the associated customers during the Year.

Despite the significant increases in the raw materials and manufacturing costs in Mainland China during the Year, the gross profit margin dropped only slightly to around 22.0% in 2013. However, the Group's earnings before interest expense, tax, depreciation and amortization margin ("EBITDA margin") were maintained at 15.9%. The low gearing ratio of 28.3% as at 31 December 2013, reflected that adequate financial resources were available for the Group to expand its production capacities in the coming years.

對眾多電子企業(包括全球大部分電子元件供應商)而言,截至二零一三年十二月三十一日止財政年度(「本年度」)仍然充滿挑戰。本年度內,全球經濟(尤其是中國大陸)放緩,加上本集團持續調整銷售策略,放棄利潤偏低之產品及其客戶,令本集團銷售收入與去年比較錄得溫和跌幅。

儘管中國大陸之原材料及生產成本於本年度內大幅上漲,惟二零一三年之毛利率仍能達致約22.0%,只有輕微跌幅。然而,本集團之未計利息支出、稅項、折舊及攤銷前盈利比率(「EBITDA比率」)仍維持於15.9%。本集團於二零一三年十二月三十一日之淨借貸比率為28.3%,屬於低水平,顯示本集團具備充足財務資源,供未來數年擴充產能之用。











As a major global supplier of key electronic components, the Group's growth momentum continued in 2013 as driven by the encouraging sales volume growth for Polymer Caps. Despite the harsh operating environment during the Year, we are pleased with the increasing demands for our Electric Double Layer Capacitors ("EDLC"), EDLC modules and Powerfilm capacitors. We have the utmost confidence in the Group's ability to provide a more diversified high technology products portfolio and we can deliver better results in the years beyond.

The Group had garnered the Productivity and Quality Grand Award at the Hong Kong Awards for Industries, organised by the Hong Kong Productivity Council. The continuing focus on research and development ("R&D") in innovative technologies and the enhanced production capacities had enabled the Group to maintain its leadership as a key global manufacturer in the capacitor industry. This prestigious industry award represents a recognition for our efforts in continuously improving the quality of our products and services. It is critical for boosting the Group's overall profitability and business development.

Last but not least, I would like to take this opportunity to thank all of our shareholders, business partners, bankers and customers for their continuing supports to the Group. I would also like to thank my fellow directors, the management team and our staff for their dedication and commitment in contributing to the success of the Group.

本集團為全球重要電子元件主要供應商,受高分子電容器銷量增長理想帶動,本集團於二零一三年得以維持增長勢頭。儘管本年度內經營環境嚴峻,我們欣然報告,市場上對我們雙電層電容器(「雙電層電容器」)、雙電層電容器模組及電力電子薄膜電容器之需求日益增加。我們有十足信心,本集團於提供更多元化之高科技產品組合,未來數年能締造更優秀業績。

本集團獲香港生產力促進局頒發香港工商業獎: 生產力及品質大獎。本集團一直注重嶄新科技研究及開發(「研發」)及增加產能,讓本集團得以維持其作為電容器行業主要全球製造商之領導地位。獲頒此項業界殊榮,印證我們在不斷提高產品及服務質素方面之努力,對提升本集團整體盈利及促進本集團業務發展起著關鍵作用。

最後,本人謹藉此機會,衷心感謝全體股東、業務夥伴、往來銀行及客戶給予本集團之一貫支持。同時,本人亦由衷感謝董事會全人、管理層 團隊及全體員工一直以來忠誠服務及為本集團 成功所作之貢獻。

Kee Chor Lin

Chairman

14 March 2014

主席 紀楚蓮

二零一四年三月十四日

MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

管理層討論及分析

RESULTS HIGHLIGHTS

- Revenue slightly dropped by 5.0% to HK\$1,322,182,000 (2012: HK\$1,391,650,000)
- Gross profit margin was 22.0% (2012: 23.7%)
- EBITDA margin was 15.9% (2012: 16.3%)
- Operating profit declined by 37.6% to HK\$72,941,000 (2012: HK\$116,925,000)
- Profit for the year dropped by 22.8% to HK\$60,831,000 (2012: HK\$78,835,000), representing a net margin of 4.6% (2012: 5.7%)
- Net debt to equity ratio improved to 28.3% from 29.8% in 2012
- Net assets per share increased to HK\$3.21, compared with HK\$2.99 per share as at 31 December 2012
- Proposed final dividend of 1.5 HK cents per share, bringing an annual proposed dividend of 3.5 HK cents (2012: 4.5 HK cents) per share

業績摘要

- 收入輕微下跌5.0%至1,322,182,000港元 (二零一二年:1,391,650,000港元)
- 毛利率為22.0%(二零一二年:23.7%)
- EBITDA比率為15.9%(二零一二年: 16.3%)
- 經營溢利減少37.6%至72,941,000港元 (二零一二年:116,925,000港元)
- 本年度溢利減少22.8%至60,831,000港元 (二零一二年:78,835,000港元),純利率 為4.6%(二零一二年:5.7%)
- 借貸淨額對權益百分比由二零一二年之 29.8%改善至28.3%
- 每股資產淨值增加至3.21港元,而二零 一二年十二月三十一日之每股資產淨值 為2.99港元
- 擬派末期股息為每股1.5港仙,令全年擬派股息為每股3.5港仙(二零一二年:4.5港仙)













FINANCIAL RESULTS

The revenue of the Group for the Year dropped slightly to HK\$1,322,182,000 (2012: HK\$1,391,650,000), representing a decrease of 5.0%, as compared with that in last year. The drop was mainly due to the slowdown of the global economy, especially in Mainland China and the Group's continuing adjustment of its sales strategy during the Year.

Gross profit for the Year amounted to HK\$291,144,000 (2012: HK\$329,716,000), representing a drop of 11.7%, compared with that in last year. Gross profit margin stood at 22.0%, despite the significant increase of raw materials and manufacturing costs during the Year.

During the Year, the Group recognised a gain arising from changes in the fair values of derivative financial instruments of HK\$8,480,000 (2012: loss of HK\$7,840,000). The derivative financial instruments concerned certain long term interest rate swap contracts entered into by the Group in 2009 and 2010 with the intention to hedge against the Group's future borrowing costs. The Group accounted for the increase in the fair values of these financial instruments in the consolidated income statement at the year end. This item did not affect the cash flows of the Group.

The Group also recognised a gain arising from the change in the fair values of investment properties of HK\$17,613,000 (2012: HK\$3,929,000). The properties are intended to be held for long-term investment purposes for deriving a stable cash inflow from rental income.

The Group's EBITDA amounted to HK\$210,216,000 (2012: HK\$226,427,000), representing an EBITDA margin of 15.9% (2012: 16.3%).

Profit for the Year amounted to HK\$60,831,000 (2012: HK\$78,835,000), representing a net margin of 4.6% (2012: 5.7%). The Board has resolved to recommend a final dividend of 1.5 HK cents per share. The total dividend for the year amounted to 3.5 HK cents per share, including the interim dividend of 2.0 HK cents per share already declared and paid.

The Group acknowledged that the announcement made on 20 June 2013 was still valid, which was to the effect that the pre-listing tutoring submitted on 5 November 2012 in respect of the proposed application for the primary listing of the shares of the holding company of the Polymer Caps business on the Taiwan Stock Exchange was still in progress and subject to, among other things, further evaluation, assessment and approval by the board of directors (the "Board"), approval by The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Stock Exchange") pursuant to Practice Note 15 of the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities (The "Listing Rules") on the Stock Exchange, approval by the Taiwan Stock Exchange and the Financial Supervisory Commission of the Republic of China, approval by the shareholders of the Company (if required), and subject to the then market conditions and the final decisions of the Board. The Board will make further announcement on the progress of this listing, as and when appropriate.

財務業績

本集團於本年度之收入輕微下跌至 1,322,182,000港元(二零一二年:1,391,650,000 港元),較去年減少5.0%,主要是由於本年度內 全球經濟(尤其是中國大陸)放緩及本集團持續 調整銷售策略所致。

本年度之毛利為291,144,000港元(二零一二年:329,716,000港元),較去年下跌11.7%。儘管本年度內原材料及生產成本大幅上漲,惟毛利率仍能維持於22.0%。

本集團於本年度內確認衍生金融工具公允值之變動所產生之收益8,480,000港元(二零一二年:虧損7,840,000港元)。有關衍生金融工具乃本集團於二零零九年及二零一零年訂立之若干長期利率掉期合約,訂立合約之目的為對沖本集團未來借貸成本。本集團已於年結時將該等金融工具之公允值升幅入賬至綜合收益表內。此項目並不影響本集團之現金流。

本集團亦確認投資物業公允值之變動所產生之收益17,613,000港元(二零一二年:3,929,000港元)。該等物業擬持有作長期投資之用,以透過賺取租金收入而獲得穩定現金流入。

本集團之EBITDA為210,216,000港元(二零一二年:226,427,000港元),而EBITDA比率為15.9%(二零一二年:16.3%)。

本年度溢利為60,831,000港元(二零一二年:78,835,000港元),而純利率為4.6%(二零一二年:5.7%)。董事會已決議建議派發末期股息每股1.5港仙。本年度之股息總額為每股3.5港仙,包括已宣派及派付之中期股息每股2.0港仙。

本集團確認其於二零一三年六月二十日之公告仍然有效,該公告聲明,本集團於二零一二年十一月五日就有關高分子電容器業務之控股公是於臺灣證券交易所申請主要上市而提至之上市輔導仍在進行,並須待(其中包括)董會(「董事會」)進一步估算、評估及審批、上市規則」(「上市規則」)第15項應用指引獲聯交所規則(「上市規則」)第15項應用指引獲聯交所與人工、臺灣證券交易所及中華民國金融監督管理財工、臺灣證券交易所及中華民國金融監督管理時間,是會批准、本公司股東批准(如需要)、根據董時市況及待董事會之最終決定後,方可作實。海將就有關上市進展(如適用)另行發表公佈會將就有關上市進展(如適用)另行發表公佈

MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

管理層討論及分析

BUSINESS REVIEW

Market overview

The market dynamics of the global E-Caps market changed in 2013. Smaller and less competitive E-Caps manufacturers, especially those located in Mainland China, had been forced to scale down or even close their operations as a result of reduced customers' orders and the increasing operating costs during the Year. The Group continues to be one of the key global suppliers of E-Caps and our flagship brand – SAMXON® – maintains a very strong market position in the industry. Despite the challenging operating environment during the Year, the Group has benefited from the shift of market share from those less viable and smaller-size E-Caps manufacturers. The competitive advantages of our high quality products at relatively competitive prices have enabled the Group to gain market share from the strategy of global supply chain diversification and the focus on product quality of our major customers. We observed a steady growth trend of demands from the key global customers in the last quarter of 2013 as a result of stock clearance in our distribution channels during the first half of the Year.

Since the successful launch of the Polymer Caps in 2006, the Group has become one of the major global suppliers of the product with satisfactory growth in 2013 both in terms of sales volume and the spectrum of applications. The development of another technologically advanced product – Multi-layer Polymer Capacitors ("MLPC") – was proven and its mass production was started during the Year. We are one of the very few manufacturers possessing the technical expertise with the capacity to produce MLPC in the world at the moment. We expect the market demand for this high-technology product to increase significantly in the near future with its applications expanding into consumer electronics including smart phones and tablets.

ANNUAL REPORT 2013 年報

業務回顧

市場概覽

自二零零六年成功推出高分子電容器以來,本集團一直為此項產品之全球主要供應商之一,二零一三年不論在數量或應用範圍方面均見理想增長。本集團另一先進科技產品一叠片式高分子固態電容器(「叠片式高分子固態電容器」)一發展成績有目共睹,本年度內已經投入大規模生產。我們現時為世界上極少數擁有專業技術知識及能力,可生產叠片式高分子固態電容器產品的製造商之一。我們預期不久將來市場對此高科技產品之需求將顯著增加,於智能電話及平板電腦等消費電子產品方面之應用將更趨廣泛。

KINDY









Operation review

For the past few years, the Group has successfully transformed into a key global supplier of several critical electronic components including E-Caps, Polymer Caps, EDLC and EDLC modules, aluminum foils and chemicals. As one of the most innovative multiple components manufacturers in the world, the Group has been accelerating the development of industry-leading technology. This is clearly reflected in the highly positive market response after the initial launching of our new products: MLPC, EDLC and EDLC modules in recent years. We are reinforcing our commitment to R&D, devoting more resources to the research of new components applied in energy saving and energy storage applications in both the consumer and industrial sectors.

Given the encouraging sales momentum ahead, the Group has been be well-prepared for the next phase in our growth including adjusting our sales strategy and reorganising sales structure. This will definitely help us to be even more responsive, more focused and more efficient in providing high-quality products and services to an increasingly diversified global market. We will leverage our R&D strength and the competitive advantages in our traditional E-Caps and Polymer Caps business, while also creating strong and profitable new businesses to capture the growth opportunities in the market.

營運回顧

本集團於過去數年成功轉型,成為全球鋁電解電 容器、高分子電容器、雙電層電容器及雙電層電 容器模組、鋁箔及化學品等數種重要電子元件之 主要供應商。作為全球其中一家最創新之多元化 電子元件製造商,本集團一直加速發展業界欣羨 的嶄新技術。近年,本集團首度推出叠片式高分 子固態電容器、雙電層電容器及雙電層電容器模 組等新產品,獲市場高度好評,清楚印證本集團 在發展新技術方面之努力。我們現正積極進行研 發,投入更多資源研究應用於節能及能量儲存應 用方案之消費產品及工業用新元件。

基於預期銷售勢頭強勁,本集團已準備就緒,邁 進下一個增長階段,包括調整銷售策略及重組銷 售架構。實行上述舉措後,我們定能更快、更準 確及更有效地為全球日益多元化之市場提供更 優質產品及服務。我們將繼續運用傳統鋁電解 電容器及高分子電容器業務之研發實力及競爭 優勢,同時發展新業務以捕捉市場上各個增長機 會。





STREET, STREET, STREET, THE REAL PROPERTY.

MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

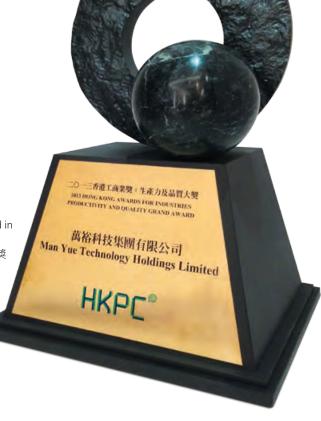
管理層討論及分析

Complimentary Awards Received during the Year 本年度獲得之嘉許獎項



Second Prize of 2012 Technological Improvement in Lushan County 2012年度廬山縣科技進步獎二等獎

Productivity and Quality Grand Award in the Hong Kong Awards for Industries 「香港工商業獎: 生產力及品質」大獎



減廢 Wastewi\$e Hong Kong Awards for Environmental Excellence 香港環保卓越計劃

> Excellence 卓越 membership no. WW-3840-2491

Certificates of Excellence in Hong Kong Awards for Environmental Excellence – "Wastewi\$e" 香港環保卓越計劃「減廢」卓越獎











Our main strategic investment in the development of the Energy Storage System ("ESS") market has started to make a contribution in 2013. We have already commenced the supply of ESS products to several large PRC industrial conglomerates with the ultimate objective to provide a total solution for power management and energy applications. We expect that the contribution from this product family will gradually increase in the years to come.

The manufacturing and labour costs continue to increase significantly in Mainland China. Apart from the product-mix adjustment and sales strategy realignment, the Group continues to enhance its production efficiency through automation and streamlining the production process while also tightening the control over manufacturing overheads. Moreover, the increasing internal supply of key raw materials, such as aluminum foils and certain chemicals, should also help to enhance manufacturing profits in the coming years.

LIQUIDITY AND FINANCIAL RESOURCES

As at 31 December 2013, the Group's total outstanding bank borrowings amounted to HK\$873,798,000 (31 December 2012: HK\$1,050,883,000), which comprised mainly bank loans and trade finance facilities. The maturity profile of the bank borrowings falling due within one year and in the second to the fifth year amounted to HK\$536,776,000 and HK\$337,022,000 respectively (31 December 2012: HK\$514,717,000 and HK\$536,166,000 respectively).

After deducting cash and cash equivalents of HK\$433,363,000 (31 December 2012: HK\$625,400,000), and those included in assets classified as held-for-sale of HK\$6,783,000, the Group's net borrowing amounted to HK\$433,652,000 (31 December 2012: HK\$425,483,000). Shareholders' equity as at 31 December 2013 was HK\$1,531,331,000 (31 December 2012: HK\$1,426,701,000). Accordingly, the Group's net gearing ratio was 28.3% (31 December 2012: 29.8%).

我們在發展能量儲存系統(「能量儲存系統」)市場方面之主要戰略於二零一三年已露投資成果。 我們已開始為多間大型中國工業企業提供能量儲存系統產品,最終目標為提供電力管理及能源應用之全面解決方案。我們預期此產品系列之貢獻將於未來數年逐步增加。

中國大陸之生產及勞工成本持續大幅上漲。除調整產品組合及重整銷售策略外,本集團繼續透過推動自動化及精簡生產工序以提升生產效益,亦同時加緊控制不必要的生產開支。此外,增加鋁箔及若干化學品等主要原材料之內部供應亦能提升未來數年之製造溢利。

流動資金及財務資源

於二零一三年十二月三十一日,本集團之未償還銀行借貸總額為873,798,000港元(二零一二年十二月三十一日:1,050,883,000港元),主要包括銀行貸款及貿易融資信貸。將於一年內到期以及於第二至第五年到期之銀行借貸金額分別為536,776,000港元及337,022,000港元(二零一二年十二月三十一日:分別為514,717,000港元及536,166,000港元)。

扣除現金及現金等值物433,363,000港元(二零一二年十二月三十一日:625,400,000港元)及計入分類為持作出售之資產6,783,000港元(二零本集團之借貸淨額為433,652,000港元(二零一二年十二月三十一日:425,483,000港元)。於二零一三年十二月三十一日之股東權益為1,531,331,000港元(二零一二年十二月三十一日:1,426,701,000港元)。故此,本集團之淨借貸比率為28.3%(二零一二年十二月三十一日:29.8%)。

MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

管理層討論及分析

During the Year, the Group's net cash inflow from operating activities amounted to HK\$71,469,000. This represented profit before tax of HK\$80,269,000 after adjustments for non-cash items, including adding back depreciation and amortisation of HK\$101,879,000, deducting the share of results of joint ventures and an associate of HK\$18,375,000, deducting the net changes in working capital of HK\$37,547,000 and deducting other adjustments of HK\$54,757,000. The Group's net cash outflow from investing activities for the Year amounted to HK\$70,972,000, which included purchases and prepayments for property, plant and equipment of HK\$60,818,000, additional investment in an associate of HK\$24,930,000 and adding back other adjustments of HK\$14,776,000.

The Group's financial statements are presented in Hong Kong dollars. The Group carried out its business transactions mainly in Hong Kong dollars, Renminbi, United States dollars and Japanese yen. As the Hong Kong dollar remained pegged to the United States dollar, there was no material exchange risk in this respect. To manage the appreciation of Renminbi, the Group has increased its revenue in Mainland China in order to hedge against Renminbi payments. The Group continued to monitor its foreign exchange exposure in Japanese yen and Renminbi mainly by entering into forward contracts. The Group's long-term bank loan facilities were denominated mainly in Hong Kong dollars and carried interest at floating rates. Interest rate exposure was hedged by entering into long-term interest rate swap contracts. Credit risk was hedged mainly through credit insurance.

EMPLOYMENT AND REMUNERATION POLICY

As at 31 December 2013, the Group employed 78 staff in Hong Kong (31 December 2012: 83) and employed a total work force of 2,823 (31 December 2012: 2,979) inclusive of all its staff in Mainland China and overseas offices. The Group's remuneration policy is built on the principle of equitability with incentive-based, motivating, performance-oriented and market-competitive remuneration packages for its employees. Remuneration packages are normally reviewed on a regular basis. Apart from salary payments, other staff benefits include provident fund contributions, medical insurance coverage and performance-based bonuses.

於本年度,本集團之經營業務現金流入淨額為71,469,000港元。此數字代表除税前溢利80,269,000港元·已就非現金項目作出調整,包括加回折舊及攤銷101,879,000港元·扣除應佔合營企業及聯營公司之業績18,375,000港元,再扣除營運資金之變動淨額37,547,000港元及扣除其他調整54,757,000港元。本集團於本年度之投資活動現金流出淨額為70,972,000港元,包括購買物業、廠房及設備之款項和預付按金60,818,000港元、於聯營公司之額外投資24,930,000港元,再加回其他調整14,776,000港元。

本集團之財務報表以港元呈列。本集團主要以港元、人民幣、美元及日圓進行業務交易。由於港元與美元掛鈎,故此方面並無重大外匯風險。為控制人民幣升值之影響,本集團已增加於中國大陸之收入,讓集團能對人民幣支出進行對沖。本集團繼續主要透過訂立遠期合約控制來自日圓及人民幣之外匯風險。本集團之長期銀行貸款融資均主要以港元計值及以浮動利率計息。本集團亦訂立長期利率掉期合約對沖利率風險。信貸風險主要透過信貸保險對沖。

僱員及薪酬政策

於二零一三年十二月三十一日,本集團在香港僱用78名(二零一二年十二月三十一日:83名)僱員,而包括所有中國大陸及海外辦事處之僱員在內合共為2,823名(二零一二年十二月三十一日:2,979名)。本集團之僱員薪酬政策以公平獎賞、具獎勵性、論功行賞及薪酬方案緊貼市場水平為原則。薪酬方案通常會予以定期檢討。除薪酬外,本集團亦提供其他員工福利,包括公積金供款、醫療保險及與表現掛鈎之花紅。











OUTLOOK AND PROSPECTS

Looking ahead, we expect the overall global economy will recover steadily despite the continuing slowdown of growth in the domestic markets in Mainland China. Given the current conservative market sentiment, the Group anticipates a modest sales growth as a result of the diversification of its product platform for the past few years. The Group intends to better manage the products and customers mix and increase the profits contributions from the new products families including EDLCs, EDLC modules, powerfilm and MLPCs.

The operating environment in the manufacturing sector will continue to be challenging in the coming years. With the rapid increases in raw materials and labour costs, manufacturing overhead and the appreciation of the Renminbi, our profitability margin will be affected and all enterprises including our Group will be forced to phase out non-profitable products and customers, develop niche markets through high-quality products and aggressively implement cost controls over the whole organisation.

The Group's commitment to R&D for new electronic components and new energy-saving technology will definitely continue in the next couple of years. We will increase the extent of manufacturing process automation while allocating more resources to strengthen our R&D capabilities. We believe that the ongoing focus on advanced technology and high-margin products will drive the overall profitability of the business in the long run.

The PRC government's committed policy of developing new energy, new materials, energy saving and environmental protection, information technology and new energy vehicles is well-aligned with the Group's long term strategy and will definitely help in capturing incremental sales from any new business opportunities. Our strength in advanced and innovative product development can leverage our diverse product platform, and extensive sales network and build up sales growth momentum over the next few years.

展望及前景

展望未來,本集團預期儘管中國大陸內需市場持續放緩,整體全球經濟將會穩步復甦。鑑於現時市場氣氛保守,本集團預測在過去數年將產品平台多元化之努力,將可帶來溫和銷售增長。本集團計劃更妥善地管理產品及客戶組合,以及提升新產品系列一包括雙電層電容器、雙電層電容器模組、電力電子薄膜電容器及叠片式高分子固態電容器之溢利貢獻。

製造業之經營環境於未來數年將持續充滿挑戰。 原材料、勞動成本及生產費用急升以及人民幣 升值,均打擊本集團之溢利率,逼使包括本集團 在內之各間企業放棄無利可圖之產品及客戶, 發展優質產品之特種市場,並積極全面推行成本 控制。

本集團致力於新型電子元件及創新節能技術之 研發,並將於未來數年持之以恆。我們將提高生 產過程之自動化水平,並調配更多資源加強研發 能力。本集團相信專心致志於先進技術及高利潤 產品,長遠而言可提高業務整體盈利能力。

中國政府致力發展新能源、新材料、節能及環保、信息科技及新能源汽車之政策,切合本集團之長遠策略,勢將有利本集團把握新商機,並帶來銷售增長。本集團在先進創新產品開發方面之優勢將於未來數年有助擴大產品平台、拓展銷售網絡及建立銷售增長勢頭。

DIRECTORS' AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT'S BIOGRAPHIES

董事及高級管理人員履歷



Board of Directors 董事會

- **1** Mr. Lo Kwok Kwei, David 羅國貴先生
- 2 Dr. Li Sau Hung, Eddy 李秀恒博士
- **3** Mr. Mar, Selwyn 馬紹援先生
- 4 Ms. Kee Chor Lin 紀楚蓮女士
- **⑤** Mr. Wong Ching Ming, Stanley 王晴明先生
- 6 Mr. Yeung Yuk Lun 楊毓麟先生
- **7** Mr. Chan Yu Ching, Eugene 陳宇澄先生



EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS

Kee Chor Lin (Mrs. Chan), aged 65, is the co-founder of the Group. She was appointed as the Chairman and an Executive Director of the Company in October 2008. Mrs. Chan is the leader of the Group for corporate development, overall planning, strategies and policies making. Mrs. Chan is at present a director of several major operating subsidiaries of the Group and also a member of the remuneration committee and the nomination committee of the Company. Mrs. Chan is one of the well-known industrialists in Hong Kong and possesses over 30 years of experience in the business of electronic components. She is the mother of Mr. Chan Yu Ching, Eugene, the Managing Director and an Executive Director of the Group and Ms. Chan Lok Yan, Lorraine, a member of the senior management of the Group.

執行董事

紀楚蓮(陳太),六十五歲,為本集團共同創辦人。彼於二零零八年十月獲委任為本公司主席兼執行董事。陳太領導本集團在企業發展、整體規劃、策略及決策方面之事宜。陳太現為本集團多間主要營運附屬公司之董事,亦為本公司薪酬委員會及提名委員會之成員。陳太為香港著名工業家之一,於電子元件行業擁有超過三十年之豐富經驗。彼為本集團董事總經理兼執行董事陳宇澄先生及本集團高級管理人員陳樂茵女士之母親。











Chan Yu Ching, Eugene, aged 38, joined the Group in 1998 and was appointed as an Executive Director in December 2007 and as the Managing Director of the Group in October 2008. Mr. Chan is responsible for overseeing the business development, policies making and implementation of the Group. He is also a director of several major operating subsidiaries of the Group and a member of the nomination committee of the Company. He holds a Bachelor's degree in Applied Science (majored in Electronic and Electrical Engineering) from the University of British Columbia in Canada. Mr. Chan has over 16 years of experience in the industry of electronic components. He received the Young Industrialist Awards of Hong Kong in 2008. He is the son of Mrs. Chan and the brother of Ms. Chan Lok Yan, Lorraine.

Wong Ching Ming, Stanley, aged 56, joined the Group in 2003 and was appointed as an Executive Director of the Company in January 2011. Mr. Wong is also the Business Development Director of the Group. He is now primarily responsible for managing the global sales, marketing strategies and operations and overall management of factory operations of the Group. He has over 23 years of experience in sales and marketing field and had held a senior management position in an internationally well-known information technology company. Mr. Wong holds a MSc degree and a BSc (Aeronautical Engineering) degree from the University of London's Imperial College of Science. Mr. Wong is also a director of certain subsidiaries and an associate of the Company.

Yeung Yuk Lun, aged 42, was appointed as an Executive Director and Company Secretary of the Company in March 2013 and August 2013 respectively. He is also the Chief Financial Officer of the Group. Mr. Yeung was the Financial Controller of the Group from July 2007 to February 2010. He re-joined the Group in November 2011 as the Chief Financial Officer and is responsible for the Group's financial planning, internal control and management, regulatory compliance and investor relations functions. Prior to joining the Group, Mr. Yeung held senior management positions in different listed companies in Hong Kong. He has extensive experience in auditing, financial and treasury management, information technology, executive management as well as business development. He holds a Bachelor's degree in Business Administration (Professional Accountancy) and a Master's degree in Business Administration from the Chinese University of Hong Kong. He is an associate member of the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants and the Taxation Institute of Hong Kong.

陳宇澄·三十八歲,於一九九八年加入本集團,於二零零七年十二月獲委任為執行董事,並於二零零八年十月獲委任為本集團董事總經理。 陳先生負責監察本集團之業務發展、決策及執行事宜。彼亦為本集團多間主要營運附屬公司之董事及本公司提名委員會之成員。陳先生為加拿大英屬哥倫比亞大學應用科學系學士,主修電子電機工程。陳先生於電子元件行業擁有超過十六年之豐富經驗,於二零零八年榮獲香港青年工業家獎項。彼為陳太之兒子及陳樂茵女士之兄長。

王晴明,五十六歲,於二零零三年加盟本集團,並於二零一一年一月獲委任為本公司之執行董事。王先生亦為本集團之業務發展董事。彼現在主要負責管理本集團之全球銷售、市場推廣策略及營運及集團廠房運作之整體管理。彼於銷售及市場推廣方面擁有超過二十三年經驗,並曾於一間國際知名資訊科技公司任職高級管理職位。王先生持有倫敦大學帝國科學院理碩士學位及理學士(航空工程)學位。王先生亦身兼本公司部份附屬公司及一間聯營公司之董事。

楊毓麟,四十二歲,於二零一三年三月獲委任為本公司之執行董事及二零一三年八月獲委任為公司秘書。彼亦為本集團首席財務總監。楊先生於二零零七年七月至二零一零年二月期間曾任本集團財務總監。彼於二零一年十一月再加盟本集團,出任首席財務總監,負責本集團之財務規劃、內部監控及管理、合規及投資者關係事宜。在加盟本集團之前,楊先生曾於多間香港計、財務與財資管理、資訊科技、行政管理及業務和展經驗。彼持有香港中文大學工商管理(專業會計)學士學位及工商管理碩士學位。彼為香港商品公會及香港稅務學會會員。

DIRECTORS' AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT'S BIOGRAPHIES

董事及高級管理人員履歷

INDEPENDENT NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS

Dr. Li Sau Hung, Eddy, B.B.S., J.P., aged 59, has over 27 years of experience in the manufacturing industry. Dr. Li is a member of the National Committee of Chinese People's Political Consultative Conference and the president of Hong Kong Economic & Trade Association Ltd. He holds a Ph.D. degree in Economics and a Master degree in Business Administration. Dr. Li was awarded The Ten Outstanding Young Persons in 1991 and the Young Industrialists of Hong Kong in 1993. He is currently an independent non-executive director and a member of the audit committee of each of Oriental Watch Holdings Limited ("Oriental Watch"), Midas International Holdings Limited ("Midas") and the Company (all of which were listed on the Main Board of The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Stock Exchange")). Dr. Li is also a member of the remuneration committee of Oriental Watch and the Company, a member of the nomination committee of Midas and the chairman of the nomination committee of the Company.

Lo Kwok Kwei, David, aged 54, an Independent Non-executive Director of the Company. He is also the chairman of the remuneration committee and a member of the audit committee and the nomination committee of the Company. Mr. Lo holds the degrees of Bachelor of Laws and Bachelor of Jurisprudence from the University of New South Wales, Australia. He was admitted as a solicitor of the Supreme Court of New South Wales, Australia in 1984. Mr. Lo has been a member of The Law Society of Hong Kong since 1987. He has been practising as a solicitor in Hong Kong for over 25 years and is a partner in a law firm in Hong Kong. Mr. Lo is currently an independent non-executive director of eSun Holdings Limited and ENM Holdings Limited (all of which were listed on the Main Board of The Stock Exchange).

Mar, Selwyn, aged 78, graduated from the London School of Economics, University of London, is a fellow member of the Institute of Chartered Accountants of the United Kingdom and the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants. Mr. Mar has been active in commercial and industrial undertakings over the past 30 years. At present, he is a partner of Nexia Charles Mar Fan & Co. He is an independent non-executive director and the chairman of the audit committee of China Everbright International Limited and Minmetals Land Limited. In respect of public services, he was the President of the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants (formerly known as the "Hong Kong Society of Accountants") in 1991, a member of the Appeals Panel of the Securities and Futures Commission and a member of Board of Governors of the Chinese International School. He is at present an Honorary Fellow of the Lingnan University and was appointed as a member of the Court of Lingnan University by the Chief Executive of the Hong Kong Special Administrative Region. He is the chairman of the audit committee and a member of the nomination committee of the Company.

獨立非執行董事

羅國貴,五十四歲,為本公司之獨立非執行董事,彼亦為本公司薪酬委員會之主席、審核委員會及提名委員會之成員。羅先生持有澳洲新南威爾斯大學法學士學位及法理學學士學位。彼於一九八四年獲澳洲新南威爾斯最高法院認可律師資格。羅先生於一九八七年起為香港律師會之會員。彼已於香港執業逾二十五年,現為香港一間律師行之合夥人。羅先生現為豐德麗控股有限公司及安寧控股有限公司(均為聯交所主板上市公司)之獨立非執行董事。

馬紹援,七十八歲,畢業於倫敦大學倫敦經濟學院經濟系。彼為英國特許會計師公會及香港會計師公會資深會員。馬先生於過去三十年一直活合,可以為其事務,現為馬炎璋會計師行之有。 於商業及工業事務,現為馬炎璋會計師行之有。 於商業及工業事務,現為馬炎璋會計師行之有。 公司之獨立非執行董事及審核委員會之主席。 一九九一年度擔任香港會計師及公司之獨立非執行董事及審核委員會之主席。 會(「香港會計師公會」)會長,亦曾任香港會計師及會 貨事務監察委員會上訴委員會委員及漢基世, 變校董事局成員。彼現為嶺南大學榮譽院士學 養香港特別行政區行政長官委任為嶺南大學與 養香港特別行政區行政長官委任為嶺南大學提 養會成員。彼擔任本公司之審核委員會主席及提 名委員會成員。











SENIOR MANAGEMENT

Chan Lok Yan, Lorraine, aged 36, is the Business Control Director of the Group. Ms. Chan joined the Group in 2001 and is actively involving in the setting of the Group's business strategies, reengineering the Group's business processes and the establishment of business control systems. She has extensive experience in marketing, business operations and information systems management. Ms. Chan holds a BA degree from the University of Toronto, Canada. She is the daughter of Mrs. Chan and the sister of Mr. Chan Yu Ching, Eugene.

Huang Jian, aged 41, is the Operation Manager of the Group's Dongguan manufacturing facility. Mr. Huang joined the Group in 1997. He has over 16 years of experience in operation management. He graduated from the Chongging Normal University.

Hui Wah Chiu, aged 46, is the Financial Controller of the Group. Mr. Hui joined the Group in 2011 and is responsible for the financial management and control of the Group. He has 20 years of experience in the accounting profession. Prior to joining the Group, Mr. Hui held senior positions in different listed companies in Hong Kong. He holds a Bachelor's degree of arts in accountancy from the City University of Hong Kong and a Master degree of Business Administration from The Chinese University of Hong Kong. Mr. Hui is a member of Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants and the Association of Chartered Certified Accountants.

Lui Man Lung, Johnny, aged 43, is the Sales General Manger of the Group. Mr. Lui joined the Group in 1996 and is mainly responsible for the development of the Group's business in the Greater China and Taiwan region. He has over 19 years of experience in the sales and marketing fields. He holds a Bachelor degree of Business Administration from the Lingnan University, Hong Kong.

高級管理人員

陳樂茵,三十六歲,本集團之業務監控董事。陳 女士於二零零一年加盟本集團,積極參與制訂本 集團之業務策略、重整本集團之業務流程及設立 業務控制系統。彼於市場推廣、業務營運及資訊 系統管理方面擁有豐富經驗。陳女士持有加拿大 多倫多大學文學士學位。彼為陳太之女兒及陳宇 澄先生之妹妹。

黃建,四十一歲,本集團東莞生產設施之運營經理。黃先生於一九九七年加盟本集團,於營運管理方面擁有逾十六年經驗。彼畢業於重慶師範大學。

許華釗,四十六歲,為本集團財務總監,許先生於二零一一年加盟本集團,主要負責本集團財務管理及監控工作。彼於會計專業擁有二十年經驗。在加盟本集團之前,許先生曾於多家香港上市公司擔任高級職務。彼持有香港城市大學會計文學士學位及香港中文大學工商管理碩士學位。許先生為香港會計師公會及特許公認會計師公會會員。

呂文龍,四十三歲,本集團銷售總經理。呂先生於一九九六年加盟本集團,主要負責本集團於大中華及台灣地區之業務發展。彼於銷售及市場推廣界擁有超過十九年經驗。彼持有香港嶺南大學工商管理學士學位。

DIRECTORS' AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT'S BIOGRAPHIES

董事及高級管理人員履歷

Pan Su Qing, aged 52, is the Vice Chief Engineer of the Group's Dongguan manufacturing facility. Ms. Pan joined the Group in 1996. She is responsible for product development, product design, technical support and product cost management of the Group. Prior to joining the Group, she worked in the research & development department of a well known state-owned National 4321 Factory and engaged in the development of new aluminum electrolytic capacitor products for commercial customers and military uses. She graduated from the Nan Chang Radio Technological School, majored in electronics component and material in 1983.

潘素清,五十二歲,本集團東莞生產設施之副總工程師。潘女士於一九九六年加盟本集團,負責本集團之產品開發、產品設計、技術支援及產品成本管理。在加盟本集團之前,彼曾在著名國營4321廠研發部從事用作商業及軍事用途之新型鋁電解電容器產品之開發。彼於一九八三年畢業於南昌無線電工業學校,主修電子元件與材料專業。

Peng Shu Hong, aged 39, is the General Manager of the Group's Sichuan and Qingyuan aluminum foil manufacturing business. Mr. Peng joined the Group in 1997 with the responsibility of managing the production, quality control and research & development. He has over 15 years of experience in operation management field.

彭書洪,三十九歲,本集團四川及清遠鋁箔生產之業務總經理。彭先生於一九九七年加盟本集團,負責管理生產、品質管理及研發範疇。彼於運營管理及物流領域擁有逾十五年經驗。

Sair Kwok Wah, aged 49, is the Financial Controller of the Group. Mr. Sair joined the Group in 2007 and he is responsible for managing the operations of the Group's finance and accounting functions. He has extensive experience in accounting, taxation, financial and treasury management, information technology as well as banking. Prior to joining the Group, Mr. Sair held key positions in different fields of companies, including banking, telecommunication and manufacturing. He holds Bachelor's degree in Business Administration from the Chinese University of Hong Kong and Master's degree in Accounting from Curtin University of Technology. He is a fellow member of the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants and a member of CPA Australia.

余國華,四十九歲,為本集團財務總監。余先生於二零零七年加盟本集團,主要負責本集團財務及會計管理。彼擁有豐富之會計、稅務、財務及財資管理、資訊科技及銀行業經驗。在加盟本集團之前,余先生曾於銀行、電訊及製造等行業中之多家公司擔任重要職務。彼持有香港中文大學工商管理學士學位及澳洲科廷大學會計碩士學位。彼為香港會計師公會資深會員及澳洲會計師公會會員。

Wai Ching Han, Doris, aged 54, is the Administration Manager of the Group. Ms. Wai joined the Group in March 2001. She is responsible for the Group's strategic human resources management and general administration. Ms. Wai has over 21 years human resources and administration experience gained in global corporations. She holds a Bachelor degree in Business Administration (Human Resources Management) from the RMIT University of Australia. She is also a professional member of the Hong Kong Institute of Human Resource Management.

韋靜嫻,五十四歲,本集團行政經理。韋小姐於 二零零一年加盟本集團,主要負責集團人力資源 的策劃及行政管理工作。韋小姐過去於多間國際 企業從事行政人事工作超過二十一年。彼持有皇 家墨爾本理工大學工商管理(人力資源管理)學 士學位。彼為香港人力資源管理學會專業會員。











企業管治報告

The board (the "Board") of directors (the "Directors") of Man Yue Technology Holdings Limited (the "Company") and management are committed to maintaining high standards of corporate governance practices and enhance the performance of the Company and its subsidiaries (the "Man Yue Tech Group" or the "Group"). The principles of corporate governance adopted by the Company emphasise on an effective Board for leadership and control, sound business ethics and integrity in all business activities, transparency and accountability to shareholders.

萬裕科技集團有限公司(「本公司」)董事(「董事」)會(「董事會」)及管理層致力維持高水平企業管治常規,提高本公司及其附屬公司(「萬裕科技集團」或「本集團」)之表現。本公司所採納之企業管治原則特別重視一個有效之董事會領導及監控本集團,確保所有業務活動均符合優良商業操守及誠信,增加對股東之透明度和問責程度。

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE PRACTICES

The Group has complied with the applicable code provisions in the Corporate Governance Code and Corporate Governance Report as contained in Appendix 14 to the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities (the "Listing Rules") on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Code Provisions"). The Company has early adopted the Code Provisions as its own code of corporate governance practices with the exception of the following deviation:

Under the Code Provision A.4.1., non-executive directors and independent non-executive directors ("INEDs") should be appointed for a specific term. Currently, the INEDs of the Company are not appointed for a specific term but are subject to retirement by rotation at the annual general meeting under bye-law 87 of the Company's bye-laws.

Save as disclosed above, the Company considers that sufficient measures have been taken to ensure that corporate governance practices of the Company were in line with the Code Provisions for the Year.

COMPLIANCE WITH THE MODEL CODE

The Group has adopted the Model Code for Securities Transactions by Directors of Listed Issuers ("Model Code") as set out in Appendix 10 to the Listing Rules to govern securities transactions by the directors. After having made specific enquiry by the Company, all Directors confirmed that they had fully complied with the Model Code throughout the Year.

企業管治常規

本集團一直遵守載於香港聯合交易所有限公司 證券上市規則(「上市規則」)附錄十四之企業管 治守則及企業管治報告之適用守則條文(「守則 條文」)。本公司已提早採納守則條文作為其本 身之企業管治常規守則,惟以下為例外情況:

根據守則條文第A.4.1.條,非執行董事及獨立非執行董事(「獨立非執行董事」)之委任應有指定任期。目前,本公司獨立非執行董事之委任並無指定任期,但須根據本公司之公司細則第87條於股東週年大會上輪值退任。

除上文所披露者外,本公司認為於本年度已採取 足夠措施,以確保本公司之企業管治常規符合守 則條文。

遵守標準守則

本集團已採納上市規則附錄十所載之上市發行人 董事進行證券交易的標準守則(「標準守則」), 以規管董事所進行之證券交易。經本公司作出特 定查詢後,全體董事均確認彼等於本年度一直全 面遵守標準守則。

企業管治報告

THE BOARD

The Board currently comprises four executive Directors and three INEDs. The number of INEDs represents more than one-third of the Board which comply with the requirement under Rule 3.10(A) of the Listing Rules. Their names are identified in various corporate communications and in all announcements. The biographical details and the relationship among the members of the Board are disclosed under the section headed "Directors' and Senior Management's Biographies" on pages 16 to 20 of this annual report. Also, the Board established three Board committees, namely the Audit Committee, the Remuneration Committee and the Nomination Committee.

The Composition of the Board

The Directors believes that the current composition reflects the necessary balance of skills and experience appropriate for the requirements of the business of the Group and the effective leadership. The INEDs of the Company are experts in various business sectors. Under Rule 3.10 of the Listing Rules, at least one of the INEDs has appropriate professional qualifications or accounting or related financial management expertise. The Directors are of the opinion that the present structure of the INEDs of the Company complies with Rule 3.10 of the Listing Rules and can ensure independence and objectivity and provide checks and balances to safeguard the interests of the shareholders and the Company.

The Chairman and the Managing Director

The Board believes that the clear division of responsibilities between the Chairman and the Managing Director is crucial to the effective running of the Board and the development of the Group. Ms. Kee Chor Lin ("Mrs. Chan") and Mr. Chan Yu Ching, Eugene are the Chairman and the Managing Director of the Company respectively. Their roles and duties are separate and distinct. Mrs. Chan, as the Chairman, takes up the challenging role of leading the Board to develop and formulate strategic business development plans whilst Mr. Chan Yu Ching, Eugene, as the Managing Director, is to implement the policies and answerable to the Board for the operations and management of the Group. Mrs. Chan is the mother of Mr. Chan Yu Ching, Eugene.

董事會

現時董事會成員包括四名執行董事及三名獨立非執行董事。獨立非執行董事人數佔董事會成員人數超過三分之一,符合上市規則第3.10(A)條之規定。彼等之名字亦可於不同之公司通訊及所有公佈中確認。董事會成員之履歷及彼此關係詳情載於本年報第16至第20頁之「董事及高級管理人員履歷」一節。此外,董事會已成立三個董事會屬下委員會,即審核委員會、薪酬委員會及提名委員會。

董事會組成

董事相信,董事會目前之組成反映本集團業務所需之技巧及適當經驗以及高效能管理團隊。本公司之獨立非執行董事為各行業之專才。根據上市規則第3.10條,最少一名獨立非執行董事須具備合適之專業資格或會計或相關財務管理專業。董事認為,本公司現時之獨立非執行董事架構符合上市規則第3.10條,可確保獨立性及客觀性,並可透過檢查及平衡以保障股東及本公司之利益。

主席及董事總經理

董事會認為,主席與董事總經理之間的職責必須有清晰區分,以有效領導董事會及發展本集團。 紀楚蓮女士(「陳太」)及陳宇澄先生分別為本公司之主席及董事總經理,彼等的角色及職責均有所區別及各有不同。陳太作為主席,承擔領導董事會構思及制定策略業務開發計劃此一充滿挑戰性之重責,而陳宇澄先生作為董事總經理,則負責執行政策及就本集團的營運及管理向董事會負責。陳太為陳宇澄先生之母親。











企業管治報告

Changes of Executive Directors and Company Secretary

Mr. Yeung Yuk Lun was appointed as an Executive Director of the Company with effective from 1 March 2013 while Mr. Ko Pak On resigned as an Executive Director of the Company effective from 28 February 2013. Mr. Yeung Yuk Lun was also entrusted and appointed as Company Secretary of the Company from 25 August 2013 when Ms. Chan Bik Yu resigned as Company Secretary of the Company on that date.

Proceedings of Meetings

The Chairman is responsible for drawing up and approving the agenda for each Board meeting in consultation with all Directors and the Company Secretary.

Prior notice of each Board meeting was given to all Directors at least 14 days in advance of all regular Board meetings and the Directors were invited to include matters of their special concerns for discussion in the agenda. The Company Secretary assists the Chairman in preparing agenda for each Board meeting. Draft agenda for each Board meeting is circulated to all Directors to enable them to include other matters in the agenda. The agenda and accompanying board papers were then sent in full to all Directors at least three days in advance or within reasonable time prior to the relevant Board meetings.

The minutes of the Board meetings recorded in sufficient detail the matters considered by the Board. The minutes of all Board meetings and all other committee meetings are kept by the Company Secretary and are available upon prior appointment for inspection by any Directors, auditors or any relevant eligible parties who are entitled to have access to such information.

The Directors were reminded to declare any conflicts of interest at the Board meetings and to abstain from voting and be excluded from counting as quorum in that meeting whenever there are potential or actual conflicts of interest arising.

執行董事及公司秘書變動

楊毓麟先生獲委任為本公司執行董事,由二零 一三年三月一日起生效;而高伯安先生已辭任本 公司執行董事,由二零一三年二月二十八日起生 效。陳碧虞小姐於二零一三年八月二十五日辭任 本公司公司秘書後,楊毓麟先生於同日起獲委為 本公司之公司秘書。

會議之程序

主席負責向全體董事及公司秘書徵詢並擬備及 審批各董事會會議之議程。

在每次董事會例行會議舉行前至少14日向全體董事發出董事會會議通告,並邀請董事在議程中加入彼等尤其關注之討論事項。公司秘書協助主席編製每次董事會會議之議程。每次董事會會議之議程草稿會派發予全體董事,供彼等於議程中加入其他事項。議程及隨附之董事會文件全部在相關董事會會議舉行前至少三日或在一段合理時間內派發予全體董事。

董事會會議記錄詳盡記錄董事會所考慮事項。 所有董事會會議及所有其他委員會會議之記錄 均由公司秘書保存,任何董事、核數師或任何有 關合資格人士均有權於預約後查閱該等資料。

董事於董事會會議上獲提醒申報任何利益衝突, 並在可能出現潛在或實際利益衝突時獲提醒放 棄投票及不將其計算在該次會議之法定人數之 內。

企業管治報告

Directors' Training

Every newly appointed director of the Company will receive a comprehensive, formal and tailored induction package to ensure that he or she has a proper understanding of the Company's operation and business and the relevant statues, common laws, the Listing Rules, legal and regulatory requirements and governance policies. The Company Secretary also provides the updates on latest development and changes in the Listing Rules and other relevant legal and regulatory requirements to the Board from time to time.

Besides, all Directors are encouraged to participate in continuous professional development to develop and refresh their knowledge and skills. Specific in-house training was organised for all Directors in January 2013 to update the Board on the new amendments to the Listing Rules and directors' duties. A summary of trainings received and seminars and/or conferences attended by Directors from 1 January 2013 to 31 December 2013 is as follows:

董事培訓

本公司每名新委任董事將獲全面、正式及專屬之 就職安排,確保其對本公司之運作及業務,以及 相關法例、普通法、上市規則、法定及監管規定 及管治政策有確切了解。公司秘書亦不時向董事 會提供上市規則及其他相關法定及監管規定之 最新發展及變動資料。

此外,本集團亦鼓勵全體董事參與持續專業進修,以對其知識及技能能夠溫故知新。供董事參與之特定內部培訓曾於二零一三年一月舉行,以向董事會提供上市規則及董事職責新修訂之最新資料。董事於二零一三年一月一日至二零一三年十二月三十一日接受培訓以及出席講座及/或會議之概要如下:

Type of trainings 培訓類型

			·····································				
		In-house training	Seminars and/or conferences and/or forums 講座及/ 或會議及/	Reading			
Directors	董事	內部培訓	或研討會	閱讀材料			
Executive Directors	<i>執行董事</i>						
Kee Chor Lin	紀楚蓮	✓	✓	✓			
Chan Yu Ching, Eugene	陳宇澄	✓	✓	✓			
Wong Ching Ming, Stanley	王晴明	✓	✓	✓			
Yeung Yuk Lun	楊毓麟(已於二零一三年						
(appointed on 1 March 2013)	三月一日獲委任)	✓	✓	✓			
Ko Pak On	高伯安(已於二零一三年						
(resigned on 28 February 2013)	二月二十八日辭任)	✓		✓			
Independent	獨立非執行董事						
Non-executive Directors							
Dr. Li Sau Hung, Eddy	李秀恒博士	✓	✓	✓			
Lo Kwok Kwei, David	羅國貴	✓	✓	✓			
Mar, Selwyn	馬紹援	✓	✓	✓			











企業管治報告

The Appointment, Re-election and Removal of Directors

The bye-laws of the Company contain provisions for the appointment, re-election and removal of Directors.

Appointment of Directors

Subject to the bye-law 86(1) of the bye-laws of the Company, the Directors shall be elected or appointed in the first place at the statutory meeting of the members and thereafter at the annual general meeting. However, the Board shall have the power from time to time and at any time to appoint any person as a Director either to fill a casual vacancy on the Board or, subject to authorisation by the members in general meeting, as an addition to the existing Board subject to bye-law 86(2) of the Company's bye-laws.

Re-election of Directors

Bye-law 86(2) of the Company's bye-laws provides that any Director so appointed by the Board shall hold office only until the next following annual general meeting of the Company and shall then be eligible for re-election at that meeting. Pursuant to the bye-law 87 of the Company's bye-laws, one-third of the Directors for the time being shall retire from office by rotation, provided that every Director (including those appointed for a specific term) shall be subject to retirement by rotation at least once every three years at the annual general meeting.

Removal of Directors

Under the bye-law 86(4) of the Company's bye-laws, the members may, at any general meeting and by an ordinary resolution, remove a Director at any time before the expiration of his/her period of office provided that the notice of any such meeting convened for the purpose of removing a Director shall contain a statement of the intention so to do and be served on such Director not less than 14 days before the meeting and at such meeting, such Director shall be entitled to be heard on the motion for his/her removal.

BOARD DIVERSITY

The Group adopted a board diversity policy (the "Board Diversity Policy") on 1 August 2013. A summary of this policy, together with the implementation are disclosed as below.

Summary of the Board Diversity Policy

The Board Diversity Policy aims to set out the approach to achieve diversity on the Board of the Company. To achieve a sustainable and balanced development, the Company encourages increasing diversity at the Board level as an essential element in supporting the attainment of its strategic objectives and its sustainable development. In designing an appropriate composition of the Board, the Board diversity has been considered from a number of perspectives, including but not limited to gender, age and educational background, professional experience, skills, knowledge and length of service. All Board appointments will be based on meritocracy and candidates will be considered against objective criteria, having due regard for the benefits of diversity on the Board.

委任、重選及罷免董事

本公司之公司細則載有關於委任、重選及罷免董 事之條文。

委任董事

根據本公司之公司細則第86(1)條,董事須首先於股東法定會議上及其後於股東週年大會上選舉或獲委任。然而,根據本公司之公司細則第86(2)條,董事會將有權不時及在任何時候委任任何人士為董事,以彌補董事會之空缺或經股東在股東大會上授權後作為現有董事會之新增成員。

重選董事

本公司之公司細則第86(2)條規定任何獲董事會委任之董事之任期僅至本公司下一屆股東週年大會為止,並可於該會議上重選。根據本公司之公司細則第87條,當時三分之一之董事須輪值退任,惟各董事(包括就特別條款委任之董事)須至少每三年在股東週年大會上輪值退任一次。

罷免董事

根據本公司之公司細則第86(4)條,股東可於任何股東大會上以普通決議案在董事之任期屆滿前隨時罷免該董事,惟就罷免董事而召開之會議之通告須説明會議有此目的,而通告須於會議舉行前至少14日送交該名董事,且於該次會議上,該名董事有權就其罷免動議辯護。

董事會多元性

董事會已於二零一三年八月一日採納一項董事會多元化政策(「董事會多元化政策」)。該政策之概要連同其實施情況披露如下。

董事會多元化政策概要

董事會多元化政策旨在載述本公司董事會達致多元化之方向。為求可持續及均衡發展,本公司鼓勵董事會提高多元性,以作為協助其達致戰略目標及可持續發展之關鍵要素。在召集董事會成員時,本公司從多角度考慮董事會之多元性,包括但不限於性別、年齡及教育背景、專業經驗、技能、知識及年資等。在充份考慮董事會多元化之裨益後,所有董事會任命將以用人唯才為目標,按客觀標準甄選各人選。

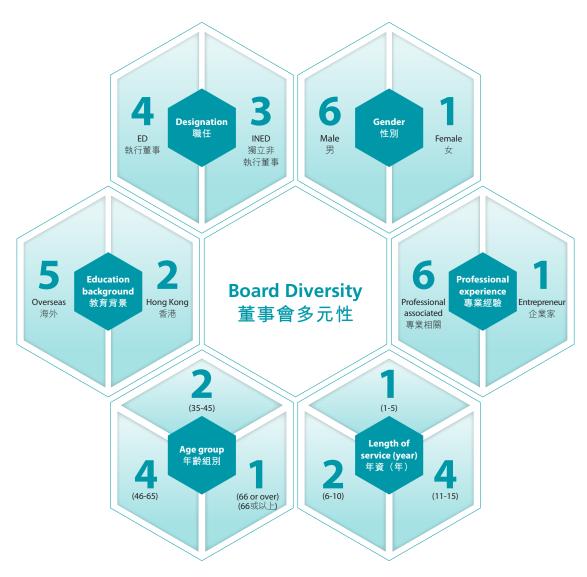
企業管治報告

Implementation of the Board Diversity Policy

The Nomination Committee's review of the Board's composition as guided by diversified perspectives, was summarised as follows:

董事會多元化政策之實施情況

提名委員會已根據下文概述之主要多元性角度 檢討董事會之成員組合:



INED: Independent Non-executive Director INED: 獨立非執行董事

ED: Executive Director ED: 執行董事

企業管治報告











THE RESPONSIBILITIES OF DIRECTORS

The Directors are collectively responsible for promoting the success of the Company by directing and supervising the Company's affairs.

The Chairman leads the Board to formulate corporate mission, visions and policies of the Group and to ensure that all Directors are properly briefed on issues.

All Executive Directors take an active interest in the affairs of the Company with a good understanding of the business, and involves heavily in the daily operations and management of the Company, whilst all INEDs are to participate in the Board meetings and bring their independent views and judgments on various issues.

Each of the INEDs has been appointed with a formal letter of appointment setting out the terms and conditions of their respective appointment. Prior to their respective appointment, each of the INEDs has submitted a written confirmation to the Company and the Stock Exchange confirming their independence and has undertaken to inform the Company and the Stock Exchange as soon as practicable if there is any subsequent change of circumstances which may affect their independence.

INEDs provide the Group with wide range skills, expertise and varied backgrounds and qualifications through their regular attendance at various committee meetings and active participation of the Company. They bring independent opinion and judgment on the strategy and policies to ensure that the interests of all shareholders are taken into account.

The Company reviews annually and obtains confirmation of independence from each of the INEDs during their respective terms of appointment. During the Year, the Company received from each of the INEDs a written confirmation of his independence with reference to Rule 3.13 of the Listing Rules. Based on the confirmations, the Company considers that the INEDs are independent, in compliance with the Listing Rules requirement.

董事之職責

董事都集體負責指導及管治本公司事務,帶領本公司邁向成功。

主席領導董事會制定本集團的使命、宗旨及政策,並確保全體董事清楚掌握所討論事項。

所有執行董事積極參與本公司事務,並深切了解本公司之業務,在本公司日常運作及管理方面擔當重要角色,而所有獨立非執行董事則須參與董事會會議,並就不同事務提出獨立意見及判斷。

每名獨立非執行董事已按正式委聘書獲委任, 當中載列其各自委任之條款及條件。在彼等各自 之委任前,每名獨立非執行董事已向本公司及聯 交所呈交一份確認書確認彼等之獨立身份,並承 諾日後出現任何可能會影響彼等之獨立性之變 動情況時,在實際可行情況下盡快通知本公司及 聯交所。

獨立非執行董事透過定期出席不同委員會會議及積極參與本公司事務,為本集團帶來各方面之技術、專業知識及不同背景資料及資格。彼等就策略及政策提供獨立意見及判斷,確保顧及全體股東利益。

本公司每年檢討及收取各獨立非執行董事各自在任期內之獨立性確認書。於本年度內,本公司已參考上市規則第3.13條,收取各獨立非執行董事獨立身份之確認書。根據該等確認書,本公司認為獨立非執行董事均具備獨立身份,符合上市規則之規定。

企業管治報告

Directors' Securities Transactions

The Company has adopted a code of conduct governing securities transactions by Directors on terms as set out in appendix 10 to the Listing Rules (the "Mode Code"). Having made specific enquiry to all Directors, the Company was confirmed by all Directors that they had fully complied with the required standard set out in the Model Code during the Year.

Directors and Officers' Indemnity

The Company continues to subscribe for an insurance policy to indemnify the Directors and senior executives from any losses, claims, damages, liabilities and expenses, including without limitation, any proceedings brought against them, arising from the performance of his/her duties pursuant to his/her appointment under his/her respective service agreement entered into with the Company. The current policy has been renewed and shall be under constant review.

Corporate Governance Functions

The Board is responsible for performing the corporate governance duties including:

- to develop and review the Company's policies and practices on best corporate governance and make appropriate recommendations;
- 2. to review and monitor the training and continuous professional development of Directors and senior management;
- 3. to review and monitor the Company's policies and practices on compliance with legal and regulatory requirements;
- to develop, review and monitor the code of conduct and compliance manual (if any) applicable to employees and Directors; and
- 5. to review the Company's compliance with the code and disclosure in the Corporate Governance Report.

董事之證券交易

本公司已採納上市規則附錄十所載規管董事進行證券交易之守則(「標準守則」)。經向全體董事作出特定查詢後,本公司獲全體董事確認,彼 等於本年度內完全遵守標準守則所載之規定準則。

董事及行政人員之彌償保證

本公司續保一份保單,乃關於彌償董事及高級行政人員因根據與本公司訂立之相關服務協議項下之委聘履行彼等之職責而產生之任何損失、索償、損害賠償、債務及開支(包括但不限於針對彼等提出之任何訴訟)。現有保單已予更新並將定期檢討。

企業管治職能

董事會負責履行企業管治職責,包括:

- 1. 制定及檢討本公司有關最佳企業管治之 政策及常規,並作出適當建議;
- 檢討及監察董事及高級管理人員之培訓 及持續專業發展;
- 3. 檢討及監察本公司有關遵守法律及監管 規定方面之政策及常規;
- 4. 制定、檢討及監察僱員及董事之操守準則 及合規手冊(如有);及
- 5. 檢討本公司有關遵守守則之情況及企業 管治報告內之披露。













DELEGATION BY THE BOARD

企業管治報告

While at all times the Board retains full responsibility for guiding and monitoring the operations of the Group, the Board in discharging its duties, delegated certain responsibilities to the senior management team of the Company, including the day-to-day operations of the Group. Such senior management team is answerable to the Board.

During the Year, each Executive Director frequently met and discussed with the senior management team in order to maintain an effective feedback system and enable the Group to react to changes or problems quickly and efficiently. The Board shall review its arrangement on delegation of responsibilities and authority regularly to ensure that such delegations are appropriate in view of the Company's prevailing circumstances and that appropriate reporting system is in place.

Each Director is free to seek advice from and has access to the Company's senior management team independently.

BOARD COMMITTEES

The Board currently has three committees, namely the Audit Committee, the Remuneration Committee and the Nomination Committee. All the Committees are empowered by the Board under their own terms of reference which have been posted on the websites of the Stock Exchange and the Company.

Audit Committee

At present, the Audit Committee consists of three INEDs namely:

Mr. Mar, Selwyn (Chairman) Dr. Li Sau Hung, Eddy Mr. Lo Kwok Kwei, David

董事會之授權

儘管董事會在履行其職責中完全承擔引領及監 察本集團營運之責任,惟董事會已將若干責任授 予本公司之高級管理隊伍,包括處理本集團日常 營運工作。該高級管理隊伍須對董事會負責。

於本年度內,各執行董事與高級管理隊伍多次 會面並進行討論,以維持有效之反饋制度,使本 集團可迅速及有效地就變動或問題作出回應。 董事會將定期檢討其授予責任及權力之安排, 以確保有關授權安排於本公司當時之情況下屬 恰當,並已實行適當之申報制度。

各董事可個別向本公司高級管理隊伍尋求意見 及與本公司之高級管理隊伍保持聯繫。

董事委員會

董事會現時設有三個委員會,分別為審核委員 會、薪酬委員會及提名委員會。所有委員會均根 據其載於聯交所及本公司網站之職權範圍獲董 事會授權。

審核委員會

審核委員會現時由三名獨立非執行董事組成, 分別為:

馬紹援先生(主席) 李秀恒博士 羅國貴先生

企業管治報告

The Board considers that each Audit Committee member has extensive commercial experience and the Audit Committee has a suitable mix of expertise in various businesses, financial and legal sectors and that the composition and establishment of the Committee complies with the requirements under Rule 3.21 of the Listing Rules.

The Audit Committee is primarily responsible to assist the Board in providing an independent view of the effectiveness of the financial process and internal control system of the Group. It has the responsibilities and powers set forth in the terms of reference. The Committee members shall meet at least twice yearly to consider the interim and final results prepared by the Board.

The terms of reference of the Audit Committee were published on the websites of the Stock Exchange and the Company, and are available for inspection by the shareholders of the Company upon request made to the Company Secretary.

During the Year, the Audit Committee met four times, together with an additional meeting with external auditor for special audit planning. The attendance of individual Directors at the Audit Committee meetings is set out on page 32 and page 35 respectively of this annual report.

The following is a summary of work performed by the Audit Committee during the Year:

1. Review of the financial reports for the year ended 31 December 2012 and for the interim period ended 30 June 2013.

The Audit Committee reviewed the Group's audited consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2012 and the unaudited interim financial information for the interim period ended 30 June 2013. It is of the opinion that such statements complied with the applicable accounting standards, the Listing Rules and the relevant legal requirements, and that adequate disclosures have been made.

董事會認為各審核委員會成員均具備豐富商業經驗,而審核委員會成員之業務、財務及法律專業知識互相配合。審核委員會之組成及成立符合 上市規則第3.21條之規定。

審核委員會主要負責協助董事會提供本集團財務程序及內部監控制度有效程序之獨立意見。審核委員會承擔及具有其職權範圍所載之責任及權力。委員會成員每年須至少舉行兩次會議,以考慮由董事會編製之中期業績及末期業績。

審核委員會之職權範圍已於聯交所及本公司網站刊發,本公司股東亦可向公司秘書要求查閱該職權範圍。

於本年度內,審核委員會曾舉行四次會議,另曾 與外聘核數師舉行一次特別核數規劃會議。各董 事出席審核委員會會議之記錄載於本年報第32 及第35頁。

以下為審核委員會於本年度內之工作概要:

1. 審閱截至二零一二年十二月三十一日止 年度及截至二零一三年六月三十日止中 期期間之財務報告。

審核委員會已審閱本集團截至二零一二年十二月三十一日止年度之經審核綜合財務報表及截至二零一三年六月三十日止中期期間之未經審核中期財務資料。審核委員會認為,該等財務報表已符合適用會計準則、上市規則及相關法律規定,並已作出足夠披露。











Fees paid/

企業管治報告

2. Reviewing and recommending to the Board the appointment of PricewaterhouseCoopers as the external auditor of the Company

The Audit Committee reviewed and considered the appointment of PricewaterhouseCoopers as the external auditor of the Company. It also reviewed the remuneration payable to PricewaterhouseCoopers, for services provided during the Year as follows:

2. 審閱並推薦董事會委任羅兵咸永道會計 師事務所為本公司外聘核數師

> 審核委員會已審閱並省覽委任羅兵咸永 道會計師事務所為本公司外聘核數師。 審核委員會亦已審閱就羅兵咸永道會計 師事務所於本年度所提供之服務而應支 付之酬金如下:

		payable
Services rendered by External Auditor	外聘核數師提供之服務	已付/應付酬金
		HK\$'000
		千港元
Audit services	核數服務	1,971
Non-audit services	非核數服務	1,180
Total	總計	3,151

The Audit Committee reflected their views to the Board that the remuneration payable to the Company's external auditor is reasonable and fair in all circumstances and there has been no disagreement between the external auditor and the management of the Company during the Year.

Note: The fees paid for non-audit services including review of interim financial information, work performed on the preliminary announcement of results of the Group, tax compliance services and professional services rendered for the proposed application of listing of Polymer Caps business on the Taiwan Stock Exchange.

本公司外聘核數師之酬金全部均屬公平 合理,而本年度內外聘核數師與本公司管 理層並無意見分歧。

審核委員會已向董事會表示,其認為應付

附註: 就非核數服務支付之費用包括審閱中期財務資料、就本集團初步業績公佈進行之工作、稅務服務及就建議申請高分子電容器業務於臺灣證券交易所上市提供之專業服務費用。

3. Review of the internal audit work

In connection with the internal control review conducted in the Year, the Audit Committee periodically reviewed the internal audit work and had regular meetings with the internal auditor of the Company to follow up on the findings being identified in the assessment reports prepared by the internal auditor of the Company. The audit committee members are of the view that the key areas of the Company's internal control system have been reasonably implemented and no material issues calling for concerns by the Board.

3. 審閱內部審核工作

就於本年度內進行之內部監控檢討,審核委員會定期檢討內部審核工作及與本公司之內部核數師舉行定期會議,以跟進於本公司內部核數師所編製之評估報告內確定之結果。審核委員會成員認為,本公司內部監控制度之主要範疇已合理實行,並無提出須董事會注意之重大事項。

企業管治報告

4. Audit planning for the year of 2014

The Audit Committee held an additional meeting for the special purpose of audit planning with external auditor, which meeting also welcomed the attendance of any director who had either expertise, or special interest, in accounting, financial and auditing matters. Individual attendance record of the relevant Director is shown below (other than those shown separately, under the Attendance at Board Meetings, Board Committee Meetings and Annual General Meeting):

4. 二零一四年度核數規劃

審核委員會曾專為核數規劃事宜與外聘 核數師舉行額外會議,該次會議亦歡迎在 會計、財務及核數事宜方面具備專業知識 或特別感興趣之董事出席。有關董事之個 別出席記錄(於董事會會議、董事委員會 會議及股東週年大會出席記錄另有載列 者除外)如下:

> Audit Committee meeting for 2014 audit planning 審核委員會 二零一四年

Directors	董事	二零一四年 核數規劃會議
Executive Director	<i>執行董事</i>	
Yeung Yuk Lun	楊毓麟	/
Independent Non-executive Directors	獨立非執行董事	
Dr. Li Sau Hung, Eddy	李秀恒博士	✓
Mar, Selwyn	馬紹援	✓

Remuneration Committee

The Remuneration Committee has three members at present comprising one Executive Director and two INEDs, namely:

Mr. Lo Kwok Kwei, David *(Chairman)*Ms. Kee Chor Lin
Dr. Li Sau Hung, Eddy

The Remuneration Committee is delegated the responsibilities (i) to assist the Board to oversee the remuneration packages of the Group payable to their Directors and the members of their senior management; (ii) to determine the specific remuneration packages of all Executive Directors and senior management of the Company; and (iii) to establish a transparent procedure for developing on such remuneration policy. The Board would consult the Chairman of the Remuneration Committee and provide sufficient resources to the Committee to enable it to discharge its duties.

薪酬委員會

薪酬委員會現時由三名成員組成,包括一名執行董事及兩名獨立非執行董事,分別為:

羅國貴先生(主席) 紀楚蓮女士 李秀恒博士

薪酬委員會之受委職任為(i)協助董事會監察本集團應付予董事及高級管理人員之薪酬福利;(ii)決定本公司全體執行董事及高級管理人員之特定薪酬福利;及(iii)訂立一套具透明度之程序,以制定有關該等薪酬之政策。董事會會向薪酬委員會主席作出查詢,並向委員會提供充足資源,以協助彼等履行其職責。











企業管治報告

During the Year, the Remuneration Committee met once and the attendance of each individual Director is set out on page 35 of this annual report. The following matters were dealt with in the said meetings:

於本年度內,薪酬委員會曾舉行一次會議,各個別董事出席委員會會議之記錄載於本年報第35頁。以下為上述會議處理之事宜:

- 1. reviewing the terms of reference for the Remuneration Committee;
- 1. 審閱薪酬委員會之職權範圍;
- 2. reviewing and approving the remuneration packages of the Directors and senior management; and
- 2. 審閱及批准董事及高級管理層之薪酬福 利;及
- 3. giving recommendation to the Board to approve directors' fees for the independent non-executive directors.
- 3. 就批准獨立非執行董事之董事袍金向董 事會提供建議。

The terms of reference of the Remuneration Committee were published on the websites of the Stock Exchange and the Company, and are available for inspection by the shareholders of the Company upon request made to the Company Secretary.

薪酬委員會之職權範圍已於聯交所及本公司網 站刊發,本公司股東亦可向公司秘書要求查閱該 職權範圍。

The following table lists out in bands the remuneration of the Executive Directors and senior management whose names appear in the "Directors' and Senior Management's Biographies" section for the Year:

下表列出「董事及高級管理人員履歷」一節之執行董事及高級管理人員於本年度之酬金組別:

HK\$ 港元	Number of persons 人數
7,000,001 – 8,000,000	1
4,000,001 – 5,000,000	1
2,000,001 – 3,000,000	1
1,000,001 – 2,000,000	2
1 – 1,000,000	7
Total number of persons 總人數	12

企業管治報告

Nomination Committee

The Nomination Committee has five members at present comprising two executive Directors and three INEDs, namely:

Dr. Li Sau Hung, Eddy (Chairman)

Ms. Kee Chor Lin

Mr. Chan Yu Ching, Eugene

Mr. Mar, Selwyn

Mr. Lo Kwok Kwei, David

The Nomination Committee is responsible (i) to assist the Board to run effectively and the Company can go through a formal, fair and transparent process of reviewing the structure, size and composition of the Board and the balance and effectiveness of the Board, identifying the skills, experience, and diversity of perspectives needed for the Board, and recommending those suitably qualified personnels who can provide them to the Board. (ii) to lead the process for the appointment of the directors; and (iii) to assess the independence of INEDs, and to make recommendations to the Board on the appointment or re-appointment of directors and succession planning for directors, in particular the Chairman and Managing Director. The nomination committee is provided with sufficient resources enabling it to discharge its duties.

During the Year, the Nomination Committee met twice and the attendance of each individual Director is set out on page 35 of this annual report. The following matters were dealt with in the said meeting:

- 1. reviewing the structure, size and composition including the skills, experience and diversity of perspectives of the Board;
- 2. reviewing and approving the revised of terms of reference of the Nomination Committee;
- 3. reviewing and adopting the Board Diversity Policy; and
- 4. reviewing and making recommendations to the Board on succession planning for the Board and senior management.

The terms of reference of the Nomination Committee were published on the websites of the Stock Exchange and the Company, and are available for inspection by the shareholders of the Company upon request made to the Company Secretary.

提名委員會

提名委員會現有五名成員,包括兩名執行董事及 三名獨立非執行董事,分別為:

李秀恒博士(主席)

紀楚蓮女士

陳宇澄先生

馬紹援先生

羅國貴先生

提名委員會負責(i)協助董事會有效地運作及本公司有必要採取正式的、公正的和透明的過程,以檢討董事會的架構、人數及組成以及均衡性和有效性、確定所需的技能、經驗及多樣的觀點與角度,以及推薦具有該等條件可以貢獻董事會的人士作為董事;(ii)領導委任董事之程序;及(iii)評審獨立非執行董事的獨立性,就董事委任或重新委任以及董事,尤其是主席及董事總經理的繼任計劃的有關事宜向董事會提出建議。提名委員會獲提供充足資源,以協助彼等履行其職責。

於本年度內,提名委員會曾舉行兩次會議,各個別董事出席委員會會議之記錄載於本年報第35頁。以下為上述會議處理之事宜:

- 檢討董事會之架構、人數及組成,包括技能、經驗及多樣的觀點與角度;
- 審閱及批准提名委員會之經修訂職權範圍;
- 3. 審閱及批准董事會多元化政策;及
- 4. 審閱董事會及高級管理層繼任計劃及向 董事會提出建議。

提名委員會之職權範圍已於聯交所及本公司網 站刊發,本公司股東亦可向公司秘書要求查閱該 職權範圍。











企業管治報告

Attendance at Board meetings, Board Committee Meetings and Annual General Meetings

Individual attendance record of the relevant Director during the Year is as follows:

董事會會議、董事委員會會議及股東週年大會 出席記錄

有關董事於本年度內之個別出席記錄如下:

Number of Meetings attended/held

出席/舉行會議次數

		-					
			Audit	Remuneration	Nomination	Annual	
		Board	Committee	Committee	Committee	General	
		Meetings	Meetings	Meetings	Meetings	Meeting	
		董事會	審核委員會	薪酬委員會	提名委員會	股東週年	
Directors	董事	會議	會議	會議	會議	大會	
Executive Directors:	<i>執行董事:</i>						
Ms. Kee Chor Lin (Note 1)	紀楚蓮女士(附註1)	4/4	4/4	1/1	2/2	1/1	
Mr. Chan Yu Ching, Eugene (Note 1)	陳宇澄先生(附註1)	4/4	4/4	N/A 不適用	2/2	1/1	
Mr. Wong Ching Ming, Stanley	王晴明先生	4/4	N/A 不適用	N/A 不適用	N/A 不適用	1/1	
Mr. Yeung Yuk Lun (Note 2)	楊毓麟先生(附註2)	4/4	4/4	N/A 不適用	N/A 不適用	1/1	
Independent	獨立非執行董事:						
Non-executive Directors:							
Dr. Li Sau Hung, Eddy	李秀恒博士	4/4	4/4	1/1	2/2	1/1	
Mr. Lo Kwok Kwei, David	羅國貴先生	4/4	4/4	1/1	2/2	1/1	
Mr. Mar, Selwyn	馬紹援先生	4/4	4/4	N/A 不適用	2/2	1/1	

附註:

Notes:

- Ms. Kee Chor Lin and Mr. Chan Yu Ching, Eugene attended the Audit Committee meetings as management representatives as requested by the Audit Committee.
- Mr. Yeung Yuk Lun attended the Audit Committee meetings as the Chief Financial Officer as requested by the Audit Committee. Mr. Yeung was appointed as an Executive Director of the Company with effect from 1 March 2013.
- 1. 紀楚蓮女士及陳宇澄先生應審核委員會要求 以管理層代表身份出席其會議。
- 楊毓麟先生應審核委員會要求以首席財務總 監身份出席其會議。楊先生獲委任為本公司執 行董事·由二零一三年三月一日起生效。

企業管治報告

DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITY FOR THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The Board acknowledges its responsibility for the preparation of the financial statements for each financial year, which shall give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Group.

During the Year, the Board is not aware of any material uncertainties relating to event or condition that might cast significant doubt upon the Group's ability to continue its business. Accordingly, the Board prepared the consolidated financial statements of the Company on a going concern basis.

The Company commits to announce its interim and annual results as soon as reasonably practicable after the end of the relevant period and the financial year respectively as required by the Listing Rules and disclose all such information as would enable the shareholders of the Company to assess the performance, financial position and prospects of the Group.

INTERNAL AUDIT

The Company's internal audit department is led by the internal audit manager and includes suitably qualified professional staff. The internal audit manager reports directly to the Audit Committee of the Company.

The internal audit department's primary responsibilities include:

- 1. reviewing the work-flow and the implementation status of the Group's policies and procedures of all functional departments;
- 2. reviewing the compliance status on rules and regulations that are applied to the Group;
- 3. reviewing those areas of concern identified by the Audit Committee or the management of the Company;

董事有關財務報表之責任

董事會深明其編製各財政年度財務報表之責任, 該等財務報表應真實及公平地反映本集團之財 務狀況。

於本年度內,董事會並不知悉任何重大不明確因素,當中涉及可能對本集團持續經營能力構成重 大疑問之事件或狀況。因此,董事會已按持續經 營基準編製本公司之綜合財務報表。

本公司承諾於有關財政期間及財政年度結束後 在實際合理情況下盡快按上市規則規定分別公 佈其中期及年度業績,及披露所有有關資料,以 便本公司股東評估本集團之表現、財務狀況及前 景。

內部審核

本公司之內部審核部門由內部審核經理領導, 並包括具適當資格之專業員工。內部審核經理直 接向本公司之審核委員會匯報。

內部審核部門之主要責任包括:

- 1. 審閱本集團所有職能部門之政策及程序 之工作流程及實施進度;
- 2. 審閱適用於本集團之規則及法規之合規 情況:
- 3. 審閱本公司之審核委員會或管理層所識 別之該等問題範疇;









企業管治報告

- reporting significant issues related to the processes for controlling the activities of the Group, including potential improvements to those processes and providing information concerning such issues to the Audit Committee of the Company;
- 5. issuing periodic reports to the Audit Committee and the Board summarising the results of audit activities and of the substantive follow-up of audit recommendations; and
- 6. investigating significant suspected fraudulent activities within the Group.

The internal audit department carries out annual risk assessment on each identified audit area and devises an annual audit plan according to the nature of business and risk exposures, and the scope of work includes financial and operational reviews. The audit plan is reviewed and agreed by the Audit Committee.

INTERNAL CONTROL

The Board has overall responsibility for maintaining a sound and effective internal controls system within the Group, particularly in respect of financial, operational, compliance controls and risk management systems, and set appropriate policies so that the objectives of the Group can be effectively and efficiently achieved and the associated risks can be monitored and mitigated at an acceptable level.

Appropriate policies and procedures are provided to the staff to take all measures that can (i) safeguard assets against unauthorised use or disposition; (ii) keep proper and accurate accounting records and enhance the reliability of financial reporting; and (iii) ensure efficiency and effectiveness of operations and compliance with applicable laws and regulations. The design of internal control system is to provide reasonable, but not absolute, assurance against material misstatement or loss, and to manage and minimise, and if circumstances permit, eliminate, the risk of failure in the Group's operational systems.

- 4. 向本公司之審核委員會報告與控制本集 團業務過程有關之重大事宜,包括該等過 程之潛在改進及提供有關該等事宜之資 料;
- 5. 定期向審核委員會及董事會發出報告, 概述審核活動及審核建議跟進實施情況 之成效;及
- 6. 調查本集團內之重大涉嫌詐騙活動。

內部審核部門對各認定之審核單位作出年度風險評估,並按照其業務性質及潛在風險訂立年度 審核計劃,而工作範圍包括財務及營運檢討。該 審核計劃需經審核委員會審批。

內部監控

董事會全面負責為本集團維持完善、奏效之內部 監控制度,特別是財務、營運、合規控制及風險 管理制度方面,並制訂適當政策,讓本集團得以 有效及迅速地達致目標及監察相關風險並將風 險降低至可接受程度。

本公司已向員工提供適當政策及程序,採取一切措施得以(i)保障資產不會於未獲授權的情況下使用或處置:(ii)備存妥善而準確之會計記錄和提高財務報告之可靠性:及(iii)確保營運效益及成效,並遵守適用之法律及法規。內部監控制度之設計旨在針對重大失實陳述或損失提供合理但並非絕對之保證,以及管理及盡量減低並於情況許可下消除本集團營運制度之失誤風險。

企業管治報告

The Group's internal control framework includes the following major components:

本集團之內部監控制度由以下主要部份組成:

- 1. an organisation structure with defined responsibility, proper segregation of duties and appropriately delegated authority;
- 2. policies and procedures relating to financial control, internal control and risk management respectively that can identify, assess, measure and control risks effectively and efficiently;
- 3. operational and financial budgeting and forecasting systems which facilitate performance measurement, including regular budgeting analysis;
- 4. clear rules and guidelines that work to empower the review and approval of major capital and current expenditures;
- 5. strict internal procedures and controls enabling the handling and dissemination of price sensitive information; and
- 6. developing a whistleblowing policy that encourages employees to report any incidents of fraud, corruption, theft or misconduct in secure and a fearless working environment.

The internal audit department evaluates the overall adequacy and effectiveness of the Group's internal control system. Identified deficiencies are from time to time reported to the Audit Committee of the Company and recommendations are given to the Board and the management of the Company.

- 具界定責任、適當職責劃分及恰當授權之 1. 組織架構;
- 2. 分別有關財務監控、內部監控及風險管理 之政策及程序,以有效及迅速地識別、評 估、衡量及管理風險;
- 營運及財務預算及預測制度,以助衡量績 3. 效,包括定期預算分析;
- 清晰之規則及指引以便檢討及審批重大 4. 資本及經常性開支;
- 5. 嚴謹之內部程序和控制以便處理及發佈 股價敏感資料;及
- 設立舉報政策,鼓勵僱員就任何欺詐、貪 污、盗竊或行為不當之事故作出舉報,以 營造安全及無慮之工作環境。

內部審核部門評估本集團內部監控制度之整體 充足性及效能,不時向本公司之審核委員會報告 所識別之不足,並向董事會及本公司之管理層提 供建議。











企業管治報告

Recognising the importance of maintaining on-going communication with the shareholders, the Board establishes a shareholders' communication policy and reviews it on a regular basis to ensure its effectiveness. To facilitate the timely, transparent and accurate communication to the shareholders, the Board provides different communication channels with the shareholders and the investors including annual general meetings and other general meetings.

INVESTOR RELATIONS AND COMMUNICATIONS

The annual general meeting provides a forum for the Company's shareholders to raise comments, offer suggestions, and exchange views with the Board. The notice of annual general meeting was distributed to all shareholders at least 20 clear business days before the meeting. The Chairman of the Board, the Chairman of the Nomination Committee, the Chairman of the Audit Committee, the Chairman of the Remuneration Committee and external auditor shall attend each annual general meeting or any general meeting to answer questions from the shareholders on the performance of the Company so as to allow them to fully understand the Company's operations, management and development.

During the Year, the Board convened an annual general meeting on 2 May 2013. The voting results of annual general meeting were published on the websites of the Stock Exchange and the Company and are available for inspection by public. The attendance record of the Directors at the meeting is set out on page 35 of this report.

Besides general meeting, the Executive Director and senior management of the Company met with various investors during the Year to enhance interactive communications with shareholders and investors. Our official website contains timely updated corporate news and information, announcements, interim and annual reports of the Group, all of which are available for download with a view of making easy access to corporate information for the shareholders and investors of the Company. The circulars, interim and annual reports are sent to shareholders and investors in a timely manner and also available on the websites of the Company and the Stock Exchange.

投資者關係及溝通

董事會認同持續與股東保持溝通之重要性,並制 訂股東溝通政策,且定期進行檢討以確保其效 益。為促進與股東進行適時、具透明度及準確之 溝通,董事會提供不同與股東及投資者溝通之渠 道,包括股東週年大會及其他股東大會。

股東週年大會為本公司股東提供一個渠道,向董事會提出意見、建議並與董事會交換意見。股東週年大會通知於大會舉行前至少20個完整營業日向全體股東發佈。董事會主席、提名委員會主席、審核委員會主席及薪酬委員會主席及外聘核數師須出席各個股東週年大會或任何股東大會,以解答股東有關本公司表現之提問,使彼等可全面了解本公司之營運、管理及發展。

於本年度內,董事會於二零一三年五月二日召開 股東週年大會。股東週年大會之投票結果已載於 聯交所及本公司網站,可供公眾查閱。董事出席 大會之記錄載於本報告第35頁。

除股東大會外,本公司執行董事及高級管理層於本年度內與不同投資者會面,以加強與股東及投資者之相互溝通。本集團之官方網站載有適時更新之公司消息及資料、本集團之公佈、中期及年度報告,可輕易下載,方便本公司股東及投資者取得企業資料。通函、中期及年度報告亦會適時寄發予股東及投資者,並可於本公司及聯交所網站查閱。

企業管治報告

SHAREHOLDERS' RIGHT

Convening Special General Meeting and Putting Forward Proposals at Shareholders' Meeting

Shareholders holdings, at the date of deposit of the requisition, not less than one-tenth of the paid up capital of the Company carrying the right of voting at general meetings of the Company shall at all times have the right, by written requisition to the Board or the Company Secretary of the Company, to require a special general meeting to be called by the Board for the transaction of any business specified such requisition; and such meeting shall be held within two months. If the Directors do not within 21 days from the date of the deposit of the requisition proceed duly to convene a meeting, the requisitionists, or any of them representing more than one half of the total voting rights of all of them, may themselves convene a meeting, but any meeting so convened shall not be held after the expiration of three months from the said date.

The requisition must state the purposes of the meeting, and must be signed by the requisitionists and deposited at the registered office of the Company, and may consist of several documents in like form each signed by one or more requisitionists.

Any reasonable expenses incurred by the requisitionists by reason of the failure of the Directors duly to convene a meeting shall be repaid to the requisitionists by the Company, and any sum so repaid shall be retained by the Company out of any sums due or to become due from the Company by way of fees or other remuneration in respect of their services to such Directors as were in default.

Detailed procedures can be found in the "Procedures for Shareholders to convene meetings/put forward proposals" which is available on the Company's website.

During the Year, there has been no Special General Meeting converned, nor any relevant proposal received by the Company.

Enquiries to the Board

Enquiries can be put to the Board through the investor relations department of the Company at 16/F., Yiko Industrial Building, 10 Ka Yip Street, Chai Wan, Hong Kong or email to ir@manyue.com.

股東權利

召開股東特別大會及於股東大會上提呈建議

任何於遞呈要求日期持有不少於本公司繳足股本 (附有於本公司股東大會投票權)十分之一的股東,有權於任何時候透過董事會或本公司之公司秘書發出書面要求,要求董事會召開股東特別大會,以處理有關要求中指明之任何事項;且該大會應於遞呈該要求後兩個月內舉行。倘於遞呈要求日期後二十一日內,董事未有正式召開大會,則遞呈要求人士或彼等其中任何一人(佔彼等全體之總投票權一半以上者)可自行召開大會,惟就此召開之任何大會不得於上述日期起計滿三個月後舉行。

有關遞呈必須列明會議目的,並由遞呈要求人士 簽署及交回本公司之註冊辦事處,且可由多份相 類似之文件(各文件須由一名或多名遞呈要求人 士簽署)組成。

遞呈要求人士因董事未能正式召開大會而產生 之任何合理開支,將由本公司償還予遞呈要求人 士,而就此償還之任何款項將由本公司於其應付 或將應付違規董事之服務袍金或其他酬金中保 留。

程序詳情見於本公司網站之「股東召開大會/提呈建議之程序」。

於本年度內,本公司並無召開股東特別大會,亦無接獲任何相關建議。

向董事會查詢

任何人士可透過本公司投資者關係部向董事會提出查詢,地址為香港柴灣嘉業街10號益高工業大廈16樓,電郵為ir@manyue.com。











企業管治報告

COMPANY SECRETARY

The Company Secretary is a full time employee of the Company and has day-to-day knowledge of the Company's affairs. The Company Secretary reports to the Chairman and Managing Director. From time to time, the Company Secretary advises the Board on governance matters and ensures the board procedures, applicable law, rules and regulations are followed. During the Year, the Company Secretary has confirmed that he has taken no less than 15 hours of relevant professional training.

CONSTITUTIONAL DOCUMENTS

During the Year, there is no significant change in the Company's constitutional documents.

ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION

The Group commits to environmental protection. In this respect, the Group established an environmental management system that conforms to global standards and was granted with ISO14001 accreditation in 2004. The quality control department monitors the products quality and the use of certain chemical substances.

Besides, the implementation of the European Union's Directives on Restriction of the Use of the Certain Hazardous Substances in Electrical and Electronic Equipment ("RoHS") in August 2005 in European Union members' states has impacted the electronic industry. The Group installed new equipment and established a comprehensive set of policies and procedures to ensure that the Group's products are fully compliant with the RoHS requirements for the European Community and equivalent requirement for the rest of the world. The Group had also made it mandatory for all vendors and business partners to comply with its RoHS requirements.

During the Year, the Group has the following awards:

- 1. Productivity and Quality Grand Award in the Hong Kong Awards for Industries;
- 2. Second Prize of 2012 Technological Improvement in Lushan County; and
- 3. Certificates of Excellence in Hong Kong Awards for Environmental Excellence "Wastewi\$e".

公司秘書

公司秘書為本公司之全職僱員,對本公司之日常 事務有深入認知。公司秘書負責向主席及董事總 經理匯報。公司秘書不時提供有關管治事宜之意 見予董事會,確保遵循董事會程序、適用法律、 規則及法規。於本年度內,公司秘書已確認,彼 已接受不少於15個小時之相關專業培訓。

公司章程文件

於本年度內,本公司之公司章程文件並無重大變動。

環境保護

本集團致力投入環保工作。在此方面,本集團制定了符合全球標準之環境管理制度,並於二零零四年獲授予ISO14001認證。品質監控部門監察產品質量及若干化學物質之使用。

此外,於二零零五年八月在歐盟成員國實施歐盟《電氣、電子設備中限制使用某些有害物質指令》(「RoHS」),對電子行業造成影響。本集團已安裝新設備及制定一套全面之政策及程序,以確保本集團產品完全符合歐洲共同體之RoHS規定及全球各地之相同規定。本集團亦強制要求所有供應商及業務夥伴符合其RoHS規定。

於本年度內,本集團榮獲以下獎項:

- 1. 「香港工商業獎:生產力及品質」大獎;
- 2. 2012年度廬山縣科技進步獎二等獎;及
- 3. 香港環保卓越計劃「減廢」卓越獎。

董事報告

The directors of the Company (the "Directors") present their report and audited financial statements of the Company and of the Group for the year ended 31 December 2013 (the "Year").

PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES

The principal activity of the Company is investment holding. Details of the principal activities of the principal subsidiaries are set out in Note 22 to the consolidated financial statements. There were no significant changes in the nature of the Group's principal activities during the Year.

An analysis of the Group's performance for the Year by operating segment is set out in Note 5 to the consolidated financial statements.

RESULTS AND APPROPRIATIONS

The results of the Group for the Year are set out in the consolidated income statement on page 54.

An interim dividend of 2.0 HK cents per ordinary share was paid on 26 November 2013. The Directors have recommended the payment of a final dividend of 1.5 HK cents per ordinary share, totalling 3.5 HK cents payable on or around Thursday, 17 July 2014 to shareholders whose names appear on the Register of Members of the Company on Thursday, 15 May 2014.

SUMMARY FINANCIAL INFORMATION

A summary of the published results and assets, liabilities and non-controlling interests of the Group for the last five financial years, as extracted from the audited consolidated financial statements and restated/reclassified as appropriate, is set out on page 180. This summary does not form part of the audited consolidated financial statements.

PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

Details of the movements in the property, plant and equipment of the Group during the Year are set out in Note 17 to the consolidated financial statements.

SHARE CAPITAL AND SHARE OPTIONS

Details of the movements in the Company's share capital and share options during the Year are set out in Notes 35 and 36 to the consolidated financial statements.

本公司董事(「董事」)謹提呈本公司及本集團 截至二零一三年十二月三十一日止年度(「本年 度」)之董事報告及經審核財務報表。

主要業務

本公司之主要業務為投資控股。各主要附屬公司 之主要業務詳情載於綜合財務報表附註22。於 本年度,本集團主要業務之性質並無重大變動。

本集團於本年度按經營分部劃分業績表現之分 析載列於綜合財務報表附註5。

業績及分派

本集團於本年度之業績載於第54頁之綜合收益 表內。

於二零一三年十一月二十六日,已派付中期股息每股普通股2.0港仙。董事建議於二零一四年七月十七日(星期四)或前後,向於二零一四年五月十五日(星期四)名列本公司股東名冊之股東派付每股普通股1.5港仙之末期股息,合共3.5港仙。

財務資料概要

本集團過去五個財政年度已公佈之業績及資產、 負債及非控股股東權益概要(摘錄自經審核綜合 財務報表,並作出適當重列/重新分類)載於第 180頁。該概要並非經審核綜合財務報表之組成 部份。

物業、廠房及設備

本集團於本年度之物業、廠房及設備變動詳情載 於綜合財務報表附註17內。

股本及購股權

本公司於本年度之股本及購股權變動詳情載於 綜合財務報表附註35及36內。













PRE-EMPTIVE RIGHTS

There are no provisions for pre-emptive rights under the Company's bye-laws or the laws of Bermuda which would oblige the Company to offer new shares on a pro rata basis to existing shareholders.

PURCHASE, REDEMPTION OR SALE OF LISTED SECURITIES OF THE COMPANY

Neither the Company, nor any of its subsidiaries purchased, redeemed or sold any of the Company's listed securities during the Year.

RESERVES

Details of the movements in the reserves of the Group and of the Company during the Year are set out in Note 37 to the consolidated financial statements.

DISTRIBUTABLE RESERVES

At 31 December 2013, the Company's reserves available for distribution, calculated in accordance with the provisions of the Companies Act 1981 of Bermuda (as amended), amounted to HK\$121,533,000 (2012: HK\$141,247,000), of which HK\$7,186,000 (2012: HK\$11,977,000) has been proposed as a final dividend for the Year. In addition, the Company's share premium account, in the amount of HK\$167,707,000 (2012: HK\$167,707,000), may be distributed in the form of fully paid bonus shares.

MAJOR CUSTOMERS AND SUPPLIERS

In the Year, sales to the Group's five largest customers accounted for approximately 19.1% (2012: 19.6%) of the total sales for the Year and sales to the largest customer included therein amounted to approximately 5.2% (2012: 4.7%).

In the Year, purchases from the Group's five largest suppliers accounted for approximately 41.4% (2012: 38.2%) of the total purchases for the Year and purchases from the largest supplier included therein amounted to approximately 16.3% (2012: 12.8%).

None of the Directors or any of their associates or any shareholders (which, to the best knowledge of the Directors, own more than 5% of the Company's issued share capital) had any beneficial interest in the Group's five largest customers or suppliers.

優先認股權

本公司之公司細則或百慕達法例並無關於優先 認股權之條文,致使本公司須向現有股東按持股 比例發售新股。

購買、贖回或出售本公司上市證券

本公司或其任何附屬公司於本年度概無購買、 贖回或出售本公司任何上市證券。

儲備

本集團及本公司於本年度之儲備變動詳情載於 綜合財務報表附註37內。

可供分派儲備

於二零一三年十二月三十一日,根據百慕達一九八一年公司法(修訂本)之條文計算,本公司之可供分派儲備為121,533,000港元(二零一二年:141,247,000港元),其中7,186,000港元(二零一二年:11,977,000港元)為本年度之擬派末期股息。此外,本公司之股份溢價賬167,707,000港元(二零一二年:167,707,000港元)可以繳足股款紅股方式分派。

主要客戶及供應商

於本年度,對本集團首五大客戶之銷售額佔本年度總銷售額約19.1%(二零一二年:19.6%),而 對其中所包括之最大客戶的銷售額則約達5.2% (二零一二年:4.7%)。

於本年度,向本集團首五大供應商之採購額佔本年度總採購額約41.4%(二零一二年:38.2%),而向其中所包括之最大供應商的採購額則約達16.3%(二零一二年:12.8%)。

概無董事、其任何聯繫人或就各董事所知擁有本公司5%以上已發行股本之任何股東,於本集團首五大客戶或供應商中擁有任何實益權益。

董事報告

DIRECTORS

The Directors of the Company during the Year and up to the date of this report were as follows:

Executive Directors

Ms. Kee Chor Lin

Mr. Chan Yu Ching, Eugene

Mr. Wong Ching Ming, Stanley

Mr. Yeung Yuk Lun (appointed on 1 March 2013)

Mr. Ko Pak On (resigned on 28 February 2013)

Independent Non-executive Directors ("INEDs")

Dr. Li Sau Hung, Eddy

Mr. Lo Kwok Kwei, David

Mr. Mar, Selwyn

In accordance with bye-law 87 of the Company's bye-laws, Ms. Kee Chor Lin, Mr. Wong Ching Ming, Stanley and Mr. Lo Kwok Kwei, David shall retire from office by rotation and, being eligible, shall offer themselves for re-election at the forthcoming annual general meeting.

The Company has received annual confirmations of independence from Dr. Li Sau Hung, Eddy, Mr. Lo Kwok Kwei, David and Mr. Mar, Selwyn pursuant to Rule 3.13 of the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities (the "Listing Rules") on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Stock Exchange") and still considers them to be independent.

DIRECTORS' AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT'S BIOGRAPHIES

Biographical details of the Directors of the Company and the senior management of the Group are set out on pages 16 to 20 of this annual report.

DIRECTORS' SERVICE CONTRACTS

None of the Directors proposed for re-election at the forthcoming annual general meeting has a service contract with the Company which is not determinable by the Company within one year without payment of compensation, other than statutory compensation.

董事

於本年度及直至本報告日期,本公司之董事如下:

執行董事

紀楚蓮女士

陳宇澄先生

王晴明先生

楊毓麟先生(已於二零一三年三月一日獲委任) 高伯安先生(已於二零一三年二月二十八日

辭任)

獨立非執行董事(「獨立非執行董事」)

李秀恒博士 羅國貴先生 馬紹援先生

根據本公司之公司細則第87條,紀楚蓮女士、王晴明先生及羅國貴先生將於應屆股東週年大會上輪值退任,惟合資格並願意膺選連任。

本公司已按香港聯合交易所有限公司(「聯交所」)證券上市規則(「上市規則」)第3.13條收到李秀恒博士、羅國貴先生及馬紹援先生之年度獨立性確認書,認為彼等仍屬獨立人士。

董事及高級管理人員履歷

本公司董事及本集團高級管理人員之履歷詳情載於本年報第16至第20頁。

董事服務合約

於應屆股東週年大會上擬膺選連任之董事,概無 與本公司訂立任何不可於一年內由本公司終止 而毋須作出賠償(除法定賠償外)之服務合約。













DIRECTORS' REMUNERATION

The remuneration packages of all Executive Directors and senior management are determined by the Remuneration Committee. Also, the remuneration of Non-executive Directors is recommended to the Board by the Remuneration Committee. The remuneration packages are subjected to comparable companies, time commitment and responsibilities of the directors, employment conditions elsewhere in the Group and desirability of performance-based remuneration.

REMUNERATION COMMITTEE

A Remuneration Committee was established on 22 March 2006 by the Company to consider the remuneration of the Directors and the senior management of the Company. The Remuneration Committee comprises two INEDs and one Executive Director.

NOMINATION COMMITTEE

A Nomination Committee was established on 6 December 2011 by the Company to lead the process for the appointment of the Directors, and to identify and nominate suitable candidates for appointment to the Board.

DIRECTORS' INTERESTS IN CONTRACTS

No Director had a material interest, either directly or indirectly, in any contract of significance to the business of the Group to which the Company or any of its subsidiaries was a party during the Year.

董事薪酬

全體執行董事及高級管理人員之薪酬待遇由薪酬委員會決定。另外,非執行董事之薪酬由薪酬委員會向董事會建議。薪酬待遇之考慮因素包括可比較公司、董事投放之時間及職責、本集團其他職級之僱用條件以及薪酬與表現掛鈎之可行性。

薪酬委員會

本公司已於二零零六年三月二十二日成立薪酬 委員會,負責考慮本公司董事及高級管理人員之 薪酬。薪酬委員會由兩名獨立非執行董事及一名 執行董事組成。

提名委員會

本公司已於二零一一年十二月六日成立提名委員會,負責指引董事委任程序,以及物色及提名適當人選以委任加入董事會。

董事之合約權益

各董事概無於本公司或其任何附屬公司在本年 度所訂立並對本集團業務影響重大之任何合約 中直接或間接擁有重要權益。

董事報告

DIRECTORS' AND CHIEF EXECUTIVE'S INTERESTS AND SHORT POSITIONS IN SHARES, UNDERLYING SHARES AND DEBENTURES

At 31 December 2013, the interests and short positions of the Directors or chief executive in the shares, underlying shares and debentures of the Company or any of its associated corporations (within the meaning of Part XV of the Securities and Futures Ordinance (the "SFO")), as recorded in the register required to be kept by the Company pursuant to section 352 of the SFO, or as otherwise notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to the Model Code for Securities Transactions by Directors of Listed Issuers (the "Model Code"), were as follows:

Long positions in ordinary shares and underlying shares of the Company:

董事及主要行政人員於股份、相關股份及債券之權益及淡倉

於二零一三年十二月三十一日,董事或主要行政人員於本公司或其任何相聯法團(定義見證券及期貨條例(「證券及期貨條例」)第XV部)之股份、相關股份及債券中擁有須記入本公司根據證券及期貨條例第352條存置之登記冊內或根據上市發行人董事進行證券交易的標準守則(「標準守則」)而須另行知會本公司及聯交所之權益及淡倉如下:

於本公司普通股及相關股份之好倉:

Capacity, nature of interest and number of shares and underlying shares held 身份、權益性質及所持股份及相關股份數目

Name of directors 董事姓名	Notes 附註	Capacity 身份	Nature of interest 權益性質	Interests in shares 股份權益	Interest in share options 購股權權益	Approximate percentage of the Company's issued share capital 佔本公司已發行股本之概約百分比
포꾸자 니	LI1 bT		作业工具	以以作皿	粉放催催皿	טן גל דו נאי אינו
Kee Chor Lin	1	Interest of controlled corporation	Corporate	209,689,667	-	43.76%
紀楚蓮		受控制公司權益	公司			
Kee Chor Lin 紀楚蓮		Beneficial owner 實益擁有人	Personal 個人	51,006,334	-	10.64%
				260,696,001	_	54.40%
Chan Yu Ching, Eugene 陳宇澄		Beneficial owner 實益擁有人	Personal 個人	4,716,666	-	0.98%
Ko Pak On 高伯安	2	Beneficial owner 實益擁有人	Personal 個人	2,066,666	-	0.43%
Wong Ching Ming, Stanley 王晴明		Beneficial owner 實益擁有人	Personal 個人	-	500,000	0.10%

Notes:

- These shares are held by Man Yue Holdings Inc., a company wholly and beneficially owned by Ms. Kee Chor Lin, the Chairman of the Company.
- 2. Mr. Ko Pak On resigned as an Executive Director of the Company with effect from 28 February 2013 and 1,500,000 share options lapsed during the Year.

附註:

- 該等股份由Man Yue Holdings Inc.持有,而該公司則由本公司主席紀楚蓮女士全資實益擁有。
- 2. 高伯安先生已辭任本公司執行董事,由二零 一三年二月二十八日起生效,而1,500,000份購 股權已於本年度失效。











董事報告

Save as disclosed above and as disclosed under the heading "DIRECTORS' RIGHTS TO ACQUIRE SHARES OR DEBENTURES", as at 31 December 2013, none of the Directors or chief executive had registered an interest or short position in the shares, underlying shares or debentures of the Company or any of its associated corporations that was required to be recorded pursuant to Section 352 of the SFO, or as otherwise notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to the Model Code.

除上文所披露者及除「董事購買股份或債券之權利」一段披露者外,於二零一三年十二月三十一日,概無董事或主要行政人員於本公司或其任何相聯法團之股份、相關股份或債券中擁有須根據證券及期貨條例第352條登記或根據標準守則而須另行知會本公司及聯交所之權益或淡倉。

SHARE OPTION SCHEME

The Company operates a share option scheme (the "Share Option Scheme") for the purpose of providing incentives and rewards to eligible participants who contribute to the success of the Group's operations. Further details of the Share Option Scheme are disclosed in Note 36 to the consolidated financial statements.

As at 31 December 2013, 3,110,000 (2012: 4,940,000) share options remained outstanding under the Share Option Scheme and the details of the movements of the said outstanding share options were as follows:

購股權計劃

本公司設有一項購股權計劃(「購股權計劃」), 旨在向對本集團之成功經營作出貢獻之合資格 參與者提供獎勵及回報。購股權計劃之進一步詳 情於綜合財務報表附註36披露。

於二零一三年十二月三十一日,根據購股權計劃 有3,110,000份(二零一二年:4,940,000份)購股 權尚未行使,上述尚未行使購股權之變動詳情如 下:

Name or category of participants	As at 1 January 2013 於二零一三年	Forfeited during the year	As at 31 December 2013 於二零一三年	Date of grant of share options	Exercise period of share options	Exercise price of share options ²
參與者姓名或類別	一月一日	年內沒收	十二月三十一日	授出購股權日期	購股權行使期'	購股權行使價 ² HK\$ per share 每股港元
Directors 董事						
Ko Pak On³ 高伯安³	500,000	(500,000)	-	8.8.2006	8.8.2006 to 25.5.2016 8.8.2006至25.5.2016	1.6
	500,000	(500,000)	-	8.8.2006	8.8.2007 to 25.5.2016 8.8.2007至25.5.2016	1.6
	250,000	(250,000)	-	15.9.2010	15.9.2011 to 14.9.2020 15.9.2011至14.9.2020	2.262
	250,000	(250,000)		15.9.2010	15.9.2012 to 14.9.2020 15.9.2012至14.9.2020	2.262
	1,500,000	(1,500,000)	-			

董事報告

Name or category of participants	As at 1 January 2013 於二零一三年	Forfeited during the year	As at 31 December 2013 於二零一三年	Date of grant of share options	Exercise period of share options	Exercise price of share options ²
參與者姓名或類別	一月一日	年內沒收	十二月三十一日	授出購股權日期	購股權行使期	購股權行使價 ² HK\$ per share 每股港元
Wong Ching Ming, Stanley 王晴明	250,000	-	250,000	15.9.2010	15.9.2011 to 14.9.2020 15.9.2011至14.9.2020	2.262
	250,000	-	250,000	15.9.2010	15.9.2012 to 14.9.2020 15.9.2012至14.9.2020	2.262
	500,000	-	500,000			
Other employees 其他僱員						
In aggregate 合共	100,000	-	100,000	8.8.2006	8.8.2006 to 25.5.2016 8.8.2006至25.5.2016	1.6
In aggregate 合共	350,000	(100,000)	250,000	8.8.2006	8.8.2007 to 25.5.2016 8.8.2007至25.5.2016	1.6
In aggregate 合共	1,256,000	(116,000)	1,140,000	15.9.2010	15.9.2011 to 14.9.2020 15.9.2011至14.9.2020	2.262
In aggregate 合共	1,234,000	(114,000)	1,120,000	15.9.2010	15.9.2012 to 14.9.2020 15.9.2012至14.9.2020	2.262
	2,940,000	(330,000)	2,610,000			
	4,940,000	(1,830,000)	3,110,000			

Notes:

- 附註:
- 1. The vesting period of the share options is from the date of grant until the commencement of the exercise period.
- 2. The exercise price of the share options is subject to adjustment in the case of rights or bonus issues, or other similar changes in the Company's share capital.
- 3. Mr. Ko Pak On resigned as an executive Director of the Company with effect from 28 February 2013.
- 1. 購股權之歸屬期乃自授出日期起直至行使期 間開始。
- 2. 購股權之行使價或會因供股或紅利發行,或本公司股本之其他類似變動而作出調整。
- 3. 高伯安先生已辭任本公司執行董事,由二零 一三年二月二十八日起生效。

REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS 董事報告











DIRECTORS' RIGHTS TO ACQUIRE SHARES OR DEBENTURES

Save as disclosed under the sections headed "DIRECTORS' AND CHIEF EXECUTIVE'S INTERESTS AND SHORT POSITIONS IN SHARES, UNDERLYING SHARES AND DEBENTURES" and "SHARE OPTION SCHEME" above, at no time during the Year were rights to acquire benefits by means of the acquisition of shares in or debentures of the Company granted to any Directors or their respective spouses or minor children, or were any such rights exercised by them; or was the Company or any of its subsidiaries a party to any arrangement to enable the Directors to acquire such rights in any other body corporate.

SUBSTANTIAL SHAREHOLDERS' AND OTHER PERSONS' INTERESTS AND SHORT POSITIONS IN SHARES AND UNDERLYING SHARES

As at 31 December 2013, the following interests and short positions of 5% or more of the issued share capital and share options of the Company were recorded in the register of interests required to be kept by the Company pursuant to section 336 of the SFO:

Long positions:

董事購買股份或債券之權利

除上文「董事及主要行政人員於股份、相關股份及債券之權益及淡倉」及「購股權計劃」兩節所披露者外,於本年度內任何時間概無董事或彼等各自之配偶或未成年子女獲授可藉購入本公司股份或債券而獲益之權利;彼等亦無行使該等權利;本公司或其任何附屬公司概無參與任何安排,致使董事可獲得任何其他法人團體之有關權利。

主要股東及其他人士於股份及相關股份之權益及淡倉

於二零一三年十二月三十一日,就本公司根據證券及期貨條例第336條規定而存置之權益登記冊記錄,持有本公司已發行股本及購股權5%或以上之權益及淡倉之人士如下:

好倉:

Name	Notes	Capacity and nature of interest	Number of ordinary shares held	Approximate percentage of the Company's issued share capital
名稱	附註	身份及權益性質	所持普通股 數目	已發行股本之 概約百分比
Man Yue Holdings Inc.		Personal/Beneficial owner 個人/實益擁有人	209,689,667	43.76%
DJE Investment S.A. ("DJE")	1, 2 & 3	Investment manager 投資經理	38,312,000	7.99%
Dr. Jens Ehrhardt Kapital AG ("DJE AG")	1, 2 & 3	Corporate/Interest of controlled corporation公司/受控制公司權益	38,312,000	7.99%

董事報告

Name	Notes	Capacity and nature of interest	Number of ordinary shares held	Approximate percentage of the Company's issued share capital 佔本公司
名稱	附註	身份及權益性質	所持普通股 數目	已發行股本之 概約百分比
TO 1995	P1) p.T.	才 以 及 惟 亜 ഥ 貝	数 口	194 % 1 7 10
Dr. Jens Alfred Karl Ehrhardt ("Dr. Ehrhardt")	2 & 3	Corporate/Interest of controlled corporation 公司/受控制公司權益	38,312,000	7.99%
Rays Capital Partners Limited ("Rays Capital")	4	Corporate/Interest of controlled corporation 公司/受控制公司權益	35,738,000	7.46%
Asian Equity Special Opportunities Portfolio Master Fund Ltd. ("AES")	4	Corporate/Interest of controlled corporation 公司/受控制公司權益	24,706,000	5.16%

Notes:

- 附註:
- 1. DJE AG holds a 81% interest in DJE and is accordingly deemed to have interests in the shares held by DJE.
- Dr. Ehrhardt holds a 68.5% interest in DJE AG and is accordingly deemed to have interests in the shares held by DJE or deemed to be interested by DJE AG.
- 3. The interests of DJE, DJE AG and Dr. Ehrhardt are in respect of the same 38,312,000 shares and duplicated each other.
- 4. Rays Capital holds a 100% interest in AES and is accordingly deemed to have interests in the shares held by AES. The interest of Rays Capital and AES are in respect of the same 24,706,000 shares and duplicated each other. Rays Capital is held by two shareholders, namely Yip, Yok Tak Amy and Ruan, Ching Chi David, in equal proportion.

Save as disclosed above, as at 31 December 2013, no person, other than the Directors or chief executive of the Company, whose interests are set out in the section "DIRECTORS' AND CHIEF EXECUTIVE'S INTERESTS AND SHORT POSITIONS IN SHARES, UNDERLYING SHARES AND DEBENTURES" above, had registered an interest or short position in the shares or underlying shares of the Company that was required to be recorded pursuant to Section 336 of the SFO.

- 1. DJE AG持有DJE之81%權益,故被視為於DJE持有之股份中擁有權益。
- 2. Dr. Ehrhardt持有DJE AG之68.5%權益,故被視 為於DJE持有或DJE AG被視為擁有權益之股份 中擁有權益。
- DJE、DJE AG及Dr. Ehrhardt之權益乃關於 38,312,000股相同股份之權益,各為相同之權 益。
- 4. Rays Capital持有AES之100%權益,故被視為擁有AES所持股份之權益。Rays Capital及AES之權益乃關於24,706,000股相同股份之權益,各為相同之權益。Rays Capital由兩名股東Yip,Yok Tak Amy及Ruan, Ching Chi David以等份持有。

除上文所披露者及於上文「董事及主要行政人員 於股份、相關股份及債券之權益及淡倉」一節所 載之本公司董事或主要行政人員權益外,於二零 一三年十二月三十一日,並無任何人士持有須根 據證券及期貨條例第336條登記之本公司股份或 相關股份之權益或淡倉。













SUFFICIENCY OF PUBLIC FLOAT

Based on information that is publicly available to the Company and within the knowledge of the Directors, at least 25% of the Company's total issued share capital was held by the public as at the date of this report.

AUDIT COMMITTEE

The Audit Committee comprises three members and all of whom are the INEDs. None of whom is employed by or otherwise affiliated with the former or existing auditors of the Company. The Audit Committee has reviewed with the management the accounting principles and practices adopted by the Group in this annual report.

AUDITOR

Messrs. PricewaterhouseCoopers ("PwC") has been appointed as auditor of the Company with effect from 14 July 2009. PwC will retire at the forthcoming annual general meeting of the Company and a resolution will be proposed at the meeting to re-appoint PwC as the auditor of the Company.

On behalf of the Board

Kee Chor Lin

Chairman

Hong Kong, 14 March 2014

充足公眾持股量

根據本公司可取得之公開參考資料及就董事所悉,截至本報告日期,本公司已發行股本總額最少25%由公眾持有。

審核委員會

審核委員會包括三位成員,彼等均為獨立非執行董事。當中並無任何人士受僱於本公司前任或現任核數師,與其亦無任何關連。審核委員會已與管理層審閱本集團於本年報所採納之會計原則及慣例。

核數師

羅兵咸永道會計師事務所(「羅兵咸」)已由二零零九年七月十四日起獲委任為本公司核數師。羅兵咸將於本公司應屆股東週年大會上退任,會上將提呈一項決議案,以重新委任羅兵咸為本公司之核數師。

代表董事會

主席

紀楚蓮

香港,二零一四年三月十四日











INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

獨立核數師報告



羅兵咸永道

TO THE SHAREHOLDERS OF MAN YUE TECHNOLOGY HOLDINGS LIMITED

(incorporated in Bermuda with limited liability)

We have audited the consolidated financial statements of Man Yue Technology Holdings Limited (the "Company") and its subsidiaries (together, the "Group") set out on pages 54 to 179, which comprise the consolidated and company balance sheets as at 31 December 2013, and the consolidated income statement, the consolidated statement of comprehensive income, the consolidated statement of changes in equity and the consolidated cash flow statement for the year then ended, and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITY FOR THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The directors of the Company are responsible for the preparation of consolidated financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants and the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance, and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

AUDITOR'S RESPONSIBILITY

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these consolidated financial statements based on our audit and to report our opinion solely to you, as a body, in accordance with Section 90 of the Companies Act 1981 of Bermuda and for no other purpose. We do not assume responsibility towards or accept liability to any other person for the contents of this report.

致萬裕科技集團有限公司股東

(於百慕達註冊成立的有限公司)

本核數師(以下簡稱「我們」)已審計列載於第54至第179頁萬裕科技集團有限公司(以下簡稱「貴公司」)及其附屬公司(統稱「貴集團」)的綜合財務報表,此綜合財務報表包括於二零一三年十二月三十一日的綜合和公司資產負債表與截至該日止年度的綜合收益表、綜合全面收益表、綜合權益變動表及綜合現金流量表,以及主要會計政策概要及其他附註解釋資料。

董事就綜合財務報表須承擔的責任

貴公司董事須負責根據香港會計師公會頒佈的 香港財務報告準則及香港《公司條例》的披露規 定編製綜合財務報表,以令綜合財務報表作出真 實而公平的反映,及落實其認為編製綜合財務報 表所必要的內部控制,以使綜合財務報表不存在 由於欺詐或錯誤而導致的重大錯誤陳述。

核數師的責任

我們的責任是根據我們的審計對該等綜合財務報表作出意見,並按照百慕達《一九八一年公司法》第90條僅向整體股東報告,除此之外本報告別無其他目的。我們不會就本報告的內容向任何其他人士負上或承擔任何責任。

PricewaterhouseCoopers, 22/F Prince's Building, Central, Hong Kong T: +852 2289 8888, F: +852 2810 9888, www.pwchk.com

羅兵咸永道會計師事務所,香港中環太子大廈廿二樓 總機:+852 2289 8888,傳真:+852 2810 9888,www.pwchk.com











INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

獨立核數師報告

We conducted our audit in accordance with Hong Kong Standards on Auditing issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants. Those standards require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements are free from material misstatement.

我們已根據香港會計師公會頒佈的香港審計準 則進行審計。該等準則要求我們遵守道德規範, 並規劃及執行審計,以合理確定綜合財務報表是 否不存在任何重大錯誤陳述。

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the consolidated financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation of consolidated financial statements that give a true and fair view in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates made by the directors, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the consolidated financial statements.

審計涉及執行程序以獲取有關綜合財務報表所載金額及披露資料的審計憑證。所選定的程序取決於核數師的判斷,包括評估由於欺詐或錯誤而導致綜合財務報表存在重大錯誤陳述的風險。在評估該等風險時,核數師考慮與該公司編製綜合財務報表以作出真實而公平的反映相關的內部控制,以設計適當的審計程序,但目的並非對公司內部控制的有效性發表意見。審計亦包括評價董事所採用會計政策的合適性及作出會計估計的合理性,以及評價綜合財務報表的整體別報方式。

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

我們相信,我們所獲得的審計憑證能充足和適當 地為我們的審計意見提供基礎。

OPINION

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Company and of the Group as at 31 December 2013, and of the Group's profit and cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards and have been properly prepared in accordance with the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance.

意見

我們認為,該等綜合財務報表已根據香港財務報告準則真實而公平地反映 貴公司及 貴集團於二零一三年十二月三十一日的事務狀況,及 貴集團截至該日止年度的溢利及現金流量,並已按照香港《公司條例》的披露規定妥為編製。

PricewaterhouseCoopers

Certified Public Accountants

Hong Kong, 14 March 2014

羅兵咸永道會計師事務所

執業會計師

香港,二零一四年三月十四日











CONSOLIDATED INCOME STATEMENT

綜合收益表

				Year ended 31 December 截至十二月三十一日止年度		
		Notes	2013 HK\$'000 二零一三年	2012 HK\$'000 二零一二年		
		附註	一 零 一三年 千港元	一令 一十		
Revenue Cost of sales	收入 銷售成本	5 & 6	1,322,182 (1,031,038)	1,391,650 (1,061,934)		
Gross profit	毛利		291,144	329,716		
Other income Other losses, net Selling and distribution costs Administrative expenses Other operating expenses	其他收入 其他虧損淨額 銷售及分銷費用 行政費用 其他經營費用	6 2 & 6	6,337 (888) (62,412) (158,650) (2,590)	7,648 (420) (59,307) (159,444) (1,268)		
Operating profit	經營溢利	7	72,941	116,925		
Changes in fair values of derivative financial instruments Finance costs Finance income Share of results of joint ventures Share of results of an associate	衍生金融工具公允值之 變動 財務支出 財務收入 應佔合營企業之業績 應佔聯營公司之業績	2 & 8 9 10 23 24	8,480 (28,068) 8,541 11,806 6,569	(7,840) (27,615) 12,208 5,573 (318)		
Profit before tax Tax	除税前溢利 税項	13	80,269 (19,438)	98,933 (20,098)		
Profit for the year	本年度溢利		60,831	78,835		
Profit attributable to: – Equity holders of the Company – Non-controlling interests	應佔溢利: 一本公司股權持有人 一非控股股東權益		61,021 (190)	79,875 (1,040)		
			60,831	78,835		
Earnings per share for profit attributable to equity holders of the Company – Basic – Diluted	本公司股權持有人應佔 溢利之每股盈利 一基本 一攤薄	15	12.74 HK cents 港仙 12.74 HK cents 港仙	16.67 HK cents 港仙 16.67 HK cents 港仙		
			HK\$′000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元		
Dividends – Interim – Proposed final	股息 一中期 一擬派末期	16	9,582 7,186	9,582 11,977		
			16,768	21,559		

The notes on pages 63 to 179 are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

載於第63至第179頁之附註為此等綜合財務報表 之組成部份。











CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

綜合全面收益表

				Year ended 31 December 截至十二月三十一日止年度		
		Notes	2013 HK\$'000 二零一三年	2012 HK\$'000 二零一二年		
		附註	一 零 一三十 千港元	一令一一十		
Profit for the year	本年度溢利		60,831	78,835		
Other comprehensive income: Item that will not be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss – Assets revaluation surplus, net of tax	其他全面收益: 其後不會重新分類至 收益表之項目 一扣除税項後資產					
Items that may be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss – Change in fair value of an	重估盈餘 其後可重新分類至 收益表之項目 一一項可供出售投資	37	7,238	22,730		
available-for-sale investment – Currency translation differences	公允值之變動 -匯兑差額	37	335 60,072	264 (3,624)		
Other comprehensive income for the year, net of tax	本年度扣除税項後 其他全面收益		67,645	19,370		
Total comprehensive income for the year	本年度全面收益總額		128,476	98,205		
Total comprehensive income attributable to: – Equity holders of the Company – Non-controlling interests	應佔全面收益總額: 一本公司股權持有人 一非控股股東權益		128,483 (7)	99,239 (1,034)		
	N. Der De Chee, S. L. Her many		128,476	98,205		

The notes on pages 63 to 179 are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

載於第63至第179頁之附註為此等綜合財務報表 之組成部份。











CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET

綜合資產負債表

As at	31 De	cember
於十二	二月三	十一日

			於丁一月 2013	
		Notes	2013 HK\$′000 二零一三年	2012 HK\$'000 二零一二年
		附註	一 · 一 · 千港元	一 ~ 一 - 千港元
Non-current assets	非流動資產			
Property, plant and equipment	物業、廠房及設備	17	829,366	834,345
Prepaid land premium	土地租賃預付款	18	31,753	95,235
Investment properties	投資物業	19	83,004	65,341
Intangible assets	無形資產	21	1,877	4,864
Investments in joint ventures	於合營企業之投資	23	111,757	94,910
Investment in an associate	於聯營公司之投資	24	69,797	40,070
	成	24	09,797	40,070
Prepayments on purchases of property,			64.600	62 222
plant and equipment	之預付按金 可供出售投資	20	64,689	63,323
Available-for-sale investments		20	12,258	20,203
Other prepayments	其他預付款項	22	3,636	6,896
Deferred tax assets	遞延税項資產	33	10,281	13,847
Total non-current assets	非流動資產總值		1,218,418	1,239,034
Current assets	流動資產			
Inventories	存貨	25	416,501	409,134
Trade receivables	應收貿易賬款	26	396,305	400,583
Prepayments, deposits and other	預付款項、按金及其他			
receivables	應收款項		110,954	101,634
Loans to a joint venture	給予一間合營企業之			
•	貸款	23	104,076	99,545
Due from joint ventures	應收合營企業之款項	23	47,562	44,808
Due from an associate	應收聯營公司之款項	24	33,214	· _
Financial assets at fair value	以公允值計入收益表		·	
through profit or loss	之金融資產	27	55	56
Derivative financial instruments	衍生金融工具	28	_	167
Tax recoverable	可收回税項		8,438	1,577
Cash and cash equivalents	現金及現金等值物	29	433,363	625,400
			1,550,468	1,682,904
Assets classified as held-for-sale	分類為持作出售之		1,550,400	1,002,304
Assets classified as field-for-sale	資產	30	9,384	_
				4 502 004
Total current assets	流動資產總值 		1,559,852	1,682,904
Current liabilities	流動負債			
Trade and bills payables	應付貿易賬款及票據	31	184,876	187,799
Other payables and accrued liabilities	其他應付款項及			
	應計負債		77,237	85,878
Due to joint ventures	應付合營企業之款項	23	47,273	45,735
Derivative financial instruments	衍生金融工具	28	5,864	5,772
Tax payable	應付税項		4,628	8,527
Bank loans	銀行貸款	32	536,776	514,717
Dividends payable	應付股息		38	34
			856,692	848,462
Liabilities classified as held-for-sale	分類為持作出售之		350,052	5 10, 132
Elabilities classified as field for sale	負債	30	6	_
Total current liabilities			9E6 609	040 462
iotai current nabilities	//心 判 只 倶 総 旧		856,698 	848,462
Net current assets	流動資產淨值		703,154	834,442
Total assets less current liabilities	資產總值減流動負債		1,921,572	2,073,476
			.,,,,,,,,	











CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET 綜合資產負債表

equity holders of the Company

Non-controlling interests

Total equity

		As at 31 December 於十二月三十一日		
			2013	2012
		Notes	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
			二零一三年	二零一二年
		附註	千港元	千港元
Total assets less current liabilities	資產總值減流動負債		1,921,572	2,073,476
Non-current liabilities	非流動負債			
Bank loans	銀行貸款	32	337,022	536,166
Derivative financial instruments	衍生金融工具	28	10,931	24,924
Provision for long service payments	長期服務金撥備		1,029	1,448
Deferred tax liabilities	遞延税項負債	33	20,779	18,186
Deferred income	遞延收入	34	13,069	61,146
Total non-current liabilities	非流動負債總值		382,830	641,870
Net assets	資產淨值		1,538,742	1,431,606
Equity	權益			
Share capital	<u></u>	35	47,909	47,909
Reserves	諸備	37	1,476,236	1,366,815
Proposed final dividend	擬派末期股息	16	7,186	11,977
Equity attributable to	本公司股權持有人應佔			

權益

權益總值

非控股股東權益

Kee Chor Lin	Yeung Yuk Lun	紀楚蓮	楊毓麟
Director	Director	董事	董事

The notes on pages 63 to 179 are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

載於第63至第179頁之附註為此等綜合財務報表 之組成部份。

1,531,331

1,538,742

7,411

1,426,701

1,431,606

4,905











BALANCE SHEET 資產負債表

As	at	31	Ded	em	ber
A-C	1			1	_

		於十二月三十一日		
		Notes	2013 HK\$'000	2012 HK\$'000
			二零一三年	二零一二年
	<u> </u>	附註		千港元
Non-assument accepts	北次到次文			
Non-current assets Investments in subsidiaries	非流動資產 於附屬公司之投資	22	63,901	63,901
livestifierts in subsidiaries	於門屬 A 刊之 (X 具	22	05,901	05,901
Total non-current assets	非流動資產總值		63,901	63,901
Current assets	流動資產			
Due from subsidiaries	應收附屬公司之款項	22	636,966	607,908
Prepayments	預付款項	22	1,154	763
Tax recoverable	可收回税項		2,947	705
Cash and cash equivalents	現金及現金等值物	29	1,703	880
Total current assets	流動資產總值 		642,770	609,551
Current liabilities	流動負債			
Due to subsidiaries	應付附屬公司之款項	22	348,508	297,694
Other payables and accrued liabilities	其他應付款項及應計負債		17,808	12,439
Tax payable	應付税項		_	739
Dividends payable	應付股息		38	34
Total current liabilities	流動負債總值		366,354	310,906
	//u 3/ 54 15/ WS ID			
Net current assets	流動資產淨值		276,416	298,645
Total assets less current liabilities	資產總值減流動負債		340,317	362,546
Non compact lightilities				
Non-current liabilities Provision for long service payments	非流動負債 長期服務金撥備		42	263
From some for long service payments	以		42	203
Total non-current liabilities	非流動負債總值		42	263
Net assets	資產淨值		340,275	362,283
	lele XZ			
Equity	權益	25	48.000	47.000
Share capital	股本	35	47,909	47,909
Reserves	諸備 ************************************	37	285,180	302,397
Proposed final dividend	擬派末期股息	16	7,186	11,977
Total equity	權益總值		340,275	362,283

Kee Chor Lin	Yeung Yuk Lun	紀楚蓮	楊毓麟
Director	Director	董事	董事

The notes on pages 63 to 179 are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

載於第63至第179頁之附註為此等綜合財務報表 之組成部份。











CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

綜合權益變動表

Attributable to equity holders
of the Company
本公司股權持有人應佔

			本公司股權持有人應佔				
		Notes 附註	Share capital HK\$'000 股本 千港元	Reserves and proposed final dividend HK\$'000 儲備及擬息 干港元	Total HK\$'000 總計 千港元	Non- controlling interests HK\$'000 非控股 股東權益 千港元	Total equity HK\$'000 權益總值 千港元
Balance at 1 January 2012		113 P.E.	47,909	1,302,422	1,350,331	3,990	1,354,321
Profit for the year Other comprehensive income: Item that will not be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss	本年度溢利 其他全面收益: 其後在不會重新分類至 收益表之項目 一扣除税項後資產			79,875	79,875	(1,040)	78,835
 Assets revaluation surplus, net of tax Items that may be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss Change in fair value of an 	工机标机构板具座 重估盈餘 其後可重新分類至 收益表之項目 一一項可供出售投資	37	-	22,730	22,730	-	22,730
available-for-sale investment – Currency translation differences	公允值之變動 一匯兑差額	37 37	- -	264 (3,630)	264 (3,630)	– 6	264 (3,624)
Total comprehensive income for the year ended 31 December 2012	截至二零一二年 十二月三十一日止 年度之全面收益總額			99,239	99,239	(1,034)	98,205
Employee share option scheme - Value of employee services - Share options forfeited Acquisition of non-controlling interests Contribution by	僱員購股權計劃 一員工服務價值 一已沒收購股權 收購非控股股東權益 非控股股東權益注資		- - -	1,094 (165) 157	1,094 (165) 157	- (1,124)	1,094 (165) (967)
non-controlling interests 2011 final dividend and 2012 interim dividend	二零一一年末期股息及 二零一二年中期股息	37	-	(23,955)	(23,955)	3,073	3,073 (23,955)
				(22,869)	(22,869)	1,949	(20,920)
Balance at 31 December 2012	二零一二年 十二月三十一日之結餘		47,909	1,378,792	1,426,701	4,905	1,431,606
Balance at 1 January 2013	二零一三年一月一日 之結餘		47,909	1,378,792	1,426,701	4,905	1,431,606
Profit for the year Other comprehensive income: Item that will not be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss	本年度溢利 其他全面收益: 其後不會重新分類至 收益表之項目 一扣除税項後資產		-	61,021	61,021	(190)	60,831
 Assets revaluation surplus, net of tax Items that may be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss Change in fair value of 	一和陈枕垣恢复度 重估盈餘 其後可重新分類至 收益表之項目 一一項可供出售投資	37	-	7,238	7,238	-	7,238
available-for-sale investment – Currency translation differences	公允值之變動 一匯兑差額	37 37		335 59,889	335 59,889	_ 183	335 60,072
Total comprehensive income for the year ended 31 December 2013	截至二零一三年 十二月三十一日止 年度之全面收益總額		-	128,483	128,483	(7)	128,476
Employee share option scheme – Share options forfeited Contribution by	僱員購股權計劃 一已沒收購股權 非控股股東權益注資		_	(2,294)	(2,294)	-	(2,294)
non-controlling interests 2012 final dividend and 2013 interim dividend	二零一二年末期股息及 二零一三年中期股息	37	-	– (21,559)	– (21,559)	2,513	2,513 (21,559)
2010 Internal dividend	— ∢ — I I ⅓IIIX./⊠	51	_	(23,853)	(23,853)	2,513	(21,340)
Balance at 31 December 2013	二零一三年 十二月三十一日之結餘		47,909	1,483,422	1,531,331	7,411	1,538,742

The notes on pages 63 to 179 are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

載於第63至第179頁之附註為此等綜合財務報表 之組成部份。











CONSOLIDATED CASH FLOW STATEMENT

綜合現金流量表

		Year ended 31 December 截至十二月三十一日止年度		
		Notes	2013 HK\$'000 二零一三年	2012 HK\$'000 二零一二年
		附註	千港元	千港元
Cash flows from operating activities	經營業務之現金流量			
Profit before tax Adjustments for:	除税前溢利經調整:		80,269	98,933
Finance costs	財務支出	9	28,068	27,615
Fair value gain on	投資物業之公允值收益		(4	(2.222)
investment properties	/	6	(17,613)	(3,929)
Share of results of joint ventures	應佔合營企業之業績		(11,806)	(5,573)
Share of results of an associate	應佔聯營公司之業績	4.0	(6,569)	318
Finance income	財務收入	10	(8,541)	(12,208)
Gain on disposal of property,	出售物業、廠房及	_	(2.20)	(77)
plant and equipment	設備收益	7	(238)	(77)
Gain on disposal of	出售土地租賃	6	(4.045)	
prepaid land premium	預付款收益	6	(1,946)	_
Depreciation of property,	物業、廠房及設備折舊	7	00.003	06.070
plant and equipment	工业和佳药什勒撒邻	7	98,803	96,878
Amortisation of prepaid land premium	土地租賃預付款攤銷 無形資產攤銷	7 7	2,096 980	2,129 872
Amortisation of intangible assets	授予董事及僱員之	/	980	8/2
Share options granted to directors and employees	我 了	7		1.004
	已沒收之購股權	7	(2.204)	1,094 (165)
Share options forfeited	近	7	(2,294)	
Deferred income recognised as income Impairment loss on an		/	(1,384)	(1,414)
available-for-sale investment	減值虧損	6	8,570	5,989
Fair value loss/(gain) on financial assets	以公允值計入收益表之	U	8,370	5,969
at fair value through profit or loss	金融資產之公允值			
at fair value through profit or loss	虧損/(收益)	7	1	(6)
Unrealised fair value (gain)/loss on	衍生金融工具之未變現	,	•	(0)
derivative financial instruments	公允值(收益)/虧損		(13,733)	1,980
derivative infaricial instruments	乙儿匠(八皿//周京		(13,733)	1,500
			154,663	212,436
Decrease in inventories	存貨減少		6,733	48,029
Decrease in trade receivables	應收貿易賬款減少		9,652	30,786
Increase in prepayments,	預付款項、按金及其他應收			,
deposits and other receivables	款項增加		(5,987)	(21,433)
Decrease/(increase) in other prepayments	其他預付款項減少/			
	(增加)		3,250	(5,293)
Increase in amounts due from joint ventures	應收合營企業款項增加		(3,233)	(8,055)
Increase in amount due from an associate	應收聯營公司之款項增加		(33,214)	_
Increase in amounts due to joint ventures	應付合營企業款項增加		1,538	24,399
Decrease in trade and bills payables	應付貿易賬款及票據減少		(6,820)	(45,961)
Decrease in other payables and	其他應付款項及			
accrued liabilities	應計負債減少		(9,047)	(6,210)
Decrease in provision for	長期服務金撥備減少			
long service payments			(419)	(447)
	/- July 66 / P TD A		·	
Cash generated from operations	經營所得現金		117,116	228,251











CONSOLIDATED **CASH FLOW STATEMENT**

綜合現金流量表

Cash generated from operations

Hong Kong profits tax paid, net

PRC and overseas taxes paid, net

Net cash inflow from operating activities

Cash flows from investing activities

Prepayments on purchases of property,

Purchases of an investment property

Proceeds from disposal of property,

Additional investment in an associate

Net cash outflow from investing activities

Cash flows from financing activities

Investment by non-controlling interests

Purchases of property, plant and equipment 購買物業、廠房及設備

plant and equipment

Purchases of intangible assets

plant and equipment

Proceeds from disposal of

Dividends received

New bank loans

Repayment of bank loans

prepaid land premium

Advances to joint ventures

Interest received

Interest paid

		Year ended 31 December 截至十二月三十一日止年度		
	2013 2012			
Notes	HK\$'000	HK\$'000		
. 10 (65	二零一三年	二零一二年		
附註	- · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
經營所得現金	117,116	228,251		
已收利息	8,541	12,208		
已付利息	(28,068)	(27,615)		
已付香港利得税淨額	(18,374)	(19,846)		
已付中國及海外税項淨額	(7,746)	(15,956)		
經營業務之現金流入淨額	71,469	177,042		
投資活動之現金流量				
購買物業、廠房及				
設備之預付款項	(20,993)	(48,127)		
購買物業、廠房及設備	(39,825)	(81,373)		
購買投資物業	_	(54,245)		
購買無形資產	(433)	(1,236)		
出售物業、廠房及				
設備所得款項	1,133	844		
出售土地租賃				
預付款所得款項	16,356	_		
已收股息	_	4,758		
給予合營企業之貸款	(2,280)	(6,558)		
於聯營公司之額外投資	(24,930)	_		
投資活動之現金流出淨額	(70,972)	(185,937)		

333,572

(511,896)

2,513

Acquisition from non-controlling interests	向非控股股東權益收購	_	(967)
Dividends paid	已付股息	(21,555)	(23,949)
Net cash outflow from financing activities	融資活動之現金流出淨額	(197,366)	(44,038)

融資活動之現金流量 新增銀行貸款

非控股股東權益投資

償還銀行貸款

647,662

(669,857)

3,073











CONSOLIDATED **CASH FLOW STATEMENT**

綜合現金流量表

				Year ended 31 December 至十二月三十一日止年度 2013 2012		
		Notes	2013 HK\$'000 二零一三年	2012 HK\$'000 二零一二年		
		附註	千港元	— · — · — · 千港元		
Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents	現金及現金等值物之		(404.050)	(52,022)		
Effect of foreign exchange rate	減少淨額 外幣匯率變動之影響淨額		(196,869)	(52,933)		
changes, net Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year	年初之現金及現金等值物		11,615 625,400	(1,940) 680,273		
at beginning of year			023,400	080,273		
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year	年末之現金及現金等值物		440,146	625,400		
An analysis of the cash and cash equivalents of the Group is as follows:	本集團現金及 現金等值物分析如下:					
Included in cash and cash equivalents	計入綜合資產負債表內					
in the consolidated balance sheet Included in assets classified as	之現金及現金等值物 計入分類為持作	29	433,363	625,400		
held-for-sale	出售之資產	30	6,783			
Cash and cash equivalents	年末之現金及現金等值物		440.455	625 400		
at end of year			440,146	625,400		

The notes on pages 63 to 179 are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

載於第63至第179頁之附註為此等綜合財務報表 之組成部份。











綜合財務報表附註

1 GENERAL INFORMATION

The principal activities of Man Yue Technology Holdings Limited (the "Company") and its subsidiaries (together, the "Group") are the manufacturing and the trading of electronic components and raw materials.

The Company is a limited liability company incorporated in Bermuda. The address of its registered office is Clarendon House, 2 Church Street, Hamilton HM11, Bermuda.

The Company has its primary listing on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Stock Exchange").

These consolidated financial statements are presented in Hong Kong dollars, unless otherwise stated. These consolidated financial statements have been approved for issue by the board of directors (the "Board") on 14 March 2014.

2 BASIS OF PREPARATION

These consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards ("HKFRSs") (which include all Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards, Hong Kong Accounting Standards ("HKASs") and Interpretations) issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants (the "HKICPA"). They have been prepared under the historical cost convention, except for land and buildings, investment properties, derivative financial instruments, financial assets and financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss and available-for-sale investments, which have been measured at fair value.

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with HKFRS requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires management to exercise its judgement in the process of applying the Group's accounting policies. The areas involving a higher degree of judgement or complexity, or areas where assumptions and estimates are significant to the consolidated financial statements are disclosed in Note 4.

Prior year comparative figure

Realised losses on fair value of derivative financial instruments in prior year amounting to HK\$5,546,000 were reclassified from "Other losses, net" to "Changes in fair values of derivative financial instruments" in the consolidated income statement in order to reflect the nature and characteristic of the transactions.

1 一般資料

萬裕科技集團有限公司(「本公司」)及其 附屬公司(統稱「本集團」)之主要業務為 製造及買賣電子元件及原材料。

本公司為一間於百慕達註冊成立之有限公司·其註冊辦事處地址為Clarendon House, 2 Church Street, Hamilton HM11, Bermuda。

本公司以香港聯合交易所有限公司(「聯 交所」)作主要上市地。

除另有指明外,此等綜合財務報表以港元 呈列。此等綜合財務報表於二零一四年 三月十四日獲董事會(「董事會」)批准刊 發。

2 編製基準

此等綜合財務報表乃按照香港會計師公會 (「香港會計師公會」)頒佈之香港財務報 告準則(「香港財務報告準則」,包括所有 香港財務報告準則、香港會計準則(「香 港會計準則」)及詮釋)而編製。除以公允 值計量之土地及樓宇、投資物業、衍生金 融工具、以公允值計入收益表之金融資產 及金融負債以及可供出售投資外,此等綜 合財務報表乃根據歷史成本法編製。

編製符合香港財務報告準則之財務報表需要運用若干重大會計估計,亦需要管理層於應用本集團之會計政策時作出判斷。涉及高度判斷或複雜性,或所涉假設及估計對綜合財務報表而言屬重要之範疇披露於附註4。

過往年度比較數字

於綜合收益表中,往年之衍生金融工具公允值已變現虧損5,546,000港元已由「其他虧損淨額」重新分類為「衍生金融工具公允值之變動」,以反映該等交易之性質及特性。











綜合財務報表附註

2 BASIS OF PREPARATION (CONTINUED)

- (a) The following new or amended standards have been adopted by the Group for the first time for the financial year beginning on or after 1 January 2013:
 - Amendment to HKAS 1, 'Financial Statements Presentation', regarding other comprehensive income. The main change resulting from this amendment is a requirement for entities to group items presented in 'other comprehensive income' on the basis of whether they are potentially reclassifiable to profit or loss subsequently. The impact of the adoption of this amendment is shown in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income.
 - HKFRS 10, 'Consolidated Financial Statements'. Under HKFRS 10, subsidiaries are all entities (including structured entities) over which the Group has control. The Group controls an entity when the Group has power over an entity, is exposed to, or has rights to, variable returns from its involvement with the entity and has the ability to affect these returns through its power over the entity. Subsidiaries are fully consolidated from the date on which control is transferred to the Group. They are deconsolidated from the date that control ceases.

The adoption of HKFRS 10 had no impact to the Group's results and financial position.

2 編製基準(續)

- (a) 本集團已於由二零一三年一月一 日或之後開始之財政年度首次採 納下列新訂或經修訂之準則:
 - 香港會計準則第1號「財務 報表呈報」之修訂本有關 其他全面收益。該修訂本 之主要變動為要求實體將 呈列於「其他全面收益」之 項目按該等項目其後會 有可能重新分類至收益 之基準分組。採納該修 本之影響列於綜合全面收 益表。
 - 香港財務報告準則第10號 「綜合財務報表」。根據 港財務報告準則第10號, 附屬公司指由本集團第個空 體)。當本集團有權控 一家實體、面及該實體之權, 可報,並有能對實體之權力影響有關 實體之權力影響有關實體之權力影響有關 實體之權力影響有關實體。 附屬公司從控制權轉至 本集團日期起全面綜合則 為止。

採納香港財務報告準則第 10號對本集團業績及財務 狀況並無影響。











綜合財務報表附註

2 BASIS OF PREPARATION (CONTINUED)

- (a) (Continued)
 - HKFRS 11, 'Joint Arrangements', focuses on the rights and obligations of the parties to the arrangement rather than its legal form. The Group has applied HKFRS 11 to all joint arrangements as of 1 January 2012. Under HKFRS 11, investments in joint arrangements are classified as either joint operations or joint ventures depending on the contractual rights and obligations each investor has rather than the legal structure of the joint arrangement. The Group has assessed the nature of its joint arrangements and determined them to be joint ventures.

HKAS 28 (2011), 'Investments in Associates and Joint Ventures', includes the requirements for joint ventures and associates to be equity accounted following the issue of HKFRS 11, which is consistent with the Group's existing policy.

• HKFRS 12, 'Disclosure of Interests in Other Entities'. The new standard includes the disclosure requirements for all forms of interests in other entities, including joint arrangements, associates, special purpose vehicles and other off balance sheet vehicles. The Group has included the required disclosure for joint ventures (see Note 23) and an associate (see Note 24) in these consolidated financial statements.

2 編製基準(續)

- (a) (續)
 - 香港財務報告準則第11號 「聯合安排」着重於該安 排訂約各方之權利及責任 (而非其法定形式)。本集 團已於二零一二年一月一 日就所有聯合安排應用香 港財務報告準則第11號。 根據香港財務報告準則第 11號,於聯合安排之投資 視乎各投資者之合約權利 及責任(而非聯合安排之 法定架構)而分類為合營業 務或合營企業。本集團已 評估其聯合安排之性質, 並將其聯合安排界定為合 營企業。

香港會計準則第28號(二零一一年)「於聯營公司及合營企業之投資」包括要求合營企業及聯營公司於頒佈香港財務報告準則第11號後以權益法入賬之規定,與本集團現行政策貫徹一致。

• 香港財務報告準則第12 號「於其他實體之權益披露」。該新訂準則包括於聯 合安排、聯營公司、特殊目 的實體及其他資產負債表 外公司等其他實體各種形 式之權益之披露規定。本 集團已於此等綜合財務報 表載列就合營企業(見附 註23)及聯營公司(見附註 24)規定之披露資料。











綜合財務報表附註

2 BASIS OF PREPARATION (CONTINUED)

(a) (Continued)

 HKFRS 13, 'Fair Value Measurement', aims to improve consistency and reduce complexity by providing a precise definition of fair value and a single source of fair value measurement and disclosure requirements for use across HKFRSs. The Group has included the disclosure for financial assets (see Note 43) and nonfinancial assets (see Notes 17 and 19) in these consolidated financial statements.

The following new or amended standards and interpretations are also mandatory for the first time for the financial year beginning 1 January 2013 but either have no significant impact to the Group's results and financial position or are not currently relevant to the Group:

HKAS 19 (2011) Employee Benefits

HKAS 27 (2011) Separate Financial Statements

HKFRS 1 (Amendment) First-time Adoption of Hong Kong Financial
Reporting Standards – Government Loans

HKFRS 7 (Amendment) Disclosures – Offsetting Financial Assets and

Financial Liabilities

HKFRS 10, HKFRS 11 Consolidated Financial Statements, Joint and HKFRS 12 Arrangements and Disclosure of Interests in (Amendment) Other Entities: Transition Guidance

HK (IFRIC) – Int 20 Stripping Costs in the Production Phase of a

Surface Mine

Annual Improvements Annual Improvements 2009-2011 Cycle

Project

2 編製基準(續)

(a) (續)

• 香港財務報告準則第13號 「公允值計量」旨在透過提 供公允值之確切釋義及公 允值計量之單一來源及於 各香港財務報告準則使用 之披露規定,提升一致性 及減低複雜程度。報表 已於此等綜合財務報告 可有關金融資產(見附註 43)及非金融資產(見附註 17及19)之披露資料。

下列新訂或經修訂之準則及詮釋亦於由二零一三年一月一日開始之財政年度首次強制生效,惟對本集團之業績及財務狀況並無重大影響或現時與本集團無關:

香港會計準則 僱員福利

第19號

(二零一一年)

香港會計準則 獨立財務報表

第27號

(二零一一年)

香港財務報告準則 首次採納香港財務報告 第1號(修訂本) 準則一政府貸款

香港財務報告準則 披露一抵銷金融資產及

第7號(修訂本) 金融負債

香港財務報告準則 綜合財務報表、聯合

第10號、香港 安排及於其他實體之

財務報告準則 權益披露:過渡指引

第11號及香港 財務報告準則 第12號(修訂

本)

香港(國際財務 露天礦生產階段之剝採

報告詮釋 成本 委員會)

- 詮釋第20號

年度改進項目 二零零九年至二零一一年

週期之年度改進











綜合財務報表附註

2 BASIS OF PREPARATION (CONTINUED)

(b) The following new or amended standards and interpretations have been issued but are not yet effective for the financial year beginning 1 January 2013 and have not been early adopted:

HKAS 32 (Amendment) Offsetting Financial Assets and Financial

Liabilities¹

HKAS 36 (Amendment) Recoverable Amount Disclosures for

Non-Financial Assets¹

HKAS 39 (Amendment) Novation of Derivatives and Continuation

of Hedge Accounting¹

HKFRS 9 Financial Instruments²

HKFRS 10, HKFRS 12 Consolidation for Investment Entities¹

and HKAS 27 (2011) (Amendment)

HK(IFRIC) – Int 21 Levies¹

- Changes effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2014
- Changes effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2015

The Group anticipates that the application of the above new or amended standards and interpretations have no material impact on the results and the financial position of the Group.

2 編製基準(續)

(b) 下列新訂或經修訂之準則及詮釋 為已頒佈但於由二零一三年一月 一日開始之財政年度尚未生效, 且並無提早採納:

香港會計準則第32號

抵銷金融資產及 金融負債/

(修訂本) 香港會計準則第36號

(修訂本)

非金融資產之

可收回金額

披露1

香港會計準則第39號

衍生工具更替及

(修訂本)

對沖會計法之 延續¹

香港財務報告

金融工具2

準則第9號

香港財務報告 準則第10號、 投資實體綜合 入賬¹

徴税1

香港財務報告 準則第12號及 香港會計準則第27號

(二零一一年)(修訂本)

香港(國際財務報告 詮釋委員會)

一詮釋第21號

' 修訂於二零一四年一月一日或 之後開始之年度期間生效

2 修訂於二零一五年一月一日或 之後開始之年度期間生效

本集團預期應用上述新訂或經修 訂準則及詮釋對本集團業績及財 務狀況並無重大影響。











綜合財務報表附註

3 **SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES**

(a) **Subsidiaries**

(i) Consolidation

A subsidiary is an entity (including a structured entity) over which the Group has control. The Group controls an entity when the Group is exposed to, or has rights to, variable returns from its involvement with the entity and has the ability to affect those returns through its power over the entity. Subsidiaries are consolidated from the date on which control is transferred to the Group. They are deconsolidated from the date that control ceases.

(a) **Business combinations**

The Group applies the acquisition method to account for business combinations. The consideration transferred for the acquisition of a subsidiary is the fair values of the assets transferred, the liabilities incurred to the former owners of the acquiree and the equity interests issued by the Group. The consideration transferred includes the fair value of any asset or liability resulting from a contingent consideration arrangement. Identifiable assets acquired and liabilities and contingent liabilities assumed in a business combination are measured initially at their fair values at the acquisition date. The Group recognises any non-controlling interest in the acquiree on an acquisition-by-acquisition basis, either at fair value or at the noncontrolling interest's proportionate share of the recognised amounts of acquiree's identifiable net assets.

主要會計政策概要 3

(a) 附屬公司

(i) 綜合賬目

附屬公司指本集團擁有控 制權之實體(包括結構性 實體)。本集團於面對或享 有參與某一實體之可變回 報,並擁有透過對實體之 控制權影響該等回報之能 力時,控制該實體。附屬公 司在本集團取得控制權日 期起綜合入賬,而由該控 制權終止日期起撤銷綜合 入賬。

(a) 業務合併

本集團應用購買法 入賬處理業務合 併。收購附屬公司 所轉移之代價,為 所轉讓資產、對被 收購方之前擁有人 所產生之負債及本 集團所發行股本權 益之公允值。所轉 移代價包括或然代 價安排所產生之任 何資產或負債之公 允值。於業務合併 中所收購之可識別 資產及所承擔之負 債及或然負債按收 購日期之公允值首 次計量。本集團按 個別收購基準,以 公允值或非控股股 東權益於被收購方 可識別淨資產已確 認金額所佔比例, 確認於被收購方之 任何非控股股東權 益。











綜合財務報表附註

3 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

- (a) Subsidiaries (Continued)
 - (i) Consolidation (Continued)
 - (a) Business combinations (Continued)

 Acquisition-related costs are expensed as incurred.

If the business combination is achieved in stages, the acquisition date carrying value of the acquirer's previously held equity interest in the acquiree is remeasured to fair value at the acquisition date; any gains or losses arising from such remeasurement are recognised in profit or loss.

Any contingent consideration to be transferred by the Group is recognised at fair value at the acquisition date. Subsequent changes to the fair value of the contingent consideration that is deemed to be an asset or liability is recognised in accordance with HKAS 39 either in profit or loss or as a change to other comprehensive income. Contingent consideration that is classified as equity is not remeasured, and its subsequent settlement is accounted for within equity.

3 主要會計政策概要(續)

- (a) 附屬公司(續)
 - (i) 綜合賬目(續)
 - (a) 業務合併(續) 所有收購相關成本 於產生時支銷。

任轉乃允資代動準表其動或計算的方位資代動準表其動或計算的方值產價水則確他分代,權力人,在對於確益權被多人,權力人,權之其之。與一次,權,不其內人,權,公為然變計益為變之新結。











綜合財務報表附註

3 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

- (a) Subsidiaries (Continued)
 - (i) Consolidation (Continued)
 - (a) Business combinations (Continued) The excess of the consideration transferred, the amount of any noncontrolling interest in the acquiree and the acquisition-date fair value of any previous equity interest in the acquiree over the fair value of the identifiable net assets acquired is recorded as goodwill. If the total of consideration transferred, non-controlling interest recognised and previously held interest measured is less than the fair value of the net assets of the subsidiary acquired in the case of a bargain purchase, the difference is recognised directly in the income statement (Note 3(d)).

Intra-group transactions, balances and unrealised gains on transactions between group companies are eliminated. Unrealised losses are also eliminated. When necessary, amounts reported by subsidiaries have been adjusted to conform with the Group's accounting policies.

3 主要會計政策概要(續)

(a) 附屬公司(續)

(i)

- 綜合賬目(續)
 - (a) 業務合併(續) 所轉移代價、被收 購方非控股股東權 益金額與過往於被 收購方持有之股本 權益於收購日期之 公允值總和超出 所收購可識別資 產淨額公允值之差 額列為商譽。倘於 折價收購中所轉移 總代價、已確認非 控股股東權益與過 往持有之權益經計 量後少於所收購附 屬公司淨資產公允 值,則差額直接於 收益表確認(附註 3(d)) 。











綜合財務報表附註

3 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

- (a) Subsidiaries (Continued)
 - (i) Consolidation (Continued)
 - (b) Changes in ownership interests in subsidiaries without change of control

Transactions with non-controlling interests that do not result in loss of control are accounted for as equity transactions – that is, as transactions with the owners of the subsidiary in their capacity as owners of the subsidiary. The difference between fair value of any consideration paid and the relevant share acquired of the carrying amount of net assets of the subsidiary is recorded in equity. Gains or losses on disposals to non-controlling interests are also recorded in equity.

(c) Disposal of subsidiaries

When the Group ceases to have control, any retained interest in the entity is remeasured to its fair value at the date when control is lost, with the change in carrying amount recognised in profit or loss. The fair value is the initial carrying amount for the purposes of subsequently accounting for the retained interest as an associate, joint venture or financial asset. In addition, any amounts previously recognised in other comprehensive income in respect of that entity are accounted for as if the Group had directly disposed of the related assets or liabilities. This may mean that amounts previously recognised in other comprehensive income are reclassified to profit or loss.

3 主要會計政策概要(續)

- (a) 附屬公司(續)
 - (i) 綜合賬目(續)
 - (b) 控制權不變之附屬 公司所有權權益 變動 與非控股股東權益 進行不致失去控 制權之交易入賬處 理為權益交易一即 與該附屬公司擁有 人以其作為該附屬 公司擁有人之身份 進行之交易。任何 已付代價之公允值 與所取得附屬公司 淨資產賬面金額中 之有關份額間之 差額,於權益內入 賬。向非控股股東 權益進行之出售所 產生之收益或虧損

亦於權益入賬。

出售附屬公司 (c) 倘本集團不再擁有 控制權,則其於該 實體之任何保留權 益按失去控制權當 日之公允值重新計 算,而賬面金額變 動則於收益表中確 認。就其後入賬列 作聯營公司、合營 企業或金融資產之 保留權益而言,公 允值指初始賬面金 額。此外,先前於 其他全面收益內確 認與該實體有關之 任何金額按猶如本 集團已直接出售有 關資產或負債之方 式入賬。這可能意 味著先前在其他全 面收益內確認之金 額重新分類至收益 表。











綜合財務報表附註

3 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

(a) Subsidiaries (Continued)

(ii) Separate financial statements

Investments in subsidiaries are accounted for at cost less impairment. Cost includes direct attributable costs of investment. The results of subsidiaries are accounted for by the Company on the basis of dividend received and receivable.

Impairment testing of the investments in subsidiaries is required upon receiving dividends from these investments if the dividend exceeds the total comprehensive income of the subsidiary in the period the dividend is declared or if the carrying amount of the investment in the separate financial statements exceeds the carrying amount in the consolidated financial statements of the investee's net assets including goodwill.

3 主要會計政策概要(續)

(a) 附屬公司(續)

(ii) 獨立財務報表

於附屬公司之投資按成本 扣除減值列賬。成本包括 投資之直接應佔成本。附屬公司之業績由本公司按 已收及應收股息作基準入 賬。

倘從於附屬公司之投資收取股息,而該股息超過期高之全面收益總額,或之至面收益總額,或表方資於獨立財務報投資於獨立財務報投資於獨立財務報投資。 與資產(包括商譽)於與面金額,則須於收取股息時對該項投資進行減值測試。











綜合財務報表附註

3 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

(b) Joint ventures

Joint ventures are accounted for using the equity method.

Under the equity method of accounting, interests in joint ventures are initially recognised at cost and adjusted thereafter to recognise the Group's share of the post-acquisition profits or losses and movements in other comprehensive income. When the Group's share of losses in a joint venture equals or exceeds its interests in the joint ventures (which includes any long-term interests that, in substance, form part of the Group's net investment in the joint ventures), the Group does not recognise further losses, unless it has incurred obligations or made payments on behalf of the joint ventures.

Unrealised gains on transactions between the Group and its joint ventures are eliminated to the extent of the Group's interest in the joint ventures. Unrealised losses are also eliminated unless the transaction provides evidence of an impairment of the asset transferred. Accounting policies of the joint ventures have been changed where necessary to ensure consistency with the policies adopted by the Group.

3 主要會計政策概要(續)

(b) 合營企業

合營企業利用權益法入賬。

根據權益會計法,於合營企業之權益首次按成本確認,而其後作調整以確認本集團應佔收購日期後之損益及其他全面收益變動。倘本集團應佔合營企業之虧損等於該合營企業之權益(包括任實質上構成本集團於合營企業之投資淨額之長期權益),則已產生更好須確認額外虧損,惟其已產生團毋須確認額外虧損,惟其已產生項除外。

本集團與其合營企業間之交易產生之未變現收益以本集團於該合營企業之權益為限予以對銷。除非交易能證明所轉讓資產出現減值,否則未變現虧損亦予以對銷。合營企業之會計政策已按需要作出修訂,以確保與本集團所採納之政策符合一致。











綜合財務報表附註

3 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

(c) Associate

Associate is an entity over which the Group has significant influence but not control, generally accompanying a shareholding of between 20% and 50% of the voting rights. Investment in an associate is accounted for using the equity method of accounting. Under the equity method, the investment is initially recognised at cost, and the carrying amount is increased or decreased to recognise the investor's share of the profit or loss of the investee after the date of acquisition. The Group's investment in an associate includes goodwill identified on acquisition.

If the ownership interest in an associate is reduced but significant influence is retained, only a proportionate share of the amounts previously recognised in other comprehensive income is reclassified to profit or loss where appropriate.

The Group's share of post-acquisition profit or loss is recognised in the consolidated income statement, and its share of post-acquisition movements in other comprehensive income is recognised in other comprehensive income with a corresponding adjustment to the carrying amount of the investment. When the Group's share of losses in an associate equals or exceeds its interest in the associate, including any other unsecured receivables, the Group does not recognise further losses, unless it has incurred legal or constructive obligations or made payments on behalf of the associate.

3 主要會計政策概要(續)

(c) 聯營公司

聯營公司為本集團擁有重大影響力但並無控制權之實體,一般伴隨20%至50%投票權之股權。於聯營公司之投資採用權益會計法入賬。根據權益法,投資首次按成本確認,而賬面金額作調升或調減以確認投資者應佔收購日期後被投資方之損益。本集團於聯營公司之投資包括於收購時識別之商譽。

倘於聯營公司之所有權權益減少,而重大影響力獲保留,則僅有一定比例先前於其他全面收益內確認之金額重新分類至收益表(如適用)。

本集團應佔之收購後損益於綜合 收益表內確認,而其於其他全面收 益內之應佔收購後變動於其他全 面收益確認,並對投資之賬面金額 作出相應調整。倘本集團應佔聯營 公司之虧損等於或超出其於該無 營公司之權益,包括任何其他無認 押應收款項,則本集團毋須確認額 外虧損,惟其已產生法律或推定 任或代表該聯營公司支付款項除 外。











綜合財務報表附註

3 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

(c) Associate (Continued)

The Group determines at each reporting date whether there is any objective evidence that the investment in the associate is impaired. If this is the case, the Group calculates the amount of impairment as the difference between the recoverable amount of the associate and its carrying value and recognises the amount adjacent to "share of results of an associate" in the consolidated income statement.

Profits and losses resulting from upstream and downstream transactions between the Group and its associate are recognised in the Group's financial statements only to the extent of unrelated investor's interests in the associates. Unrealised losses are eliminated unless the transaction provides evidence of an impairment of the asset transferred. Accounting policies of associate have been changed where necessary to ensure consistency with the policies adopted by the Group.

Gains or losses on dilution of equity interest in an associate are recognised in the consolidated income statement.

(d) Goodwill

Goodwill arises on the acquisition of subsidiaries, joint ventures and associate represents the excess of the consideration transferred over the Group's interest in the net fair value of the net identifiable assets, liabilities and contingent liabilities of the acquiree and the fair value of the non-controlling interest in the acquiree.

3 主要會計政策概要(續)

(c) 聯營公司(續)

本集團於各報告日期釐定是否有任何客觀證據顯示於聯營公司之 投資出現減值:如有,則本集團計 算減值金額,即聯營公司可收回金 額與其賬面值間之差額,並於綜合 收益表內之「應佔聯營公司之業 績」確認該金額。

本集團與其聯營公司間之上游及 下游交易產生之溢利及虧損於本 集團之財務報表內確認,惟僅以非 關連之投資者於聯營公司之權益 為限。除非交易能證明所轉讓資產 出現減值,否則未變現虧損予以抵 銷。聯營公司之會計政策已按需要 作出修訂,以確保與本集團所採納 之政策符合一致。

於聯營公司之股本權益攤薄時產 生之收益或虧損於綜合收益表內 確認。

(d) 商譽

來自收購附屬公司、合營企業及聯營公司之商譽,乃指所轉移代價超出本集團於被收購方可識別資產、負債及或然負債淨額之公允值淨額所佔權益及於被收購方之非控股股東權益之公允值之差額。











綜合財務報表附註

3 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

(d) Goodwill (Continued)

For the purpose of impairment testing, goodwill acquired in a business combination is allocated to each of the cash-generating units ("CGUs"), or groups of CGUs, that is expected to benefit from the synergies of the combination. Each unit or group of units to which the goodwill is allocated represents the lowest level within the entity at which the goodwill is monitored for internal management purposes. Goodwill is monitored at the operating segment level.

Goodwill impairment reviews are undertaken annually or more frequently if events or changes in circumstances indicate a potential impairment. The carrying value of goodwill is compared to the recoverable amount, which is the higher of value in use and the fair value less costs of disposal. Any impairment is recognised immediately as an expense and is not subsequently reversed.

(e) Impairment of non-financial assets

Assets that have an indefinite useful life are not subject to amortisation and are tested annually for impairment. Assets that are subject to amortisation are reviewed for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount may not be recoverable. An impairment loss is recognised for the amount by which the asset's carrying amount exceeds its recoverable amount. The recoverable amount is the higher of an asset's fair value less costs to sell and value in use. For the purposes of assessing impairment, assets are grouped at the lowest levels for which there are separately identifiable cash flows (cash-generating units). Non-financial assets other than goodwill that suffered an impairment are reviewed for possible reversal of the impairment at each reporting date.

3 主要會計政策概要(續)

(d) 商譽(續)

就減值測試而言,業務合併所取得 之商譽分配給預期可從合併之協 同效應中獲益之各現金產生單位 (「現金產生單位」)或現金產生單 位組別。獲分配商譽之各單位或單 位組別,乃指該實體就內部管理目 的而監察商譽之最低層面。商譽按 經營分部層面監察。

商譽減值檢討每年進行,或倘發 生顯示潛在減值之事件或事態變 化,則更頻密地進行。商譽之賬面 值與可收回金額作對比,而可收回 金額為使用價值與扣除出售成本 後之公允值間之較高者。任何減值 均即時確認為開支,且於其後不予 撥回。

(e) 非金融資產減值











綜合財務報表附註

3 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

(f) Non-current assets held-for-sale

Non-current assets are classified as held-for-sale when their carrying amount is to be recovered principally through a sale transaction and a sale is considered highly probable. The non-current assets are stated at the lower of carrying amount and fair value less costs to sell. Deferred tax assets, assets arising from employee benefits, financial assets (other than investments in subsidiaries and associates) and investment properties, even if held-for-sale, would continue to be measured in accordance with the policies set out elsewhere in Note 3.

(g) Property, plant and equipment

Leasehold land classified as finance lease and buildings, comprise mainly factories and offices, are stated at revalued amount. Valuations are performed frequently enough to ensure that the fair value of a revalued asset does not differ materially from its carrying amount. Changes in the values of property, plant and equipment are dealt with as movements in the asset revaluation reserve. If the total of this reserve is insufficient to cover a deficit, on an individual asset basis, the excess of the deficit is charged to the consolidated income statement. Any subsequent revaluation surplus is credited to the consolidated income statement to the extent of the deficit previously charged. An annual transfer from the asset revaluation reserve to retained profits is made for the difference between the depreciation based on the revalued carrying amount of an asset and the depreciation based on the asset's original cost. On disposal of a revalued asset, the relevant portion of the asset revaluation reserve realised in respect of previous valuations is transferred to retained profits as a movement in reserves.

3 主要會計政策概要(續)

(f) 持作出售之非流動資產

非流動資產於賬面金額將主要透 過銷售交易收回,且銷售被視為很 可能實現時,分類為持作出售。非 流動資產按賬面金額與公允值減 出售成本之較低者列賬。遞延税項 資產、員工福利所產生之資產、金 融資產(於附屬公司及聯營公司之 投資除外)及投資物業即使持作出 售,亦會繼續按照附註3其他部份 所載政策計量。

(g) 物業、廠房及設備

租賃土地分類為融資租約及樓 宇,主要包括工廠及辦公室,乃按 重估金額列賬。進行估值之頻率必 須可確保重估資產之公允值不會 與其賬面金額有重大差距。物業、 廠房及設備之價值變動視作資產 重估儲備變動。倘該儲備總額不足 以彌補個別資產之重估減值,則不 足部份將計入綜合收益表,而其 後任何重估盈餘將計入綜合收益 表,惟以先前扣除之虧損為限。本 集團每年會對按一項資產之重估 賬面金額計量之折舊與按該資產 之原始成本計量之折舊兩者之差 額,自資產重估儲備轉撥至保留溢 利。出售重估資產時,已變現資產 重估儲備有關過往估值之部份將 撥入保留溢利作為儲備變動。











綜合財務報表附註

3 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

(g) Property, plant and equipment (Continued)

All other property, plant and equipment, other than construction in progress, is stated at historical cost less depreciation. Historical cost includes expenditure that is directly attributable to the acquisition of the items.

Subsequent costs are included in the asset's carrying amount or recognised as a separate asset, as appropriate, only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Group and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. The carrying amount of the replaced part is derecognised. All other repairs and maintenance are charged to the consolidated income statement during the financial period in which they are incurred.

Leasehold land classified as finance lease commences amortisation from the time when the land interest becomes available for its intended use. Amortisation of leasehold land classified as finance lease and depreciation of other assets is calculated using the straight-line method to allocate their cost or revalued amounts to their residual values, where appropriate, over their estimated useful lives, as follows:

Leasehold land classified	Over the lease terms
as finance lease	
Buildings	2%
Machinery and equipment	9% – 20%
Furniture and fixtures	18% – 20%
Motor vehicles	18% – 20%
Leasehold improvements	9% – 20%

3 主要會計政策概要(續)

(g) 物業·廠房及設備(續)

除在建工程外,所有其他物業、廠房及設備按歷史成本減折舊列 賬。歷史成本包括購置資產項目之 直接開支。

其後之成本只有在與該項目相關之未來經濟利益將有可能流向本集團,以及該項目之成本能可靠地計量之情況下,計入資產賬面金額內或於適當情形下確認為獨立資產。置換部份之賬面金額終止確認。所有其他維修及保養自產生之財政期間內之綜合收益表扣除。

分類為融資租約之租賃土地自土 地權益可作其擬定用途時開始攤 銷。分類為融資租約之租賃土地之 攤銷及其他資產之折舊按下文所 述採用估計可使用年期將成本或 重估金額(如適用)按直線法分攤 至剩餘價值計算:

分類為融資租約	於租期內
之租賃土地	
樓宇	2%
機器及設備	9% – 20%
傢俬及裝置	18% – 20%
車輛	18% – 20%
租賃物業裝修	9% – 20%











綜合財務報表附註

3 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

(g) Property, plant and equipment (Continued)

The assets' residual values and useful lives are reviewed, and adjusted if appropriate, at the end of each reporting period.

An asset's carrying amount is written down immediately to its recoverable amount if the asset's carrying amount is greater than its estimated recoverable amount. Gains and losses on disposals are determined by comparing the proceeds with the carrying amount and are recognised in the consolidated income statement.

Construction in progress represents factory buildings, office premises and workers' dormitories and related infrastructure projects under construction, which is stated at cost less any impairment losses, and is not depreciated. Cost comprises the direct costs of construction during the period of construction. Construction in progress is reclassified to the appropriate category of property, plant and equipment when completed and ready for use.

3 主要會計政策概要(續)

(g) 物業、廠房及設備(續)

資產之剩餘價值及可使用年期於 各報告期間結束時進行檢討及於 適用情況下調整。

倘資產之賬面金額高於其估計可 收回金額,則資產之賬面金額即時 撇減至其可收回金額。出售收益及 虧損藉對比所得款項與賬面金額 而釐定,並於綜合收益表內確認。

在建工程指在建廠房樓宇、辦公室物業、員工宿舍及相關基礎建設項目,按成本減任何減值虧損列賬,且不作折舊。成本包括建築期間之直接建築成本。在建工程於竣工及可供使用時重新歸類為物業、廠房及設備之相應類別。











綜合財務報表附註

3 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

(h) Investment properties

Investment properties, principally comprising leasehold land and buildings, are held for long-term rental yields or for capital appreciation or both, and that are not occupied by the Group. They also include properties that are being constructed or developed for future use as investment properties. Investment properties are initially measured at cost, including related transaction costs and where applicable borrowing costs. After initial recognition, investment properties are carried at fair value, representing open market value determined at each reporting date by external valuers. Fair value is based on active market prices, adjusted, if necessary, for any difference in the nature, location or condition of the specific asset. If the information is not available, the Group uses alternative valuation methods such as recent prices on less active markets or discounted cash flow projections. Changes in fair values are recorded in the consolidated income statement as part of a valuation gain or loss in "other losses - net".

(i) Intangible assets

(i) Technology know-how

Technology know-how is acquired for use in the production of certain high technology electronic components. Technology know-how has a finite useful life and is carried at cost less accumulated amortisation and any impairment losses. Amortisation is calculated using the straight-line basis over the useful life of the technology know-how of three years.

3 主要會計政策概要(續)

(h) 投資物業

投資物業主要包括本集團為獲得 長期租金收益或就資本增值或以 上兩者而持有但本身並不佔用之 租賃土地及樓宇。投資物業亦包括 興建或發展中以於日後作投資物 業用途之物業。投資物業首次以成 本計量,包括相關交易成本及(如 適用)借貸成本。經首次確認後, 投資物業按公允值入賬,公允值即 外聘估值師於各報告日期釐定之 公開市值。公允值按活躍市場價格 釐定,並按需要就個別資產之任何 性質、位置或狀況差別作出調整。 倘未能取得有關資料,則本集團會 採用其他估值方法,如較不活躍之 市場之最近期價格或現金流量貼 現預測。公允值變動列入綜合收益 表作為「其他虧損淨額」中之重估 收益或虧損之一部份。

(i) 無形資產

(i) 技術知識

購入技術知識乃用於生產若干高科技電子零件。 技術知識之可使用年期有限,以成本減累計攤銷及 任何減值虧損列賬。攤銷 利用直線法於技術知識之 三年可使用年期內計算。











綜合財務報表附註

3 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

(i) Intangible assets (Continued)

(ii) Research and development costs, and computer software

Costs associated with research activities and maintaining computer software programmes are recognised as an expense as incurred. Development costs that are directly attributable to the design and testing of identifiable assets controlled by the Group are recognised as intangible assets when the following criteria are met:

- (a) it is technically feasible to complete the product so that it will be available for use;
- (b) management intends to complete the product and use or sell it;
- (c) there is an ability to use or sell the product;
- (d) it can be demonstrated how the product will generate probable future economic benefits;
- (e) adequate technical, financial and other resources to complete the development and to use or sell the product are available; and
- (f) the expenditure attributable to the product during its development can be reliably measured.

3 主要會計政策概要(續)

(i) 無形資產(續)

(ii) 研發成本及電腦軟件

研究活動及設置電腦軟件 程式相關成本於產生時確 認為開支。設計及測試受 本集團控制之可識別資產 之直接應佔開發成本於符 合下列條件時確認為無形 資產:

- (a) 完成該產品使其可 供使用為技術上可 行:
- (b) 管理層擬完成該產 品並將之使用或銷 售;
- (c) 有能力使用或銷售 該產品;
- (d) 可證明該產品將如 何產生未來可能出 現之經濟利益:
- (e) 有技術、財務及其 他資源足以完成開 發並將該產品使用 或銷售:及
- (f) 該產品於開發期間 應佔之開支能可靠 地計量。











綜合財務報表附註

3 **SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)**

(i) **Intangible assets (Continued)**

Research and development costs, and computer (ii) software (Continued)

> Directly attributable costs that are capitalised as part of the product include the product development employee costs and an appropriate portion of relevant overheads. Other development expenditures that do not meet these criteria are recognised as an expense as incurred. Development costs previously recognised as an expense are not recognised as an asset in a subsequent period.

> Product development costs recognised as assets are amortised over their estimated useful lives, which does not exceed four years.

(j) Leases

Leases in which a significant portion of the risks and rewards of ownership are retained by the lessor are classified as operating leases. Payments made under operating leases (net of any incentives received from the lessor) are charged to the consolidated income statement on a straight-line basis over the period of the lease.

主要會計政策概要(續) 3

(i) 無形資產(續)

研發成本及電腦軟件 (ii) (續)

> 資本化為產品一部份之直 接應佔成本包括產品開發 僱員成本及相關生產費用 之適當部份。不符合此等 條件之其他開發開支於產 生時確認為開支。先前確 認為開支之開發成本不會 於往後期間確認為資產。

確認為資產之產品開發成 本按估計可使用年期(不 超過四年)攤銷。

(i) 租賃

凡所有權絕大部份風險及回報仍 歸於出租人之租賃,均分類為經營 租約。根據經營租約支付之款項 (扣除獲出租人給予之任何獎勵) 以直線法於租期內自綜合收益表 扣除。











綜合財務報表附註

3 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

(k) Financial assets

The Group classifies its financial assets in the following categories: at fair value through profit or loss, loans and receivables, and available-for-sale. The classification depends on the purpose for which the financial assets were acquired. Management determines the classification of its financial assets at initial recognition.

(i) Available-for-sale financial assetsAvailable-for-sale financial assets are non-derivative financial assets that are either

derivative financial assets that are either designated as available for sale or are not classified in any of the other categories. They are included in non-current assets unless the investment matures or management intends to dispose of it within 12 months of the end of the reporting period.

(ii) Loans and receivables

Loans and receivables are non-derivative financial assets with fixed or determinable payments that are not quoted in an active market. They are included in current assets, except for the amounts that are settled or expected to be settled more than 12 months after the end of the reporting period, which are classified as non-current assets.

3 主要會計政策概要(續)

(k) 金融資產

本集團將其金融資產分為以下類別:以公允值計入收益表、貸款及應收款項,以及可供出售。有關分類取決於金融資產之購買目的而定。管理層於首次確認時釐定其金融資產之分類。

(i) 可供出售金融資產

可供出售金融資產乃為指 定為可供出售或並非分類 至其他類別中任何一種之 非衍生金融資產,除非投 資到期或管理層擬於報告 期間結束起計12個月內將 之出售,否則列入非流動 資產內。

(ii) 貸款及應收款項

貸款及應收款項乃附帶固定或可議定付款,但非於交投活躍市場報價之非衍生金融資產,乃列入流動資產內,惟於報告期間結束起計12個月後結算或預期結算之金額,則分類為非流動資產。











綜合財務報表附註

3 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

(k) Financial assets (Continued)

(iii) Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss

Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss are financial assets held for trading. Financial assets are classified as held for trading if they are acquired principally for the purpose of selling in short term. Derivatives are also classified as held for trading unless they are designated as hedges. Assets in this category are classified as current assets if expected to be settled within 12 months; otherwise, they are classified as non-current.

Regular way purchases and sales of financial assets are recognised on the trade-date – the date on which the Group commits to purchase or sell the asset. Investments are initially recognised at fair value plus transaction costs for all financial assets not carried at fair value through profit or loss. Financial assets carried at fair value through profit or loss are initially recognised at fair value, and transaction costs are expensed in the consolidated income statement. Financial assets are derecognised when the rights to receive cash flows from the investments have expired or have been transferred and the Group has transferred substantially all risks and rewards of ownership. Available-for-sale financial assets and financial assets at fair value through profit or loss are subsequently carried at fair value. Loans and receivables are subsequently carried at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

3 主要會計政策概要(續)

(k) 金融資產(續)

(iii) 以公允值計入收益表之金 融資產

以公允值計入收益表之金融資產乃持作買賣之金融資產。金融資產如以短買出售為主要目的而購買,則分類為持作買賣。除否對沖工具,亦否對沖工具,亦分類為持作買賣。納入此類別之資戶,則分類為流動資產;否則分類為流動資產。

一般買賣之金融資產概於交易 日一即本集團承諾購買或出售該 資產之日期-予以確認。投資首次 按公允值確認,就並非以公允值計 入收益表之所有金融資產而言,另 加交易成本。以公允值計入收益表 之金融資產首次按公允值確認,而 交易成本於綜合收益表內支銷。 倘收取投資現金流之權利已屆滿 或已轉讓,而本集團已將所有權絕 大部份風險及回報轉移,則終止確 認金融資產。可供出售金融資產及 以公允值計入收益表之金融資產 其後按公允值列賬。貸款及應收款 項其後採用實際利息法按攤銷成 本列賬。











綜合財務報表附註

3 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

(k) Financial assets (Continued)

Gains or losses arising from changes in the fair value of the 'financial assets at fair value through profit or loss' category are presented in the consolidated income statement in the period in which they arise. Dividend income from financial assets at fair value through profit or loss is recognised in the consolidated income statement as part of other income when the Group's right to receive payments is established.

When securities classified as available-for-sale are sold or impaired, the accumulated fair value adjustments recognised in equity are included in the consolidated income statement.

Interest on available-for-sale securities calculated using the effective interest method is recognised in the income statement as part of other income. Dividends on available-for-sale equity instruments are recognised in the income statement as part of other income when the Group's right to receive payments is established.

(I) Impairment of financial assets

(i) Assets carried at amortised cost

The Group assesses at the end of each reporting period whether there is objective evidence that a financial asset or group of financial assets is impaired. A financial asset or a group of financial assets is impaired and impairment losses are incurred only if there is objective evidence of impairment as a result of one or more events that occurred after the initial recognition of the asset (a 'loss event') and that loss event (or events) has an impact on the estimated future cash flows of the financial asset or group of financial assets that can be reliably estimated.

3 主要會計政策概要(續)

(k) 金融資產(續)

因「以公允值計入收益表之金融資產」類別之公允值變動所產生之收益或虧損於其產生期間之綜合收益表內呈列。當本集團收取款項之權利確立時,以公允值計入收益表之金融資產之股息收入於綜合收益表內確認,作為其他收入之一部份。

倘分類為可供出售之證券被出售 或已減值,則已於權益內確認之 累計公允值調整計入綜合收益表 內。

採用實際利息法計算之可供出售 證券之利息,於收益表確認為其他 收入之一部份。當本集團收取款項 之權利確立時,可供出售股本工具 之股息於收益表內確認為其他收 入之一部份。

(I) 金融資產減值

(i) 以攤銷成本計價之資產











綜合財務報表附註

3 **SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)**

(I) Impairment of financial assets (Continued)

Assets carried at amortised cost (Continued) (i)

> Evidence of impairment may include indications that the debtors or a group of debtors is experiencing significant financial difficulty, default or delinquency in interest or principal payments, the probability that they will enter bankruptcy or other financial reorganisation, and where observable data indicate that there is a measurable decrease in the estimated future cash flows, such as changes in arrears or economic conditions that correlate with defaults.

> For loans and receivables category, the amount of the loss is measured as the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the present value of estimated future cash flows (excluding future credit losses that have not been incurred) discounted at the financial asset's original effective interest rate. The carrying amount of the asset is reduced and the amount of the loss is recognised in the consolidated income statement. If a loan or held-to-maturity investment has a variable interest rate, the discount rate for measuring any impairment loss is the current effective interest rate determined under the contract. As a practical expedient, the Group may measure impairment on the basis of an instrument's fair value using an observable market price.

> If, in a subsequent period, the amount of the impairment loss decreases and the decrease can be related objectively to an event occurring after the impairment was recognised, the reversal of the previously recognised impairment loss is recognised in the consolidated income statement.

主要會計政策概要(續) 3

(I) 金融資產減值(續)

以攤銷成本計價之資產 (i) (續)

> 減值證據可包括多名或一 組債務人面臨重大財政困 難、欠繳或拖欠利息或本 金、將有可能陷入破產或 進行其他財務重組,以及 出現可觀察數據顯示估計 未來現金流大幅減少,如 與違約有關之延遲或經濟 狀況變化等。

就貸款及應收款項而言, 虧損金額按資產賬面金額 與以資產原實際利率貼現 之估計未來現金流量(不 包括尚未產生之未來信貸 虧損)之現值兩者之差額計 量。有關資產之賬面金額 會作調減,而有關虧損金 額在綜合收益表中確認。 倘貸款或持至到期日投資 附帶浮動利率,則計量任 何減值虧損之貼現率為根 據該合約釐定之當期實際 利率。在實際運作上,本集 團可採用可觀察市價以工 具之公允值作為基準計量 減值。

於以後期間,倘若減值虧 損之金額減少,而減少之 原因客觀上與確認減值後 發生之事件相關聯,則於 綜合收益表內確認撥回先 前確認之減值虧損。











綜合財務報表附註

3 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

(I) Impairment of financial assets (Continued)

(ii) Available-for-sale financial assets

The Group assesses at the end of each reporting period whether there is objective evidence that a financial asset or a group of financial assets is impaired. For debt securities, the Group uses the criteria referred to in (i) above. In the case of equity investments classified as availablefor-sale, a significant or prolonged decline in the fair value of the security below its cost is also evidence that the assets are impaired. If any such evidence exists for available-for-sale financial assets, the cumulative loss - measured as the difference between the acquisition cost and the current fair value, less any impairment loss on that financial asset previously recognised in profit or loss - is removed from equity and recognised in profit or loss. Impairment losses recognised in the consolidated income statement on equity instruments are not reversed through the consolidated income statement. If, in a subsequent period, the fair value of a debt instrument classified as available for sale increases and the increase can be objectively related to an event occurring after the impairment loss was recognised in profit or loss, the impairment loss is reversed through the consolidated income statement.

3 主要會計政策概要(續)

(I) 金融資產減值(續)

(ii) 可供出售金融資產

本集團於各報告期間結束 時評估是否有客觀證據顯 示一項或一組金融資產出 現減值。就債務證券而言, 本集團使用上文(i)所述之 標準。如屬分類為可供出 售之股本投資,則證券公 允值大幅或長期下降至低 於其成本,亦為資產減值 之證據。倘可供出售金融 資產出現任何有關證據, 則累計虧損一按購買成本 與當期公允值間之差額, 減去過往於收益表就該金 融資產確認之任何減值虧 損計量-自權益轉出並於 收益表確認。已於綜合收 益表內就股本工具確認之 減值虧損不會透過綜合收 益表撥回。於以後期間,倘 若分類為可供出售之債務 工具之公允值增加,而此 情況客觀上與於收益表確 認減值虧損後發生之事件 有關,則透過綜合收益表 撥回減值虧損。











綜合財務報表附註

3 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

(m) Derivative financial instruments

The Group uses derivative financial instruments such as forward currency contracts and interest rate swaps to manage its risks associated with interest rate and foreign currency fluctuations. Such derivative financial instruments are initially recognised at fair value on the date on which a derivative contract is entered into and are subsequently remeasured at fair value. Derivatives are carried as assets when the fair value is positive and as liabilities when the fair value is negative.

Any gains or losses arising from changes in fair value on derivatives that do not qualify for hedge accounting are taken directly to the consolidated income statement.

(n) Inventories

Inventories are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost is determined on the weighted average basis and, in the case of work in progress and finished goods, comprises direct materials, direct labour and related production overheads. Net realisable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business, less applicable variable selling expenses.

(o) Trade and other receivables

Trade receivables are amounts due from customers for merchandise sold in the ordinary course of business. If collection of trade and other receivables is expected in one year or less (or in the normal operating cycle of the business if longer), they are classified as current assets. If not, they are presented as non-current assets.

Trade and other receivables are recognised initially at fair value and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less provision for impairment.

3 主要會計政策概要(續)

(m) 衍生金融工具

本集團使用衍生金融工具,例如 遠期貨幣合約及利率掉期合約, 管理其與利率及外幣波動有關之 風險。該等衍生金融工具初步按訂 立衍生合約當日之公允值確認, 其後則按公允值重新計量。倘衍生 工具之公允值為正數則以資產列 賬,若為負數則以負債列賬。

不合資格進行對沖會計之衍生工 具之公允值變動產生之任何收益 或虧損直接計入綜合收益表。

(n) 存貨

存貨按成本及可變現淨值兩者中之較低者列賬。成本按加權平均基準計算,如屬在製品及產成品,其成本則包括直接物料費用、直接工資及相關間接生產費用。可變現淨值為日常業務過程中之估計售價,減去適用可變銷售費用。

(o) 應收貿易賬款及其他應收款項

應收貿易賬款指於日常業務過程 中銷售商品而應收客戶之款項。 若應收貿易賬款及其他應收款項 預期於一年或以內(如仍在正常業 務週期中·則可較長時間)收回· 則分類為流動資產·否則呈列為非 流動資產。

應收貿易賬款及其他應收款項初步按公允值確認,其後採用實際利息法按攤銷成本計量,扣除減值撥備。











綜合財務報表附註

3 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

(p) Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash in hand, deposits held at call with banks, and other short-term highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less.

(q) Trade and bills payables and other payables

Trade and bills payables are obligations to pay for goods that have been acquired in the ordinary course of business from suppliers. Payables are classified as current liabilities if payment is due within one year or less (or in the normal operating cycle of the business if longer). If not, they are presented as non-current liabilities.

Payables are recognised initially at fair value and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

(r) Provision

Provision is recognised when the Group has a present obligation (legal or constructive) as a result of a past event; it is probable that a future outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation; and the amount has been reliably estimated.

(s) Share capital

Ordinary shares are classified as equity. Incremental costs directly attributable to the issue of new shares or options are shown in equity as a deduction, net of tax, from the proceeds.

3 主要會計政策概要(續)

(p) 現金及現金等值物

現金及現金等值物包括手頭現金、活期銀行存款及其他原到期日 為三個月或以下之短期高流通投 資。

(q) 應付貿易賬款及票據以及其他 應付款項

應付貿易賬款及票據為於日常業 務過程中從供應商購買貨品之付 款責任。如款項於一年或以內(如 仍在正常業務週期中,則可較長 時間)到期支付,則分類為流動負 債,否則呈列為非流動負債。

應付款項初步按公允值確認,其 後採用實際利息法按攤銷成本計 量。

(r) 撥備

倘本集團因過往事件導致產生目 前債務(法定或推定),而未來很 有可能需要以資源償還債務,且該 債務之金額能可靠地估計,則確認 撥備。

(s) 股本

普通股分類為權益。因發行新股或 購股權而直接產生之遞增成本於 權益內列為所得款項之減項,並扣 除稅項。











綜合財務報表附註

3 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

(t) Income tax

The tax expense for the year comprises current and deferred tax. Tax is recognised in the income statement, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity. In this case the tax is also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, respectively.

(i) Current income tax

The current income tax charge is calculated on the basis of the tax laws enacted or substantively enacted at the balance sheet date in the countries where the Company's subsidiaries, joint ventures and associate operate and generate taxable income. Management periodically evaluates positions taken in tax returns with respect to situations in which applicable tax regulation is subject to interpretation. It establishes provisions where appropriate on the basis of amounts expected to be paid to the tax authorities.

(ii) Deferred income tax

(a) Inside basis differences

Deferred income tax is recognised, using the liability method, on temporary differences arising between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts in the consolidated financial statements. However, deferred income tax is not accounted for if it arises from initial recognition of an asset or liability in a transaction other than a business combination that at the time of the transaction affects neither accounting nor taxable profit or loss. Deferred income tax is determined using tax rates (and laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date and are expected to apply when the related deferred income tax asset is realised or the deferred income tax liability is settled.

3 主要會計政策概要(續)

(t) 所得税

年內税項開支包括當期及遞延税項。稅項於收益表確認,惟以涉及於其他全面收益或直接於權益確認之項目者為限。在此情況下,稅項亦分別於其他全面收益或直接於權益確認。

(i) 當期所得稅

(ii) 遞延所得税

內在基準差異 (a) 遞延所得税採用負 債法就資產及負債 之税基與於綜合財 務報表內之賬面金 額間產生之暫時性 差異確認。然而,如 遞延所得税來自初 步確認業務合併以 外交易之資產或負 債,而於交易之時 並無影響會計或應 課税溢利或虧損, 則遞延所得税不予 入賬。遞延所得税 採用於結算日前已 生效或大致已生效 且預期於相關遞 延所得税資產變現 或遞延所得税負債 結付時適用之税率 (及税法)釐定。











綜合財務報表附註

3 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

(t) Income tax (Continued)

- (ii) Deferred income tax (Continued)
 - (a) Inside basis differences (Continued)

Deferred income tax assets are recognised only to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profit will be available against which the temporary differences can be utilised.

(b) Outside basis differences

Deferred income tax is provided on temporary differences arising from investments in subsidiaries, joint ventures and an associate, except for deferred income tax liability where the timing of the reversal of the temporary difference is controlled by the Group and it is probable that the temporary difference will not reverse in the foreseeable future.

(iii) Offsetting

Deferred income tax assets and liabilities are offset when there is a legally enforceable right to offset current tax assets against current tax liabilities and when the deferred income tax assets and liabilities relate to income taxes levied by the same taxation authority on either the same taxable entity or different taxable entities where there is an intention to settle the balances on a net basis.

3 主要會計政策概要(續)

(t) 所得税(續)

- (ii) 遞延所得税(續)
 - (a) 內在基準差異 (續) 遞延所得税資產僅 於很有可能有未 來應課税溢利可用 以抵扣暫時性差異 時,方會確認。

(iii) 抵銷

如存在可依法強制執行之權利以抵銷流動税項負債,且級預額,且 與流動稅項負債,且處政所得稅務機關就可負債債, 同一稅務機關就課稅公司意按淨額基準結 (如有意按淨額基準結 (如有意按淨額基準,則 所得稅資產與負債可予抵 銷。











綜合財務報表附註

3 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

(u) Government grants

Government grants are recognised at their fair value where there is reasonable assurance that the grant will be received and all attaching conditions will be complied with. Where the grant relates to the prepaid land premium, the fair value is included in non-current liabilities as deferred income. Deferred income is credited to the consolidated income statement on a straight-line basis over the lease term of the associated assets.

(v) Revenue recognition

Revenue is recognised when it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Group and when the revenue can be measured reliably.

Income from the sale of goods is recognised when significant risks and rewards of ownership have been transferred to the buyer, which generally coincides with the time when the goods are delivered to customers and title has passed.

Interest income is recognised on a time-proportion basis using the effective interest method.

Dividend income is recognised when the right to receive payment is established.

Consultancy income is recognised when service is rendered.

Rental income from investment property is recognised in the consolidated income statement on a straight-line basis over the term of the lease.

3 主要會計政策概要(續)

(u) 政府補助

倘能合理保證可接收政府補助,並可符合所有附帶條件,則會按公允值確認政府補助。倘若補助是關於土地預付租賃款,則公允值於非流動負債內列為遞延收入。遞延收入於有關資產租期內以直線基準計入綜合收益表。

(v) 收入確認

收入會於本集團很有可能獲得經 濟利益及收入能可靠計量時確 認。

銷售貨品之收入在擁有權之重大 風險及回報已轉移至買家時確 認,而有關時間大致配合貨品交付 予客戶及所有權轉移之時間。

利息收入以時間比例基準利用實際利息法確認。

股息收入於收取股息之權利確立 時確認。

顧問收入於提供服務時確認。

投資物業之租金收入於租期內以 直線基準在綜合收益表確認。











綜合財務報表附註

3 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

(w) Employee benefits

(i) Share option scheme

The Group operates a share option scheme (the "Share Option Scheme") for the purpose of providing incentives and rewards to eligible participants who contribute to the success of the Group's operations. Employees (including directors) of the Group receive remuneration in the form of share-based payment transactions, whereby employees render services as consideration for equity instruments ("equity-settled transactions").

The cost of equity-settled transactions with employees is measured by reference to the fair value at the date at which they are granted. The fair value is determined by using a binomial model, further details of which are given in Note 36 to the financial statements. In valuing the granting of share options, no account is taken of any performance conditions, other than conditions linked to the historical price of the shares of the Company ("market conditions"), if applicable.

3 主要會計政策概要(續)

(w) 僱員福利

(i) 購股權計劃

本集團設有一項購股權計劃(「購股權計劃」),旨在向對本集團成功經營作出貢獻之合資格參與書之合資格參與團及回報。本集團之候關及回報。本集團以以配對金,而僱員則提供服務作為股本工具之代價(「股權結算交易」)。

與僱員進行之股權結算交 易之成本參考授出購配 當日之公允值計量。公允值按二項式模型釐務 值按二時情載於財財股 行估值時不會計及任 稅條件,惟與本公司 歷史價格相關之狀況(「市 況」)(倘適用)除外。











綜合財務報表附註

3 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

(w) Employee benefits (Continued)

(i) Share option scheme (Continued)

The cost of equity-settled transactions is recognised, together with a corresponding increase in equity, over the period in which the performance and/or service conditions are fulfilled, ending on the date on which the relevant employees become fully entitled to the award (the "vesting date"). The cumulative expense recognised for equity-settled transactions at each balance sheet date until the vesting date reflects the extent to which the vesting period has expired and the Group's best estimate of the number of equity instruments that will ultimately vest. The charge or credit to the consolidated income statement for a period represents the movement in the cumulative expense recognised as at the beginning and end of that period.

The dilutive effect of outstanding options is reflected as additional share dilution in the computation of earnings per share.

3 主要會計政策概要(續)

(w) 僱員福利(續)

(i) 購股權計劃(續)

未行使購股權之攤薄影響 反映為計算每股盈利時之 額外股份攤薄效應。











綜合財務報表附註

3 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

(w) Employee benefits (Continued)

(ii) Employment Ordinance long service payments
Certain of the Group's employees have
completed the required number of years of
service to the Group in order to be eligible for
long service payments under the Hong Kong
Employment Ordinance in the event of the
termination of their employment. The Group
is liable to make such payments in the event
that such a termination of employment meets
the circumstances specified in the Employment
Ordinance.

(iii) Pension schemes

The Group operates a defined contribution Mandatory Provident Fund retirement benefit scheme (the "MPF Scheme") under the Mandatory Provident Fund Schemes Ordinance for those employees who are eligible to participate in the MPF Scheme. Contributions are made based on a percentage of the employees' basic salaries and are charged to the consolidated income statement as they become payable in accordance with the rules of the MPF Scheme. The assets of the MPF Scheme are held separately from those of the Group in an independently administered fund. The Group's employer contributions vest fully with the employees when contributed into the MPF Scheme.

3 主要會計政策概要(續)

(w) 僱員福利(續)

(ii) 僱傭條例一長期服務金 本集團若干僱員已完成為 本集團服務之所須年資, 倘終止聘任,則符合資格 獲得香港僱傭條例所指之 長期服務金。倘終止聘用 符合僱傭條例所指之情 況,則本集團須支付有關 款項。

(iii) 退休金計劃











綜合財務報表附註

3 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

(w) Employee benefits (Continued)

(iii) Pension schemes (Continued)

The employees of the Group's subsidiaries which operate in Mainland China are required to participate in a central pension scheme operated by the local municipal government. These subsidiaries are required to contribute a certain percentage of their payroll costs to the central pension scheme. The contributions are charged to the consolidated income statement as they become payable in accordance with the rules of the central pension scheme.

(x) Borrowings

Borrowings are recognised initially at fair value, net of transaction costs incurred. Borrowings are subsequently carried at amortised cost; any difference between the proceeds (net of transaction costs) and the redemption value is recognised in the consolidated income statement over the period of the borrowings using the effective interest method.

Borrowings are classified as current liabilities unless the Group has an unconditional right to defer settlement of the liability for at least 12 months after the end of the reporting period.

3 主要會計政策概要(續)

(w) 僱員福利(續)

(iii) 退休金計劃(續)

本集團在中國大陸經營之 附屬公司之僱員須參與地 方市政府設立之中央退休 金計劃。此等附屬公司須 按僱員薪資成本之某一百 分比向中央退休金計劃供 款。供款須於根據中央退 休金計劃規則應付時自綜 合收益表扣除。

(x) 借貸

借貸初步按公允值並扣除已產生 之交易成本確認。借貸其後按攤銷 成本列賬:所得款項(扣除交易成 本後)與贖回價值間之任何差額採 用實際利率法於借貸期限內在綜 合收益表確認。

除非本集團擁有無條件權利,將結 付負債之時間延遲至報告期間結 束後至少12個月,否則借貸會分類 為流動負債。











綜合財務報表附註

3 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

(y) Borrowing costs

Borrowing costs directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of qualifying assets, which are assets that necessarily take a substantial period of time to get ready for their intended use or sale, are capitalised as part of the cost of those assets. The capitalisation of such borrowing costs ceases when the assets are substantially ready for their intended use or sale. Investment income earned on the temporary investment of specific borrowings pending their expenditure on qualifying assets is deducted from the borrowing costs eligible for capitalisation. All other borrowing costs are recognised in profit or loss in the period in which they are incurred.

(z) Dividends

Final dividends proposed by the Board are classified as a separate allocation of retained profits within the equity section of the balance sheet, until they have been approved by the shareholders in a general meeting. When these dividends have been approved by the shareholders and declared, they are recognised as a liability.

Interim dividends are simultaneously proposed and declared. Consequently, interim dividends are recognised immediately as a liability when they are proposed and declared.

3 主要會計政策概要(續)

(y) 借貸成本

購置、興建或生產合資格資產(須經一段頗長時間始能投入作擬定用途或出售之資產)直接產生之借貸成本乃資本化為該等資產之成本部份。當該等資產大致可準備作其擬定用途或出售時,該等借貸成本即停止資本化。待用於合資格資產之特定借貸項目之短期投資所得投資收入從可作資本化之借貸成本中扣除。所有其他借貸成本於產生期間之收益表確認。

(z) 股息

董事會擬派之末期股息於資產負債表之權益部份分類,並列作保留溢利之獨立分配,直至股東於股東大會上批准宣派該等股息。倘此等股息已經股東批准並宣派,則確認為負債。

中期股息乃同時建議派付及宣派。因此,中期股息於建議派付及宣派時隨即確認為負債。











綜合財務報表附註

3 **SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)**

Segment reporting (aa)

Operating segments are reported in a manner consistent with the internal reporting provided to the chief operating decision-maker of the Group, which is considered as the Group's executive team, comprising all executive directors and headed by the managing director. The chief operating decision-maker is responsible for allocating resources and assessing performance of the operating segments based on the entity-wide financial information.

Foreign currency translation

(i) Functional and presentation currency Items included in the financial statements of each of the Group's entities are measured using the currency of the primary economic environment in which the entity operates (the "functional currency"). The consolidated financial statements are presented in Hong Kong dollars ("HK\$"), which is the Company's functional and the Group's presentation currency.

主要會計政策概要(續) 3

(aa) 分部報告

經營分部之報告方式與向本集團 主要營運決策人提供之內部報告 之方式一致,而該主要營運決策人 被視為本集團之行政團隊,包括 全體執行董事,並由董事總經理帶 領。主要營運決策人負責根據整間 公司之財務資料對經營分部分配 資源及評估表現。

(ab) 外幣換算

(i) 功能及呈列貨幣

> 本集團旗下各公司之財務 報表所列之項目採用該公 司經營所在主要經濟環境 之貨幣(「功能貨幣」)計 量。綜合財務報表以港元 呈列,而港元為本公司之 功能貨幣及本集團之呈列 貨幣。











綜合財務報表附註

3 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

(ab) Foreign currency translation (Continued)

(ii) Transactions and balances

Foreign currency transactions are translated into the functional currency using the exchange rates prevailing at the dates of the transactions or valuation where items are re-measured. Foreign exchange gains and losses resulting from the settlement of such transactions and from the translation at year-end exchange rates of monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are recognised in the income statement.

Changes in the fair value of monetary securities denominated in foreign currency classified as available-for-sale are analysed between translation differences resulting from changes in the amortised cost of the security and other changes in the carrying amount of the security. Translation differences related to changes in amortised cost are recognised in profit or loss, and other changes in carrying amount are recognised in other comprehensive income.

Translation differences on non-monetary financial assets and liabilities such as equities held at fair value through profit or loss are recognised in profit or loss as part of the fair value gain or loss. Translation differences on non-monetary financial assets, such as equities classified as available for sale, are included in other comprehensive income.

3 主要會計政策概要(續)

(ab) 外幣換算(續)

(ii) 交易與結餘

外幣交易採用於交易或項 目重新計量之估值當日 用之匯率換算為功能貨 幣。因該等交易結算及因 按年終匯率換算以外幣計 值之貨幣性資產及負債所 產生之外匯收益及虧損於 收益表內確認。

以公允值計入收益表持有 之股本等非貨幣性金融資 產及負債之匯兑差額於收 益表內確認為公允值收益 或虧損之一部份。分類為 可供出售之股本等非貨幣 性金融資產之匯兑差額, 計入其他全面收益內。











綜合財務報表附註

3 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

(ab) Foreign currency translation (Continued)

(iii) Group companies

The results and financial position of all the Group entities (none of which has the currency of a hyper-inflationary economy) that have a functional currency different from the presentation currency are translated into the presentation currency as follows:

- (a) assets and liabilities for each balance sheet presented are translated at the closing rate at the date of that balance sheet;
- (b) income and expenses for each income statement are translated at average exchange rates (unless this average is not a reasonable approximation of the cumulative effect of the rates prevailing on the transaction dates, in which case income and expenses are translated at the rate on the dates of the transactions); and
- (c) all resulting currency translation differences are recognised in other comprehensive income.

Goodwill and fair value adjustments arising on the acquisition of a foreign entity are treated as assets and liabilities of the foreign entity and translated at the closing rate. Currency translation differences arising are recognised in other comprehensive income.

3 主要會計政策概要(續)

(ab) 外幣換算(續)

(iii) 集團公司

本集團內所有功能貨幣有 別於呈列貨幣之公司(概 無高度通脹性經濟體系之 貨幣)之業績及財務狀況, 乃換算為呈列貨幣如下:

- (a) 就每份已呈列資產 負債表而言,資產 及負債按該資產負 債表日期之收市匯 率換算:
- (c) 因此產生之所有匯 兑差額於其他全面 收益確認。

因收購外國公司而產生之 商譽及公允值調整,均被 視為該外國公司之資產及 負債,並按收市匯率換算。 所產生之匯兑差額於其他 全面收益確認。











綜合財務報表附註

3 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

(ac) Financial guarantee

Financial guarantee contracts are contracts that require the issuer to make specified payments to reimburse the holder for a loss it incurs because a specified debtor fails to make payments when due, in accordance with the terms of a debt instrument. Such financial guarantees are given to banks, financial institutions and other bodies on behalf of subsidiaries to secure loans, overdrafts and other banking facilities.

Financial guarantees are initially recognised in the financial statements at fair value on the date the guarantee was given. Subsequent to initial recognition, the Company's liabilities under such guarantees are measured at the higher of the initial amount, less amortisation of fees recognised in accordance with HKAS 18, and the best estimate of the amount required to settle the guarantee. These estimates are determined based on experience of similar transactions and history of past losses, supplemented by the judgement of management. The fee income earned is recognised on a straight-line basis over the life of the guarantee. Any increase in the liability relating to guarantees is reported in the consolidated income statement.

3 主要會計政策概要(續)

(ac) 財務擔保

財務擔保合約為根據債務文據之 條款發行人因指定債務人無法支 付到期款項而須向持有人償付所 蒙受損失款項之合約。該等財務擔 保乃代表附屬公司提供予銀行、財 務機構及其他法團,以獲得貸款、 透支及其他銀行融資。

財務擔保初步於提供擔保當日按公允值於財務報表確認。於初步確認後,本公司於該等擔保下之負債按原先金額減根據香港會計準則第18號確認之費用攤銷及清償與無之所需金額之最佳估計(以據配高者為準)計量。此等估計根據配高者為準)計量。此等估計根據配營理層之判斷釐定。已賺取之費用收入於擔保年期內以直線基準加較統擔保相關之負債增加會於綜合收益表內呈報。











綜合財務報表附註

4 CRITICAL ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES AND JUDGEMENTS

The Group makes estimates and assumptions concerning the future. The resulting accounting estimates will, by definition, seldom equal the related actual results. The estimates and assumptions that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year are addressed below.

(i) Fair values of properties

The fair values of investment properties, land and buildings are determined at the end of each reporting period by independent professional valuers. The fair values of certain land and buildings in Mainland China are determined on depreciated replacement cost basis. This methodology is based on an estimate of the market value for the existing use of the land, plus the current cost of replacement of the existing structures less deductions for physical deterioration and all relevant forms of obsolescence and optimisation. The fair values of the remaining land and buildings and investment properties are determined on an open market value basis by reference to comparable market transactions.

The fair values of investment properties and land and buildings would change by approximately HK\$8,300,000 and HK\$27,106,000 respectively if the market values of comparable properties differ by 10% from the Group's estimates.

4 重大會計估計及判斷

本集團對未來作出估計及假設,因此產生 之會計估計在定義上將甚少等同相關實際結果。下文陳述之估計及假設存在重大 風險,可能須對下一財政年度之資產和負債之賬面金額作出重大調整。

(i) 物業之公允值

倘可資比較物業之市值與本集團所估計者相差10%,則投資物業以及土地及樓宇之公允值將分別出現約8,300,000港元及27,106,000港元之變動。











綜合財務報表附註

4 CRITICAL ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES AND JUDGEMENTS (CONTINUED)

(ii) Useful lives and impairment of property, plant and equipment

The Group's management determines the estimated useful lives, and related depreciation charges for its property, plant and equipment. This estimate is based on the historical experience of the actual useful lives of property, plant and equipment of similar nature and functions. Management will increase the depreciation charges where useful lives are less than previously estimated. It will write-off or write-down technically obsolete or non-strategic assets that have been abandoned or sold. Actual economic lives may differ from estimated useful lives. Periodic review could result in a change in depreciable lives and therefore depreciation expense in future periods.

Impairment loss for property, plant and equipment is recognised as the amount by which the carrying amount exceeds its recoverable amount in accordance with the accounting policy stated in Note 3(e). The recoverable amount is the higher of an asset's fair value less costs to sell and value in use, which are based on the best information available to reflect the amount obtainable at each reporting date, from the disposal of the asset in an arm's length transaction between knowledgeable, willing parties, after deducting the costs of disposal.

4 重大會計估計及判斷(續)

(ii) 物業、廠房及設備之可使用年期及 減值

本集團之管理層釐定其物業、廠房 及設備之估計可使用年期及相關 折舊支出。此項估計基於過往對類 似性質及功能之物業、廠房及設備 之實際可使用年期之經驗作出。 過一使用年期少於先前估計出。 時間,則管理層將增加折舊支出。 明會撤銷或撤減已報廢或。 是技術過時或非策略性資產。 經濟年期或有別於估計可使用年期 之技術過時或非策略性資產。 經濟年期或有別於估計可使用年期 。 定期檢討可能導致可折舊費用 改變,繼而令往後期間之折舊費用 改變。

根據附註3(e)所載之會計政策,物業、廠房及設備之減值虧損按賬面金額超出其可收回金額之差額確認。可收回金額為資產扣除銷售成本後之公允值與使用價值間兩者之較高者,乃根據可得之最佳資料計算,以反映於各報告日期從知情及自願買賣雙方進行之公平交易中出售資產,經扣除出售成本後所獲取之金額。











綜合財務報表附註

4 CRITICAL ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES AND JUDGEMENTS (CONTINUED)

(iii) Fair values and impairment of available-for-sale investments

Fair values of the available-for-sale investments are determined based on valuation obtained from financial institution or based on the valuation performed by an independent professional valuer using discounted cash flow analysis valuation techniques. The inputs to the discounted cash flow model are taken from observable markets where possible, but where this is not feasible, a degree of judgement is required in establishing fair values. Changes in the underlying assumptions of the valuations could affect the reported fair values of the available-for-sale investments.

The Group follows the guidance of HKAS 39 to determine when an available-for-sale equity investment is impaired. This determination requires significant judgement. In making this judgement, the Group evaluates, among other factors, the duration and extent to which the fair value of an investment is less than its cost; and the financial health of and short-term business outlook for the investee, including factors such as industry and sector performance, changes in technology and operational and financing cash flow. Based on the Group's assessment, an impairment charge of HK\$8,570,000 was recorded in "Other losses, net" in the current year.

(iv) Fair values of derivative financial instruments

Forward exchange contracts are marked to market. The fair value of interest rate swaps is the estimated amount that the Group would receive or pay to terminate the swap at the balance sheet date, taking into account current interest rates and the current creditworthiness of the swap counterparties. Judgement is required in determining such valuations. Changes in the underlying assumptions could have impact on the profit and loss of the Group. The Group recognised fair value gain of HK\$8,480,000 on the interest rate swaps and fair value loss of HK\$605,000 on the forward exchange contracts in the current year.

4 重大會計估計及判斷(續)

(iii) 可供出售投資之公允值及減值

可供出售投資之公允值根據向財務機構取得之估值或根據獨立專業估值師以貼現現金流量分析估值技術進行之估值釐定。貼現現金流量模型之輸入值盡可能從市場觀察,但如不可行,建立公允值則需要某程度之判斷。估值之相關假設之變化可能會影響所呈報之可供出售投資之公允值。

本集團依循香港會計準則第39號之指引釐定可供出售股本投資之減值時間。此項釐定需要作出重集動。於作出此項判斷時,本集資會評估多種因素,其中包括投程度、被投資方之財務穩健性及短期、被投資方之財務穩健性及短期、務前景,包括行業及市場表現、等運及融資現金流變化等運及融資現金流變化等。按本集團評估,本年度之「其他虧損淨額」錄得8,570,000港元之減值支出。

(iv) 衍生金融工具之公允值

外匯合約乃按市價計算。利率掉期之公允值為本集團因終止掉期而於結算日收取或支付之估計金額,當中已計及現時利率及掉期交易對方現時之信譽。釐定上述評估需要作出判斷。若相關假設出現變動,則可能對本集團之損益產生影響。於本年度,本集團就利率掉期確認公允值收益8,480,000港元,並就外匯合約確認公允值虧損605,000港元。











綜合財務報表附註

4 CRITICAL ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES AND JUDGEMENTS (CONTINUED)

(v) Current and deferred taxation

The Group is subject to income taxes in several jurisdictions. Significant judgement is required in determining the provision for income taxes in each of these jurisdictions. There are many transactions and calculations for which the ultimate tax determination is uncertain. Where the final tax outcome of these matters is different from the amounts that were initially recorded, such differences will impact the current and deferred tax assets and liabilities in the periods in which such determination are made.

Deferred tax assets relating to certain temporary differences and tax losses are recognised as management considers it is probable that future taxable profit will be available against which the temporary differences or tax losses can be utilised. Significant management judgement is required to determine the amount of deferred tax assets that can be recognised, based upon the likely timing and level of future taxable profits together with future tax planning strategies. Where the expectation is different from the original estimate, such differences will impact the recognition of deferred tax assets and taxation in the periods in which such estimates have been changed.

(vi) Provision for inventories

Inventories are written down to net realisable value based on an assessment of the realisability of inventories. Write downs on inventories are recorded where events or changes in circumstances indicate that the balances may not be realised. The identification of write-downs requires the use of judgement and estimates. Where the expectation is different from the original estimate, such difference will impact the carrying value of inventories and write-downs of inventories in the periods in which such estimate has been changed. In accordance with the Group's assessment, a reversal of impairment of inventories of HK\$2,088,000 was recorded in the current year.

4 重大會計估計及判斷(續)

(v) 當期及遞延税項

本集團須於多個司法權區繳納所得稅。釐定各此等司法權區之所得稅機備時須作出重大判斷。許多交易及計算方式之最終稅務金額乃未能確定。當此等事宜之最終稅務結果有別於最初記錄之金額時,有關差額將影響作出釐定期間之當期及遞延稅項資產及負債。

於管理層認為可能擁有未來應課 税溢利可用於抵扣暫時性差異 稅務虧損時,會確認與若干暫稅 差異有關之遞延稅項資產及項資產 虧損。釐定可確認之遞延稅項資 動時,管理層須根據可能够 之金額時,管理層須根據可能外 入未來稅務籌劃策略作出計,有關 差額將影響有關估計改變之職別 差額將影響有關估計改變之確認。 內遞延稅項資產及稅項之確認。

(vi) 存貨撥備

存貨根據對存貨可變現性之評估 撇減至可變現淨值。若有事件或事 態變化顯示結餘可能不可變現時 記入存貨撇減。確定撇減需要運用 判斷及估計。倘預期有別於原先估 計,則有關差額將影響有關估計改 變之期間之存貨賬面值及存貨撇 減。按本集團評估,本集團於本年 度錄得2,088,000港元之存貨減值 撥回。











綜合財務報表附註

4 CRITICAL ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES AND JUDGEMENTS (CONTINUED)

(vii) Impairment of receivables

The Group makes provision for impairment of receivables based on an assessment of the recoverability of the receivables. Provisions are applied to receivables where events or changes in circumstances indicate that the balances may not be collectible. The identification of impairment of receivables requires the use of judgement and estimates. Where the expectations are different from the original estimates, such differences will impact the carrying value of receivables and loss for the impairment of receivable is recognised in the years in which such estimates have been changed. Trade receivables of HK\$4,230,000 were written off and an impairment provision of HK\$3,890,000 was made by the Group in the current year.

(viii) Fair value of investment in an associate for purchase price allocation

Fair value of investment in an associate for purchase price allocation was determined based on valuation performed by management with reference to the valuation performed by an independent professional valuer. The inputs to the valuation model are taken from observable markets where possible, but where this is not feasible, a degree of judgement is required in establishing the fair values. Changes in the underlying assumptions of the valuation could affect the fair value of the investment in an associate at acquisition date for purchase price allocation.

5 SEGMENT INFORMATION

The Group's executive team, comprising all executive directors and headed by the managing director of the Company, is considered as the Chief Operating Decision Maker ("CODM"). The CODM reviews the performance of the Group on a regular basis.

4 重大會計估計及判斷(續)

(vii) 應收款項減值

本集團根據對應收款項可收回性 之評估計提應收款項減值撥備。若 有事件或事態變化顯示結餘可能 不可收回,則計提應收款項撥備。 確定應收款項減值須運用判斷及 估計。倘預期有別於原先估計,則 有關差額將影響有關估計改變 年度確認之應收款項賬面值及應 收款項減值虧損。本集團於本年度 撒銷應收貿易賬款4,230,000港元 及計提減值撥備3,890,000港元。

(viii) 有關購買價分配之聯營公司投資 之公允值

有關購買價分配之聯營公司投資 之公允值按管理層參照獨立專進 估值師進行之估值而進行之估值 釐定。估值模型之輸入數據在可能 情況下來自可觀察市場,惟倘此舉 並不可行,則會作出某程度之判斷 以設立公允值。估值之相關假設如 有變動,可能會影響聯營公司投資 於購買價分配之收購日期之公允 值。

5 分部資料

由本集團全體執行董事組成並由本公司 董事總經理領導之執行團隊為主要營運 決策人(「主要營運決策人」)。主要營運 決策人定期檢討本集團之表現。











綜合財務報表附註

5 SEGMENT INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

As substantial business operations of the Group relate to the manufacturing, selling and distribution of electronic components, the CODM makes decisions about resources allocation and performance assessment based on the entity-wide financial information. Accordingly, there is only one single reportable segment for the Group. Set out below is a summary list of key performance indicators reviewed by the CODM on a regular basis:

5 分部資料(續)

由於本集團大部份業務營運乃與製造、銷售及分銷電子零件有關,主要營運決策人按整間公司之財務資料作出有關資源分配及表現評估之決策。因此,本集團只有一個單一可呈報分部。主要營運決策人定期檢討之主要表現指標概要載列如下:

		2013	2012
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		二零一三年	二零一二年
		千港元	千港元
Revenue	收入	1,322,182	1,391,650
Gross profit	毛利	291,144	329,716
Gross profit margin (%)	毛利率(%)	22.0%	23.7%
EBITDA (Note i)	EBITDA(附註i)	210,216	226,427
EBITDA margin (%)	EBITDA比率(%)	15.9%	16.3%
Operating expenses (Note ii)	經營費用(附註ii)	223,652	220,019
Operating expenses/Revenue (%)	經營費用相對收入比率(%)	16.9%	15.8%
Profit for the year	本年度溢利	60,831	78,835
Net profit margin (%)	純利率(%)	4.6%	5.7%
Total assets	資產總值	2,778,270	2,921,938
Equity attributable to equity holders of	本公司股權持有人應佔權益		
the Company		1,531,331	1,426,701
Inventories	存貨	416,501	409,134
Inventory turnover days	存貨週轉天數	147	141
Trade receivables	應收貿易賬款	396,305	400,583
Trade receivables turnover days	應收貿易賬款週轉天數	109	105
Trade and bills payables	應付貿易賬款及票據	184,876	187,799
Trade and bills payables turnover days	應付貿易賬款及票據週轉天數	65	65
Total interest-bearing debt	計息債務總額	873,798	1,050,883
Cash and cash equivalents	現金及現金等值物	433,363	625,400
Cash classified as assets held-for-sale	分類為持作出售資產之現金	6,783	-
Net debt	借貸淨額	433,652	425,483
Net debt to equity ratio (%)	借貸淨額對權益比率(%)	28.3%	29.8%











綜合財務報表附註

5 SEGMENT INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

Note (i): EBITDA represents the earnings before interest expense, tax, depreciation and amortisation.

Note (ii): Operating expenses represent the expenditure that the Group incurs as a result of performing its normal business operations, including selling and distribution costs, administrative expenses and other operating expenses.

The following table presents the revenue and non-current assets of the Group by geographical location:

香港

臺灣

美國

歐洲

總計

香港 中國大陸

總計

其他國家

其他國家

東南亞韓國

中國大陸

Revenue

Hong Kong Mainland China

Southeast Asia

United States

Other countries

Taiwan

Korea

Europe

Total

Hong Kong

Total

Mainland China Other countries

5 分部資料(續)

附註(i): EBITDA指未計利息支出、税項、折

舊及攤銷前盈利。

附註(ii): 經營費用指本集團經營其一般業

務所產生之費用,包括銷售及分銷 費用、行政費用及其他經營費用。

下表列報本集團按地理位置劃分之收入及非流動資產:

收入

Year ended 31 December

截至十二月三十一日止年度

2013	2012
HK\$'000	HK\$'000
二零一三年	二零一二年
千港元	千港元
160,940	181,124
603,666	627,418
269,406	175,094
79,582	141,626
18,705	65,036
70,502	40,887
58,252	78,574
61,129	81,891
1,322,182	1,391,650

Non-current assets (exclude deferred tax assets and financial instruments)

非流動資產(不包括遞延税項資產及金融 工具)

As at 31 December

バーカニーーロ				
2013	2012			
HK\$'000	HK\$'000			
二零一三年	二零一二年			
千港元	千港元			
140,147	115,907			
985,666	1,048,597			
70,066	40,480			

1,204,984

1,195,879











綜合財務報表附註

6 REVENUE, OTHER INCOME AND OTHER LOSSES, NET

Revenue, which is also the Group's turnover, represents the net invoiced value of goods sold, after allowances for trade returns and discounts.

An analysis of revenue, other income and other losses, net is as follows:

6 收入、其他收入及其他虧損淨額

收入,亦為本集團之營業額,乃指所售出貨品經已扣除退貨及折扣之發票淨值。

收入、其他收入及其他虧損淨額分析如下:

		2013 HK\$'000 二零一三年 千港元	2012 HK\$'000 二零一二年 千港元
	ult 3		
Revenue	收入		
Manufacture and trading of electronic	製造及買賣電子零件	4 200 045	1 201 105
components Trading of raw materials	買賣原材料	1,286,645 35,537	1,391,185 465
Trading of raw materials		35,337	405
		4 4	4 204 650
		1,322,182	1,391,650
		2013	2012
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		二零一三年	二零一二年
		千港元 	千港元
	++ AL-11- 3		
Other income	其他收入		
Consultancy income from	來自一間合營企業之		
a joint venture	顧問收入	_	5,000
Scrap sales	廢料銷售	339	268
Subsidies from the PRC government	中國政府補助	2,735	1,118
Rental income generated from investment properties	投資物業產生之租金收入	1,510	240
Others	其他	1,753	1,022
		6,337	7,648











綜合財務報表附註

6 REVENUE, OTHER INCOME AND OTHER LOSSES, NET (CONTINUED)

6 收入、其他收入及其他虧損淨額 (續)

		2013	2012
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		二零一三年	二零一二年
		千港元	千港元
Other losses, net	其他虧損淨額		
Fair value (loss)/gain on derivative	衍生金融工具之公允值		
financial instruments	(虧損)/收益	(605)	314
Fair value gain on investment	投資物業之公允值收益		
properties		17,613	3,929
Gain on disposal of prepaid land	出售土地租賃預付款收益		
premium		1,946	_
Foreign exchange differences, net	匯兑差額淨額	(11,272)	1,326
Impairment loss on an available-for-	一項可供出售投資之		
sale investment (Note 20)	減值虧損(附註20)	(8,570)	(5,989)
		(888)	(420)

7 OPERATING PROFIT

The Group's operating profit is arrived at after charging/ (crediting) the following:

7 經營溢利

本集團之經營溢利已扣除/(計入)下列 各項:

2013

2012

		HK\$'000 二零一三年 千港元	HK\$'000 二零一二年 千港元
Employee benefit expense	僱員福利開支		
(including directors'	(包括董事酬金		
remuneration (Note 11)):	(附註11)):		
Wages and salaries	工資及薪酬	210,134	196,173
Share options granted to	授予董事及僱員之購股權		
directors and employees		-	1,094
Share options forfeited	已沒收之購股權	(2,294)	(165)
Pension scheme contributions	退休金計劃供款	11,138	10,333
		218,978	207,435











綜合財務報表附註

7 OPERATING PROFIT (CONTINUED)

7 經營溢利(續)

			2013	2012
		Notes	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
			二零一三年	二零一二年
		附註	千港元	千港元
Cost of inventories sold	已出售存貨成本			
(include raw materials and	(包括已使用之			
consumables used and	原材料及消耗品以及			
changes in inventories of	產成品及在製品之			
finished goods and work	存貨變動)			
in progress)			1,033,126	1,054,171
Auditor's remuneration	核數師酬金			
Audit services	核數服務		1,971	1,848
Non-audit services	非核數服務		1,180	1,147
Depreciation of property,	物業、廠房及設備折舊			
plant and equipment		17	98,803	96,878
Amortisation of prepaid land	土地租賃預付款攤銷			
premium		18	2,096	2,129
Amortisation of intangible assets	無形資產攤銷	21	980	872
Gain on disposal of property,	出售物業、廠房及			
plant and equipment	設備收益		(238)	(77)
Lease payments under operating	土地及樓宇之			
leases for land and buildings	經營租賃租金支出		21,957	21,564
(Reversal of impairment)/impairment	存貨(減值撥回)/			
of inventories	減值		(2,088)	7,763
Impairment/(reversal of impairment)	應收貿易賬款減值/			
of trade receivables	(減值撥回)		3,890	(1,166)
Trade receivables written off	撇銷應收貿易賬款		4,230	252
Fair value loss/(gain) on financial	以公允值計入收益表之			
assets at fair value through	金融資產公允值			
profit or loss	虧損/(收益)		1	(6)
Deferred income recognised	遞延收入確認為收入			
as income			(1,384)	(1,414)











綜合財務報表附註

8 CHANGES IN FAIR VALUES OF DERIVATIVE FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

8 衍生金融工具公允值之變動

20132012HK\$'000HK\$'000二零一三年二零一二年千港元千港元

Fair value gains/(losses) on interest 利率掉期之公允值 rate swap 收益/(虧損)

(7,840)

At 31 December 2013, the Group held certain interest rate swap contracts entered into in 2009 and 2010 for a contracted period of ten years each. These contracts were entered into to stabilise the Group's overall interest expense for the periods covered by these contracts.

於二零一三年十二月三十一日,本集團持有若干於二零零九年及二零一零年訂立 之利率掉期合約,合約年期各為十年。該 等合約乃為穩定本集團於合約期內之整 體利息支出而訂立。

8,480

9 FINANCE COSTS

9 財務支出

		2013	2012
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		二零一三年	二零一二年
		千港元	千港元
Interest expense on bank loans	須於五年內償還之		
repayable within five years	銀行貸款之利息支出	28,068	27,615

10 FINANCE INCOME

10 財務收入

		2013	2012
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		二零一三年	二零一二年
		千港元	千港元
Interest income from loan to	給予一間合營企業之		
a joint venture (Note 41)	貸款之利息收入(附註41)	4,243	4,162
Interest income from term deposits and	定期存款及銀行結餘之利息收入		
bank balances		4,298	8,046
		8,541	12,208











綜合財務報表附註

11 DIRECTORS' AND CHIEF EXECUTIVES' REMUNERATION

Directors' remuneration, including remuneration of chief executives (Ms. Kee Chor Lin and Mr. Chan Yu Ching, Eugene) for the year, disclosed pursuant to the Appendix 14 of the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Listing Rules") and Section 161 of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance, is as follows:

11 董事及主要行政人員酬金

根據香港聯合交易所有限公司證券上市規則(「上市規則」)附錄14及香港公司條例第161條披露之年內董事酬金(包括主要行政人員紀楚蓮女士及陳宇澄先生之酬金)如下:

		2013	2012
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		二零一三年	二零一二年
		千港元	千港元
Fees	袍金	1,120	1,120
Other emoluments:	其他酬金:		
Salaries and allowances	薪酬及津貼	12,332	10,226
Bonuses	花紅	3,090	5,157
Pension scheme contributions	退休金計劃供款	63	56
Total directors' remuneration	董事酬金總額	16,605	16,559

(a) Independent non-executive directors

The fees paid to independent non-executive directors during the year were as follows:

(a) 獨立非執行董事

年內已付予獨立非執行董事之袍 金如下:

		2013	2012
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		二零一三年	二零一二年
		千港元	千港元
Mar, Selwyn	馬紹援	400	400
Li Sau Hung, Eddy	李秀恒	360	360
Lo Kwok Kwei, David	羅國貴	360	360
		1,120	1,120

There were no other emoluments payable to the independent non-executive directors during the year (2012: Nil).

本年度內並無其他應付予獨立非 執行董事之酬金(二零一二年: 無)。











綜合財務報表附註

11 DIRECTORS' AND CHIEF EXECUTIVES' REMUNERATION (CONTINUED)

11 董事及主要行政人員酬金 (續)

(b) Executive directors

(b) 執行董事

				Pension	
		Salaries and	_	scheme	Total
		allowances		contributions	
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK \$'000 退休金	HK\$'000
		薪酬及津貼	花紅	計劃供款	總酬金
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
2013	二零一三年				
Executive directors:	執行董事:				
Kee Chor Lin	紀楚蓮	4,888	2,550	15	7,453
Chan Yu Ching, Eugene	陳宇澄	4,070	240	15	4,325
Ko Pak On ¹	高伯安1	194	_	3	197
Wong Ching Ming, Stanley	王晴明	1,080	150	15	1,245
Yeung Yuk Lun ²	楊毓麟2	2,100	150	15	2,265
		12,332	3,090	63	15,485
				ъ.	
		Calavias and		Pension	Takal
		Salaries and	Danuese	scheme	Total
		allowances	Bonuses	scheme contributions	remuneration
			Bonuses HK\$'000	scheme contributions HK\$'000	
		allowances HK\$'000	HK\$'000	scheme contributions HK\$'000 退休金	remuneration HK\$'000
		allowances HK\$'000 薪酬及津貼	HK\$'000 花紅	scheme contributions HK\$'000 退休金 計劃供款	remuneration HK\$'000 總酬金
		allowances HK\$'000	HK\$'000	scheme contributions HK\$'000 退休金	remuneration HK\$'000
2012	二零一二年	allowances HK\$'000 薪酬及津貼	HK\$'000 花紅	scheme contributions HK\$'000 退休金 計劃供款	remuneration HK\$'000 總酬金
2012 Executive directors:	二零一二年 執行董事:	allowances HK\$'000 薪酬及津貼	HK\$'000 花紅	scheme contributions HK\$'000 退休金 計劃供款	remuneration HK\$'000 總酬金
		allowances HK\$'000 薪酬及津貼	HK\$'000 花紅	scheme contributions HK\$'000 退休金 計劃供款	remuneration HK\$'000 總酬金
Executive directors:	執行董事: 紀楚蓮 陳宇澄	allowances HK\$'000 薪酬及津貼 千港元	HK\$'000 花紅 千港元	scheme contributions HK\$'000 退休金 計劃供款 千港元	remuneration HK\$'000 總酬金 千港元
Executive directors: Kee Chor Lin Chan Yu Ching, Eugene Ko Pak On ¹	執行董事: 紀楚蓮 陳宇澄 高伯安 ¹	allowances HK\$'000 薪酬及津貼 千港元	HK\$'000 花紅 千港元 3,715	scheme contributions HK\$'000 退休金 計劃供款 千港元	remuneration HK\$'000 總酬金 千港元
Executive directors: Kee Chor Lin Chan Yu Ching, Eugene	執行董事: 紀楚蓮 陳宇澄	allowances HK\$'000 薪酬及津貼 千港元 4,579 3,553	HK\$'000 花紅 千港元 3,715	scheme contributions HK\$'000 退休金 計劃供款 干港元	remuneration HK\$'000 總酬金 千港元 8,308 4,447
Executive directors: Kee Chor Lin Chan Yu Ching, Eugene Ko Pak On ¹	執行董事: 紀楚蓮 陳宇澄 高伯安 ¹	allowances HK\$'000 薪酬及津貼 千港元 4,579 3,553 1,014	HK\$'000 花紅 千港元 3,715 880	scheme contributions HK\$'000 退休金 計劃供款 千港元	remuneration HK\$'000 總酬金 千港元 8,308 4,447 1,028
Executive directors: Kee Chor Lin Chan Yu Ching, Eugene Ko Pak On ¹	執行董事: 紀楚蓮 陳宇澄 高伯安 ¹	allowances HK\$'000 薪酬及津貼 千港元 4,579 3,553 1,014	HK\$'000 花紅 千港元 3,715 880	scheme contributions HK\$'000 退休金 計劃供款 千港元	remuneration HK\$'000 總酬金 千港元 8,308 4,447 1,028

Mr. Ko Pak On resigned as an executive director of the Company with effect from 28 February 2013.

Mr. Yeung Yuk Lun was appointed as an executive director of the Company with effect from 1 March 2013.

¹ 高伯安先生於二零一三年 二月二十八日辭任本公司 之執行董事。

² 楊毓麟先生於二零一三年 三月一日獲委任本公司之 執行董事。











綜合財務報表附註

11 DIRECTORS' AND CHIEF EXECUTIVES' REMUNERATION (CONTINUED)

(b) Executive directors (Continued)

No remuneration has been paid by the Group to the directors as an inducement to join or upon joining the Group, or as compensation for loss of office. None of the directors waived or agreed to waive any remuneration during the year (2012: Nil).

12 FIVE HIGHEST PAID INDIVIDUALS

The five highest paid individuals during the year included four (2012: three) directors, details of whose remuneration are set out in Note 11 above.

Details of the remuneration of the remaining one highest paid individual (2012: two individuals) during the year were as follows:

11 董事及主要行政人員酬金 (續)

(b) 執行董事(續)

本集團並無向董事支付任何酬金 作為加入本集團或加入本集團時 之獎金或作為其離職補償。年內, 董事概無放棄或同意放棄任何酬 金(二零一二年:無)。

12 五名最高薪酬僱員

年內五名最高薪酬僱員包括四名(二零 一二年:三名)董事,有關彼等酬金之詳 情載於上文附註11內。

年內其餘一名(二零一二年:兩名)最高 薪酬僱員酬金之詳情如下:

		2013	2012
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		二零一三年	二零一二年
. <u></u>		千港元	千港元
Salaries and allowances	薪酬及津貼	1,170	3,360
Bonuses	花紅	135	-
Pension scheme contributions	退休金計劃供款	15	28
		1,320	3,388

The number of non-director, highest paid individuals, whose remuneration fell within the following band is as follows:

最高薪酬非董事僱員在下列酬金組別之 人數如下:

Number of employees

僱員人數

 2013
 2012

 二零一三年
 二零一二年

Between HK\$2,000,000 to	介乎2,000,000港元至		
HK\$2,499,999	2,499,999港元	-	1
Between HK\$1,000,000 to	介乎1,000,000港元至		
HK\$1,499,999	1,499,999港元	1	1

No remuneration has been paid by the Group to the five highest paid individuals as an inducement to join or upon joining the Group, or as compensation for loss of office. None of the five highest paid individuals waived or agreed to waive any remuneration during the year (2012: Nil).

本集團並無向五名最高薪酬僱員支付任何酬金作為加入本集團或加入本集團時之獎金或作為其離職補償。年內,五名最高薪酬僱員概無放棄或同意放棄任何酬金(二零一二年:無)。











綜合財務報表附註

13 **TAX**

Hong Kong profits tax has been provided at the rate of 16.5% (2012: 16.5%) on the estimated assessable profits arising in Hong Kong during the year. Taxes on profits assessable elsewhere have been calculated at the rates of tax prevailing in the jurisdictions in which the Group operates, based on existing legislation, interpretations and practices in respect thereof.

税項 13

香港利得税乃按年內於香港賺取之估計 應課税溢利按税率16.5%(二零一二年: 16.5%) 撥備。其他地區應課税溢利之税 項乃按本集團經營所在司法權區之現行稅 率,根據其現行法例、詮釋及慣例計算。

		2013 HK\$'000 二零一三年 千港元	2012 HK\$'000 二零一二年 千港元
Charge for the year:	本年度支出:		
Current:	即期:		
Hong Kong	香港	9,061	18,505
Mainland China	中國大陸	4,772	12,278
Under-provision in prior years	過往年度撥備不足	1,420	292
		15,253	31,075
Deferred (Note 33)	遞延(附註33)	4,185	(10,977)
Total tax charge for the year	本年度總税項支出	19,438	20,098

In accordance with the relevant tax rules and regulations in Mainland China, certain of the Company's subsidiaries in Mainland China enjoy tax exemptions. Certain subsidiaries in Mainland China are subject to income taxes at applicable rates ranging from 15% to 25%.

根據中國大陸相關稅務規則及法規,本公 司若干位於中國大陸之附屬公司可享有 免税優惠。若干位於中國大陸之附屬公司 須按15%至25%不等之適用税率繳納所 得税。











綜合財務報表附註

13 TAX (CONTINUED)

A reconciliation of the tax expense applicable to profit before tax using the statutory rates for the countries/jurisdictions in which the Company and the majority of its subsidiaries are domiciled to the tax expense at the effective tax rates is as follows:

13 税項(續)

使用本公司及其大部份附屬公司經營所在國家/司法權區之法定税率計算之除 税前溢利之適用税項開支,與按實際税率 計算之税項開支之對賬如下:

		2013		2012	
		二零一三年		二零一:	二年 %
		HK\$'000 千港元	% 百分比	HK\$'000 千港元	百分比
		1 7870	4,3,70	17878	H 77 20
Profit before tax	除税前溢利	80,269		98,933	
Tax calculated at domestic tax rates applicable to profits in the	按適用於個別國家溢利之 當地税率計算之税項			40.752	
respective countries Lower tax rate for	當地指定機構享有之	7,864		10,753	
specific local authority	新地相足機構子有之 較低税率	(565)		(1,617)	
Income not subject to tax	毋須課税收入	(9,747)		(4,505)	
Expenses not deductible for tax	不可作税項抵免支出	4,004		10,742	
Under-provision in prior years	過往年度撥備不足	1,420		292	
Recognition of tax losses	確認以往未確認				
not previously recognised	税務虧損	(1,098)		-	
Utilisation of tax losses	動用以往未確認				
not previously recognised	税務虧損	(66)		(538)	
Reversal of tax losses	撥回以往確認之				
previously recognised	税務虧損	3,682		_	
Tax losses not recognised	未確認税務虧損	13,944		4,971	
Tax charge at the Group's	按本集團實際税率				
effective rate	計算之税項支出	19,438	24.2	20,098	20.3

The share of tax charge attributable to joint ventures and an associate amounting to HK\$4,693,000 (2012: HK\$399,000) is included in "Share of results of joint ventures" and "Share of results of an associate" on the face of the consolidated income statement.

應佔合營企業及聯營公司税項支出 4,693,000港元(二零一二年:399,000港元)已計入綜合收益表之「應佔合營企業 之業績」及「應佔聯營公司之業績」。











綜合財務報表附註

13 TAX (CONTINUED)

The tax charge relating to components of other comprehensive income is as follows:

13 税項(續)

與其他全面收益各部份相關之税項支出 如下:

			2013		2012		
		Before tax HK\$'000 除税前 千港元	二零一三年 Tax HK\$'000 税項 千港元	After tax HK\$'000 除税後 千港元	Before tax HK\$'000 除税前 千港元	二零一二年 Tax HK\$'000 税項 千港元	After tax HK\$'000 除税後 千港元
Fair value gains: - Land and buildings - An available-for-sale investment Currency translation differences	公允值收益: 一土地及樓宇 一一項可供出售投資 匯兑差額	9,097 335 60,072	(1,859) - -	7,238 335 60,072	28,585 264 (3,624)	(5,855) - -	22,730 264 (3,624)
Other comprehensive income	其他全面收益	69,504	(1,859)	67,645	25,225	(5,855)	19,370
Deferred tax (Note 33)	遞延税項(附註33)		(1,859)			(5,855)	

14 PROFIT ATTRIBUTABLE TO EQUITY HOLDERS OF THE COMPANY

The profit for the year attributable to equity holders of the Company is dealt with in the financial statements of the Company to the extent of a profit of HK\$1,845,000 (2012: HK\$48,729,000).

15 EARNINGS PER SHARE

The calculation of basic earnings per share is based on the profit for the year attributable to equity holders of the Company of HK\$61,021,000 (2012: HK\$79,875,000), and the weighted average of 479,090,000 (2012: 479,090,000) ordinary shares in issue during the year.

14 本公司股權持有人應佔溢利

本公司股權持有人應佔本年度溢利按溢利 1,845,000港元(二零一二年:48,729,000 港元)於本公司之財務報表內處理。

15 每股盈利

每股基本盈利乃根據本公司股權持有人應佔本年度溢利61,021,000港元(二零一二年:79,875,000港元)及年內已發行普通股之加權平均數479,090,000股(二零一二年:479,090,000股)計算。











2012

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

綜合財務報表附註

15 EARNINGS PER SHARE (CONTINUED)

Diluted earnings per share is calculated by adjusting the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding to assume conversion of all dilutive potential ordinary shares.

Diluted earnings per share for the year ended 31 December 2012 and 31 December 2013 were the same as the basic earnings per share as the Company's share options outstanding during the years were anti-dilutive potential ordinary shares.

15 每股盈利(續)

每股攤薄盈利乃透過調整已發行普通股 之加權平均數計算,以假設兑換所有具攤 薄影響之潛在普通股。

由於本公司於截至二零一二年十二月 三十一日及二零一三年十二月三十一日 止年度內之未獲行使購股權為具有反攤 薄影響之潛在普通股,故該等年度之每股 攤薄盈利與每股基本盈利相同。

16 DIVIDENDS

16 股息

		2013 HK\$'000 二零一三年 千港元	HK\$'000 二零一二年 千港元
Interim – 2.0 HK cents (2012: 2.0 HK cents) per ordinary share Proposed final – 1.5 HK cents (2012: 2.5 HK cents)	中期-每股普通股2.0港仙 (二零一二年:2.0港仙) 擬派末期-每股普通股1.5港仙 (二零一二年:2.5港仙)	9,582	9,582
per ordinary share		7,186	11,977
		16,768	21,559

The proposed final dividend for the year is subject to the approval of the Company's shareholders at the forthcoming annual general meeting.

年內擬派末期股息須待本公司股東於即 將舉行之股東週年大會上批准,方可作 實。











綜合財務報表附註

17 PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

17 物業、廠房及設備

Group 本集團

				Machinery and	Furniture and	Motor	Leasehold improve-	Construction	
		Land HK\$'000	Buildings HK\$'000	equipment HK\$'000	fixtures HK\$'000	vehicles HK\$'000	ments HK\$'000 租賃物業	in progress HK\$'000	Total HK\$'000
		土地	樓宇	機器及設備	傢俬及裝置	車輛	裝修	在建工程	總計
		千港元	千港元	千港元 ———	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
2013	二零一三年								
At 1 January 2013:	於二零一三年 一月一日:								
Cost or valuation	成本值或估值	39,021	176,194	1,096,796	32,771	17,140	119,672	60,487	1,542,081
Accumulated depreciation	累計折舊	-	_	(622,565)	(25,510)	(12,756)	(46,905)	_	(707,736)
Net carrying amount	賬面淨值	39,021	176,194	474,231	7,261	4,384	72,767	60,487	834,345
Opening net carrying amount	年初賬面淨額	39,021	176,194	474,231	7,261	4,384	72,767	60,487	834,345
Additions	添置	-	5,710	33,449	1,555	1,036	4,815	14,829	61,394
Disposals Surplus on revaluation	出售 重估盈餘	- 4,572	4,525	(748)	(133)	(14)	_	_	(895) 9,097
Depreciation provided	年內折舊撥備	4,372	4,323	_	_	_	_	_	5,057
during the year		(462)	(6,854)	(77,844)	(1,632)	(1,265)	(10,746)	_	(98,803)
Transfers	轉撥	-	42,309	25,698	(5)	-	(883)	(67,119)	-
Transfer to assets held-for-	轉撥至持作出售之					()			()
sale (Note 30) Exchange realignment	資產 (附註30) 匯兑調整	_	6,046	- 14,752	- 173	(77) 82	2,130	1,122	(77) 24,305
- Licharige realignment	<u> </u>		0,040	14,732	173	02	2,130	1,122	24,303
Closing net carrying amount	年末賬面淨額	43,131	227,930	469,538	7,219	4,146	68,083	9,319	829,366
At 31 December 2013:	於二零一三年 十二月三十一日:								
Cost or valuation	成本值或估值	43,131	227,930	1,188,249	34,941	17,843	126,598	9,319	1,648,011
Accumulated depreciation	累計折舊	-	_	(718,711)	(27,722)	(13,697)	(58,515)	_	(818,645)
Closing net carrying amount	年末賬面淨額	43,131	227,930	469,538	7,219	4,146	68,083	9,319	829,366
Analysis of cost or valuation:				4.400.000		4=	400		4.000.000
At cost At 2013 valuation	按成本值 按二零一三年估值	- 43,131	- 227,930	1,188,249	34,941	17,843	126,598	9,319 –	1,376,950 271,061
At 2013 Valuation	以一令 二十旧但	43,131	221,330						271,001
		43,131	227,930	1,188,249	34,941	17,843	126,598	9,319	1,648,011











綜合財務報表附註

17 PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT (CONTINUED)

17 物業、廠房及設備(續)

Group (Continued)

本集團(續)

				Machinery	Furniture		Leasehold		
				and	and	Motor	improve-	Construction	
		Land	Buildings	equipment	fixtures	vehicles	ments	in progress	Total
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000 租賃物業	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		土地	樓宇	機器及設備	傢俬及裝置	車輛	世	在建工程	總計
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
2012	二零一二年								
At 1 January 2012:	於二零一二年 一月一日:								
Cost or valuation	成本值或估值	30,060	140,261	997,557	30,903	16,449	93,737	65,830	1,374,797
Accumulated depreciation	累計折舊	-	-	(544,541)	(23,150)	(11,363)	(37,819)	-	(616,873)
Net carrying amount	賬面淨額	30,060	140,261	453,016	7,753	5,086	55,918	65,830	757,924
ivet carrying amount	松 四 伊 枳	30,000	140,201	455,010	1,133	3,000	77,310	05,630	737,324
Opening net carrying amount	年初賬面淨額	30,060	140,261	453,016	7,753	5,086	55,918	65,830	757,924
Additions	添置	· -	· -	88,294	1,830	692	26,022	35,741	152,579
Disposals	出售	_	(512)	(251)	(4)	_	_	_	(767)
Surplus on revaluation	重估盈餘	14,490	14,095	-	-	-	-	-	28,585
Depreciation provided	年內折舊撥備								
during the year		(462)	(5,017)	(78,414)	(2,373)	(1,394)	(9,218)	-	(96,878)
Transfer to investment	轉撥至投資物業								
properties		(5,067)	(2,096)	-	-	-	-	-	(7,163)
Transfers	轉撥	-	29,375	11,622	53	-	-	(41,050)	-
Exchange realignment	匯兑調整	_	88	(36)	2		45	(34)	65
Closing net carrying amount	年末賬面淨額	39,021	176,194	474,231	7,261	4,384	72,767	60,487	834,345
A+ 24 Dh 2012.	₩ - क - Æ								
At 31 December 2012:	於二零一二年 十二月三十一日:								
Cost or valuation	「一万二」 一口・ 成本值或估值	39,021	176,194	1,096,796	32,771	17,140	119,672	60,487	1,542,081
Accumulated depreciation	累計折舊	33,021	170,134	(622,565)	(25,510)	(12,756)	(46,905)	00,467	(707,736)
Accumulated depreciation	糸印 別百			(022,303)	(25,510)	(12,730)	(40,303)		(707,730)
Closing net carrying amount	年末賬面淨額	39,021	176,194	474,231	7,261	4,384	72,767	60,487	834,345
	B 1 45 B 11 11 - 12								
Analysis of cost or valuation:				4.005.705	20.774	4=	440.070	60 to=	4 22 5 25 -
At cost	按成本值	-	476.40:	1,096,796	32,771	17,140	119,672	60,487	1,326,866
At 2012 valuation	按二零一二年估值	39,021	176,194	-	-	-	-	-	215,215
		39,021	176,194	1,096,796	32,771	17,140	119,672	60,487	1,542,081











綜合財務報表附註

17 PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT (CONTINUED)

The Group's land and buildings were revalued individually on 31 December 2013 by Memfus Wong Surveyors Limited, an independent professionally qualified valuer, at an aggregate open market value of HK\$271,061,000 (2012: HK\$215,215,000). A revaluation gain totalling HK\$9,097,000 (2012: HK\$28,585,000), resulting from the above valuations, has been credited to the relevant asset revaluation reserve. Had these land and buildings been carried at historical cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses, their carrying values would have been approximately HK\$184,168,000 (2012: HK\$138,534,000).

For land and buildings located in Hong Kong, the best evidence of the open market value is the current prices in an active market for similar investment properties. For those located in the People's Republic of China (the "PRC"), there are no readily identifiable market comparables. They are valued on the basis of their depreciated replacement costs using the depreciated replacement cost approach. At the end of each reporting period, the directors update the assessment of the open market value of each land and building, taking into account the most recent valuations performed by independent professionally qualified valuers

物業、廠房及設備(續) 17

本集團各項土地及樓宇已由獨立專業合資 格估值師黃開基測計師行有限公司重估 其於二零一三年十二月三十一日之公開 市場總值為271,061,000港元(二零一二 年:215,215,000港元)。上述估值產生 重估收益合共9,097,000港元(二零一二 年:28,585,000港元),已計入有關資產 重估儲備。假設該等土地及樓宇按歷史成 本減累計折舊及減值虧損列賬,則其賬 面值應約為184,168,000港元(二零一二 年:138,534,000港元)。

就位於香港之土地及樓宇,公開市值之最 佳憑證為活躍市場上類似投資物業之現 行價格。至於位於中華人民共和國(「中 國」)之土地及樓宇,由於無法取得可識 別之市場可資比較價格,故利用折舊重 置成本法以折舊重置成本為基準進行估 值。於各報告期間結束時,董事會更新對 各土地及樓宇之公開市值之評估,當中已 計及獨立專業合資格估值師最近期進行 之估值。











綜合財務報表附註

17 PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT (CONTINUED)

The following table analysed the land and buildings carried at revalued amount, by valuation method.

Fair value hierarchy

17 物業、廠房及設備(續)

下表以估值法分析按重估金額列賬之土 地及樓宇。

公平值層級

Fair value measurements at 31 December 2013 using 於二零一三年十二月三十一日利用下列各項進行之公允值計量

Quoted prices

Significant	Significant	in active
unobservable	other	markets for
inputs	observable	identical
(Level 3)	inputs	assets
(Note)	(Level 2)	(Level 1)
HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
重大不可		
觀察輸入數據	其他重大可	相同資產之
(第三層)	觀察輸入數據	活躍市場報價
(附註)	(第二層)	(第一層)
千港元	千港元	千港元

Recurring fair value measurements

– Land and buildings

經常性公允值計量 一土地及樓宇

- -

Note: For fair value measurement under Level 3, inputs for the asset or liability are not based on observable market data (that is, unobservable inputs)

The Group's policy is to recognise transfers into and transfers out of fair value hierarchy levels as of the date of the event or change in circumstances that caused the transfer.

There were no transfers among Levels 1, 2 and 3 during the year.

附註: 就第三層下之公允值計量而言,資產 或負債之輸入數據並非以可觀察市場 數據(即不可觀察輸入數據)為基礎

271,061

本集團之政策為於出現導致公允值層級 之間轉移之事件或狀況變動當日,確認有 關轉移。

年內,第一層、第二層及第三層之間並無 轉移。











綜合財務報表附註

17 PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT (CONTINUED)

Fair value measurements using significant unobservable inputs (Level 3)

17 物業、廠房及設備(續)

利用重大不可觀察輸入數據(第三層)之公允值計量

Land and buildings

			•	
			土地及樓宇	
		Hong Kong	PRC	Total
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		香港	中國	總計
		千港元	千港元	千港元
At 1 January 2013	於二零一三年一月一日	46,201	169,014	215,215
Additions	增添	-	5,710	5,710
Surplus on revaluation	重估盈餘	4,886	4,211	9,097
Depreciation provided	年內計提之折舊撥備			
during the year		(587)	(6,729)	(7,316)
Transfers	轉撥	-	42,309	42,309
Exchange realignment	匯兑調整	-	6,046	6,046
At 31 December 2013	於二零一三年			
	十二月三十一日	50,500	220,561	271,061
Total revaluation gain for the y	ear 計入重估儲備之			
credited to the revaluation r		4,886	4,211	9,097

Level 3 fair values of land and buildings in Hong Kong have been derived using the direct comparison approach, which basically uses the comparable sales transactions as available in the relevant market to derive the fair value of the property.

Level 3 fair values of land and buildings in the PRC have been derived using the depreciated replacement cost approach, which is based on an estimate of the market value for the existing use of the land, plus the current cost of replacement of the existing structures less deductions for physical deterioration and all relevant forms of obsolescence and optimisation.

香港土地及樓宇之第三層公允值利用直接比較法達致。直接比較法一般利用相關市場上可查閱之可資比較銷售交易達致物業公允值。

中國土地及樓宇之第三層公允值利用折舊重置成本法達致。折舊重置成本法以對現時使用土地之市值之估計為基礎,另加重置現有構築物之現時成本,再減去就實體損耗以及所有相關形式之陳舊及優化之扣項。











綜合財務報表附註

17 PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT (CONTINUED)

An analysis of the Group's leasehold land is as follows:

17 物業、廠房及設備(續)

本集團租賃土地分析如下:

Group 本集團

2013

 HK\$'000
 HK\$'000

 二零一三年
 二零一二年

In Hong Kong, held on: 位於香港·按下列持有: Leases of over 50 years 50年以上之租賃

39,021

2012

18 PREPAID LAND PREMIUM

The movement in prepaid land premium during the year were as follows:

18 土地租賃預付款

年內土地租賃預付款之變動如下:

43,131

		Group		
		本負	更	
		2013	2012	
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	
		二零一三年	二零一二年	
		千港元	千港元	
Carrying amount at 1 January	於一月一日之賬面金額	95,235	97,395	
Amortisation during the year	年內攤銷	(2,096)	(2,129)	
Disposal	出售	(63,403)	_	
Exchange realignment	匯兑調整	2,017	(31)	
Carrying amount at 31 December	於十二月三十一日之賬面金額	31,753	95,235	











綜合財務報表附註

18 PREPAID LAND PREMIUM (CONTINUED)

An analysis of the Group's leasehold land is as follows:

土地租賃預付款(續) 18

本集團租賃土地分析如下:

Group 本集團

2013 HK\$'000

2012 HK\$'000

二零一三年

二零一二年

千港元

千港元

Medium term leases: Mainland China

中期租約: 中國大陸

31,753

95,235

19 **INVESTMENT PROPERTIES**

投資物業 19

2013 HK\$'000

2012

二零一三年

HK\$'000 二零一二年

千港元

千港元

At fair value	按公允值
At 1 January	於一月一日
Acquisitions	收購

65,341

54,245

Transfer from owner-occupied property Gain from fair value adjustment

轉撥自業主自用物業 公允值調整收益

17,613 **50** 7,163 3,929 4

At 31 December

Exchange realignment

於十二月三十一日

匯兑調整

83,004

65,341

(a) Amounts recognised in profit and loss for investment properties

就投資物業於收益表確認之金額 (a)

> Group 本集團

2013

2012 HK\$'000

HK\$'000 二零一三年

二零一二年

千港元

千港元

240

Rental income Direct operating expenses from property that generated

rental income

租金收入 產生租金收入之物業之 直接營運開支

(147)

1,510

(38)

1,363

202











綜合財務報表附註

19 INVESTMENT PROPERTIES (CONTINUED)

(b) Valuation basis

The Group obtains independent valuations for its investment properties at least annually. In the current year, the valuations are performed by Memfus Wong Surveyors Limited and Roma Appraisals Limited, independent professionally qualified valuers. At the end of each reporting period, the directors update their assessment of the fair value of each property, taking into account the most recent independent valuations. The directors determine a property's value within a range of reasonable fair value estimates.

The best evidence of fair value is current prices in an active market for similar investment properties. Where such information is not available the directors consider information from a variety of sources including:

- current prices in an active market for properties of different nature or recent prices of similar properties in less active markets, adjusted to reflect those differences;
- (ii) discounted cash flow projections based on reliable estimates of future cash flows; or
- (iii) capitalised income projections based upon a property's estimated net market income, and a capitalisation rate derived from an analysis of market evidence.

The valuation gain is included in "Other losses, net" in the consolidated income statement (Note 6).

19 投資物業(續)

(b) 估值基準

本集團最少每年一次就其投資物 業取得獨立估值。於本年度內,估 值由獨立專業合資格估值師黃開 基測計師行有限公司及羅馬國際 評估有限公司進行。董事於各報告 期間結束時更新彼等對各項物業 公允值之評估,當中已計及最近之 獨立估值。董事以合理之公允值估 計範圍釐定物業之價值。

公允值之最佳憑證為類似投資物 業於活躍市場上之現行價格。倘未 能取得有關資料,則董事會考慮來 自多項資料來源之資料,包括:

- (i) 不同性質之物業於活躍市場上之現行價格或類似物業於稍欠活躍之市場上之近期價格,並為反映該等差異而作出調整:
- (ii) 依照未來現金流之可靠估 計進行之貼現現金流量預 測:或
- (iii) 依照物業之估計淨市場收入進行之資本化收入預測及從市場憑證分析得出之資本化比率。

估值收益會計入綜合收益表內之 「其他虧損淨額」(附註6)。











綜合財務報表附註

19 INVESTMENT PROPERTIES (CONTINUED)

The following table analyses the investment properties carried at fair value by valuation method.

Fair value hierarchy

19 投資物業(續)

下表分析以估值法按公允值列賬之投資物業。

公允值層級

Fair value measurements at 31 December 2013 using 於二零一三年十二月三十一日 利用下列各項進行之公允值計量

Quoted prices

in active	Significant	
markets for	other	Significant
identical	observable	unobservable
assets	inputs	inputs
(Level 1)	(Level 2)	(Level 3)
HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
	其他重大	
相同資產之	可觀察	重大不可觀察
活躍市場報價	輸入數據	輸入數據
(第一層)	(第二層)	(第三層)
千港元	千港元	千港元

Recurring fair value measurements

measurements 經常性公允值計量

- Investment properties

一投資物業

本集團之政策為於出現導致公允值層級 之間轉移之事件或狀況變動當日,確認有 關轉移。

83,004

of fair value hierarchy levels as of the date of the event or change in circumstances that caused the transfer.

The Group's policy is to recognise transfers into and transfers out

There were no transfers among Levels 1, 2 and 3 during the year.

年內,第一層、第二層及第三層之間並無轉移。











綜合財務報表附註

19 INVESTMENT PROPERTIES (CONTINUED)

19 投資物業(續)

Fair value measurements using significant unobservable inputs (Level 3)

利用重大不可觀察輸入數據(第三層)之公允值計量

Investment properties

		Hong Kong	PRC	Total
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		香港	中國	總計
		千港元	千港元	千港元
At 1 January 2013	 《二零一三年一月一日	63,800	1,541	65,341
Gain from fair value adjustment	公允值調整收益	17,500	113	17,613
Exchange realignment		_	50	50
At 31 December 2013 旅	 令二零一三年			
	十二月三十一日	81,300	1,704	83,004
Total valuation gain for the year 家	就於年終持有之資產計入			
included in profit or loss for	收益表「其他虧損淨額」			
assets held at the end of the year,	下之年內估值收益總額			
under "Other losses, net"		17,500	113	17,613
2.1.2.2. 0 0.10. 105505, 1.00		,250		,010
	↓			
· · ·	就於年終持有之資產計入			
year included in profit or loss for	收益表之年內未變現			
assets held at the end of the year	收益變動	17,500	113	17,613

Level 3 fair values of investment properties have been derived using the direct comparison approach, which basically uses the comparable sales transactions as available in the relevant market to derive the fair values of the properties.

投資物業之第三層公允值利用直接比較 法達致。直接比較法一般利用相關市場上 可查閱之可資比較銷售交易達致物業公 允值。











綜合財務報表附註

INVESTMENT PROPERTIES (CONTINUED) 19

The Group's interests in investment properties at their net book values are analysed as follows:

19 投資物業(續)

本集團於投資物業之權益按賬面淨值分 析如下:

Group

本集團

2013 HK\$'000 HK\$'000

二零一三年 二零一二年

> 千港元 千港元

2012

In Hong Kong, held on: 於香港,按下列租約持有:

Leases of over 50 years 超過50年之租約 81,300 63,800 In Mainland China 於中國大陸 1,704 1,541

20 **AVAILABLE-FOR-SALE INVESTMENTS**

可供出售投資 20

		Group			
		本負	美 團		
		2013	2012		
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000		
		二零一三年	二零一二年		
		千港元	千港元		
At 1 January	於一月一日	20,203	25,953		
Change in fair value transfer to equity	轉撥至權益之公允值變動	335	264		
Exchange realignment	匯兑調整	290	(25)		
Impairment loss recognised in	於綜合收益表確認之減值虧損				
consolidated income statement (Note 6)	(附註6)	(8,570)	(5,989)		
At 31 December	於十二月三十一日	12,258	20,203		











綜合財務報表附註

21 INTANGIBLE ASSETS

21 無形資產

Group 本集團

		Goodwill HK\$'000 商譽 千港元	Technology know-how HK\$'000 技術知識 千港元	Computer software HK\$'000 電腦軟件 千港元	Total HK\$'000 總計 千港元
At 1 January 2012 Cost Accumulated amortisation	於二零一二年一月一日 成本值 累計攤銷	411 -	5,019 (2,244)	1,488 (173)	6,918 (2,417)
At 31 December 2012	於二零一二年 十二月三十一日	411	2,775	1,315	4,501
At 1 January 2012, net of accumulated amortisation Addition Amortisation provided during the year Exchange realignment	於二零一二年一月一日, 扣除累計攤銷 添置 年內攤銷撥備 匯兑調整	411 - - -	2,775 - (369) (1)	1,315 1,236 (503) –	4,501 1,236 (872) (1)
At 31 December 2012, net of accumulated amortisation	於二零一二年 十二月三十一日, 扣除累計攤銷	411	2,405	2,048	4,864
At 31 December 2012 Cost Accumulated amortisation	於二零一二年 十二月三十一日 成本值 累計攤銷	411 -	5,019 (2,614)	2,724 (676)	8,154 (3,290)
Net carrying amount	賬面淨額	411	2,405	2,048	4,864
At 1 January 2013, net of accumulated amortisation Addition Amortisation provided during the year Transfer to assets classified as held-for-sale (Note 30) Exchange realignment	於二零一三年一月一日, 扣除累計攤銷 添置 年內攤銷撥備 轉撥至分類為持作出售 之資產(附註30) 匯兑調整	411 - - (423) 12	2,405 - (376) (2,101) 72	2,048 433 (604) –	4,864 433 (980) (2,524) 84
At 31 December 2013, net of accumulated amortisation	於二零一三年 十二月三十一日, 扣除累計攤銷	-	-	1,877	1,877
At 31 December 2013 Cost Accumulated amortisation	於二零一三年 十二月三十一日 成本值 累計攤銷		_ _	3,157 (1,280)	3,157 (1,280)
Net carrying amount	賬面淨額	_	_	1,877	1,877

Management of the Group was of the view that there was no impairment of goodwill as at 31 December 2012 and 2013.

於二零一二年及二零一三年十二月三十一日,本集團之管理層認為商譽並無減值。









綜合財務報表附註

22 **INVESTMENTS IN SUBSIDIARIES**

22 於附屬公司之投資

Company

本公司

2013 2012 HK\$'000 HK\$'000

二零一二年 二零一三年

千港元 千港元

Unlisted investments, at cost 非上市投資,按成本值 63,901 63,901 Due from subsidiaries 應收附屬公司之款項 636,966 607,908 Due to subsidiaries 應付附屬公司之款項 (348,508) (297,694)

The amounts due from and due to subsidiaries are included in the Company's current assets and current liabilities, respectively. They are unsecured, interest-free and have no fixed terms of repayment.

應收及應付附屬公司之款項分別計入本 公司流動資產及流動負債。該等款項乃無 抵押、免息且無固定還款期。

Particulars of the principal subsidiaries are as follows:

主要附屬公司資料如下:

Name	Notes 附註	Place of incorporation/ registration and operations 註冊成立/註冊及經營地點	Nominal value of issued and paid-up/registered capital 已發行及繳足股本面值/註冊資本	equity attr the Co 本公司歷	mpany	able to Principal ny activities _{役本} 主要業務		
				2013 二零一三年	2012 二零一二年			
Dongguan Manixon New Materials and Components Company Limited* 東莞萬利信新材料元件有限公司	1	People's Republic of China/ Mainland China 中華人民共和國/ 中國大陸	Registered US\$9,590,000 註冊資本 9,590,000美元	100	100	Manufacture and sale of electronic components 製造及銷售電子零件		
Jiangxi Telexon Electronics Company Limited* 江西德樂信電子有限公司	1	People's Republic of China/ Mainland China 中華人民共和國/ 中國大陸	Registered RMB40,000,000 註冊資本 人民幣40,000,000元	100	100	Manufacture and sale of electronic components 製造及銷售電子零件		
Johnstone International Limited 約翰斯通國際有限公司*		British Virgin Islands/ Hong Kong 英屬處女群島/香港	Ordinary US \$ 1 普通股1美元	100	100	Investment holding 投資控股		
Long Trade (Macao Commercial Offshore) Limited 長業貿易 (澳門離岸商業服務) 有限公司		Macau 澳門	Registered MOP100,000 註冊資本 100,000澳門元	100	100	Trading of raw materials 買賣原材料		











綜合財務報表附註

22 INVESTMENTS IN SUBSIDIARIES (CONTINUED)

Particulars of the principal subsidiaries are as follows: (Continued)

22 於附屬公司之投資(續)

主要附屬公司資料如下:(續)

Name	Notes	Place of incorporation/ registration and operations 註冊成立/註冊及	nd issued and paid-up/ registered capital		tage of ibutable to mpany 態佔股本	Principal activities
名稱	附註	經營地點	面值/註冊資本	百分	} 比	主要業務
				2013 二零一三年	2012 二零一二年	
				, _,		
Man Fat International Trading (Shanghai) Company Limited*	1	People's Republic of China/ Mainland China	Registered US\$200,000	100	100	Trading of electronic components
萬發國際貿易(上海)有限公司		中華人民共和國/ 中國大陸	註冊資本 200,000美元			買賣電子零件
Man Jin Electronics (Shenzhen) Company Limited*	1	People's Republic of China/ Mainland China	Registered HK\$3,500,000	100	100	Trading of electronic components
萬晉電子(深圳)有限公司		中華人民共和國/中國大陸	註冊資本 3,500,000港元			買賣電子零件
Man Yue (China) Investment Limited*	1	People's Republic of China/ Mainland China	Registered US\$120,000,000	100	100	Investment holding
萬裕(中國)投資有限公司		中華人民共和國/中國大陸	註冊資本 120,000,000美元			投資控股
Man Yue Electronics Company Limited		Hong Kong	Ordinary HK\$2, Non-voting deferred HK\$3,000,000	100	100	Trading of electronic components
萬裕電子有限公司		香港	普通股2港元, 無投票權遞延股 3,000,000港元			買賣電子零件
Man Yue Holdings (BVI) Limited	2	British Virgin Islands/ Hong Kong	Ordinary US\$10,000	100	100	Investment holding
		英屬處女群島/香港	普通股10,000美元			投資控股
Man Yue Technology Limited		British Virgin Islands/ Hong Kong	Ordinary US\$10	100	100	Investment holding
萬裕科技有限公司		英屬處女群島/香港	普通股10美元			投資控股
Man Yue Technology (China) Ltd*	1	People's Republic of China/ Mainland China	Registered US\$48,000,000	100	100	Investment holding
萬裕科技(中國)有限公司		中華人民共和國/中國大陸	註冊資本 48,000,000美元			投資控股











綜合財務報表附註

22 **INVESTMENTS IN SUBSIDIARIES** (CONTINUED)

22 於附屬公司之投資(續)

Particulars of the principal subsidiaries are as follows: (Continued)

Place of

主要附屬公司資料如下:(續)

Name	incorporation/ registration and Notes operations 註冊成立/註冊及 附註 經營地點		Nominal value of issued and paid-up/registered capital 已發行及繳足股本面值/註冊資本	equity attr the Co 本公司版	tage of ibutable to mpany 医佔股本 }比	Principal activities 主要業務	
				2013 二零一三年	2012 二零一二年		
Manixon Electronics Company Limited		Hong Kong	Ordinary HK\$1	100	100	Trading of electronic components	
萬利信電子有限公司		香港	普通股1港元			買賣電子零件	
MMS Electronics Company Limited		Hong Kong	Ordinary HK\$1	100	100	Trading of electronic components	
萬盛電子有限公司		香港	普通股1港元			買賣電子零件	
MMS Logistics Company Limited		Hong Kong	Ordinary HK\$10,000	100	100	Trading of electronic components	
		香港	普通股10,000港元			買賣電子零件	
Rifeng Qingyuan Electronic Co., Ltd.*	1	People's Republic of China/	Registered HK\$80,000,000	100	100	Manufacture and sale of raw materials	
日豐(清遠)電子有限公司		Mainland China 中華人民共和國/ 中國大陸	註冊資本 80,000,000港元			製造及銷售原材料	
Samxon Electronic Components Limited		Hong Kong	Ordinary HK\$2	100	100	Trading of electronic components	
三信電子零件有限公司		香港	普通股2港元			買賣電子零件	
Samxon Electronic Components LLC		USA * 📾	Contributed US\$1,000 無做1,000羊二	100	100	Provision of marketing related services	
		美國	實繳1,000美元			提供有關市場推廣之服務	
Samxon Electronics (Dongguan) Co., Ltd.*	1	People's Republic of China/ Mainland China	Registered US\$66,775,000	100	100	Manufacture and sale of electronic components	
萬裕三信電子(東莞)有限公司		中華人民共和國/中國大陸	註冊資本 66,775,000美元			製造及銷售電子零件	
Searange Investment Limited		Hong Kong	Ordinary HK\$2	100	100	Trading of equity	
海韻投資有限公司		香港	普通股2港元			investments 買賣股本投資	
Splendid Skill Holdings Limited		British Virgin Islands/ Hong Kong	Ordinary US\$10	100	100	Investment holding	
		英屬處女群島/香港	普通股10美元			投資控股	











綜合財務報表附註

22 INVESTMENTS IN SUBSIDIARIES (CONTINUED)

Particulars of the principal subsidiaries are as follows: (Continued)

22 於附屬公司之投資(續)

主要附屬公司資料如下:(續)

Name 名稱	Notes 附註	Place of incorporation/ registration and operations 註冊成立/註冊及經營地點	Nominal value of issued and paid-up/ registered capital 已發行及繳足股本面值/註冊資本	Percentage of equity attributable to the Company 本公司應佔股本 百分比 2013 2012		Principal activities 主要業務	
				二零一三年	二零一二年		
Stand New Enterprise Limited 立新企業有限公司		Hong Kong 香港	Ordinary HK \$ 1 普通股1港元	100	100	Investment holding 投資控股	
Starzeon Electronics		Hong Kong	Ordinary HK\$1	100	100	Trading of electronic	
Company Limited 萬星光電子有限公司		香港	普通股1港元			components 買賣電子零件	
Starzeon Electronics Taiwan Company Limited* 台灣萬星光電子股份有限公司		Republic of China 中華民國	Registered TWD10,000,000 註冊資本 10,000,000新台幣	100	100	Trading of electronic components 買賣電子零件	
TradeUNIT Limited		British Virgin Islands/	Ordinary	100	100	Trading of raw materials	
中電貿有限公司		Hong Kong 英屬處女群島/香港	HK\$9,500,000 普通股 9,500,000港元			買賣原材料	
湖北亨特新能源材料有限公司	1	People's Republic of China/ Mainland China	Registered RMB10,000,000	75	75	Manufacture and sale of chemical material	
		中華人民共和國/中國大陸	註冊資本 人民幣10,000,000元			製造及銷售化學物料	
Wuxi Man Yue Electronics Company Limited*	1	People's Republic of China/ Mainland China	Registered US\$30,000,000	100	100	Manufacture and sale of electronic components	
無錫萬裕電子有限公司		中華人民共和國/中國大陸	註冊資本 30,000,000美元			製造及銷售電子零件	
X-CON Electronics Limited		British Virgin Islands/ Hong Kong	Ordinary US\$1	100	100	Trading of electronic components	
X-CON電子有限公司		英屬處女群島/香港	普通股1美元			買賣電子零件	
Xinjiang Join Yue Electronics New Materials Company Ltd.*	1	People's Republic of China/ Mainland China	Registered US\$8,000,000	100	100	Manufacture and sale of raw materials	
新疆眾裕電子新材料有限公司		中華人民共和國/ 中國大陸	註冊資本 8,000,000美元			製造及銷售原材料	











綜合財務報表附註

22 INVESTMENTS IN SUBSIDIARIES (CONTINUED)

Particulars of the principal subsidiaries are as follows: (Continued)

22 於附屬公司之投資(續)

主要附屬公司資料如下:(續)

Name	Notes 附註	Place of incorporation/ registration and operations 註冊成立/註冊及經營地點	n and issued and paid-up/ registered capital		tage of ibutable to mpany 態佔股本 分比	Principal activities 主要業務
				2013 二零一三年	2012 二零一二年	
深圳英普蘭醫療器械有限公司	1	People's Republic of China/ Mainland China	Registered RMB10,000,000	70	70	Research and development of medical equipment
		中華人民共和國/中國大陸	註冊資本 人民幣10,000,000元			研發醫療設備
Starzeon Electronics (Dongguan) Co., Ltd.*	1	People's Republic of China/ Mainland China	Registered US\$15,000,000	100	100	Manufacture and sale of electronic components
萬星光電子(東莞)有限公司		中華人民共和國/ 中國大陸	註冊資本 15,000,000美元			製造及銷售電子零件
Rihong (Yaan) Electronics Co., Ltd.*	1	People's Republic of China/ Mainland China	Registered US\$22,000,000	100	100	Manufacture and sale of electronic components
日泓(雅安)電子有限公司		中華人民共和國/ 中國大陸	註冊資本 22,000,000美元			製造及銷售電子零件

Notes:

- 1 The subsidiaries are registered as wholly-foreign-owned enterprises under the PRC law.
- 2 Shares held directly by the Company.
- * The company name in English is a direct translation of the registered Chinese name for the purpose of identification.

All the subsidiaries of the Company are limited liability companies.

The above table lists the subsidiaries of the Company which, in the opinion of the directors, principally affected the results for the year or formed a substantial portion of the net assets of the Group.

附註:

- 此等附屬公司乃根據中國法律註冊為 外商獨資企業。
- 2 本公司直接持有之股份。
- * 英文公司名稱為註冊中文名稱之直接 翻譯,僅供識別。

本公司所有附屬公司均為有限責任公司。

上表所列示之本公司附屬公司乃董事認 為主要影響年度業績或構成本集團資產 淨值重要部份之附屬公司。











綜合財務報表附註

23 INVESTMENTS IN JOINT VENTURES

23 於合營企業之投資

		Group 本集團		
		2013	2012	
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	
		二零一三年	二零一二年	
		千港元	千港元	
Share of net assets	應佔資產淨值	111,757	94,910	
Loans to a joint venture	給予一間合營企業之貸款	104,076	99,545	
Due from joint ventures	應收合營企業之款項	47,562	44,808	
Due to joint ventures	應付合營企業之款項	(47,273)	(45,735)	

The loans to a joint venture, amounts due from and due to joint ventures are unsecured, interest-free and have no fixed terms of repayment except:

- (a) Loans amounting to HK\$75,256,000 (2012: HK\$66,549,000) are interest-bearing at a rate of 5.81% (2012: 6.19%) per annum.
- (b) Included in amount due to joint ventures, HK\$20,876,000 (2012: HK\$28,407,000) are trade payables to joint ventures. An ageing analysis of the trade payables to joint ventures as at the balance sheet date, based on the invoice date, is as follows:

給予一間合營企業之貸款、應收及應付合營企業之款項乃無抵押、免息且並無固定還款期,惟以下除外:

- (a) 為數75,256,000港元(二零一二年:66,549,000港元)之貸款按年利率5.81厘(二零一二年:6.19厘)計息。
- (b) 應付合營企業之款項中包括應付 合營企業之貿易賬款20,876,000 港元(二零一二年:28,407,000港 元)。於結算日,按發票日期計算 之應付合營企業之貿易賬款賬齡 分析如下:

Group 本集團

		2013 二零一三:	年	2012 二零一二年	
		HK\$'000	%	HK\$'000	%
		千港元	%	千港元	%
Trade payables:	應付貿易賬款:				
1 – 3 months	一至三個月	20,876	100	27,099	95
4 – 6 months	四至六個月	-	-	1,308	5
		20,876	100	28,407	100











綜合財務報表附註

23 INVESTMENTS IN JOINT VENTURES (CONTINUED)

Particulars of the joint ventures, all of which are held indirectly through subsidiaries, are as follows:

23 於合營企業之投資(續)

透過附屬公司間接持有之合營企業資料如下:

Percentage of 下列各項之百分比

Name	Particulars of issued shares/registered capital 已發行股份/	Place of incorporation/ registration and operations 註冊成立/	Owner- ship interest	Voting power	Profit sharing	Principal activities
名稱	註冊資本之詳情	註冊及經營地點	所有權權益	投票權	攤佔溢利	主要業務
Ever Reliance Industrial Investments Limited ("Ever Reliance")	Issued capital of 100 shares of HK\$1 each	Hong Kong	48	50	48	Investment holding
長信工業投資有限公司 (「長信」)	100股每股面值 1港元之已發行股本	香港				投資控股
Foshan Rifeng Electronic Co., Ltd.	Registered capital of US\$1,000,000	People's Republic of China/ Mainland China	38	33	38	Holding of investment property
佛山日豐電子有限公司	註冊資本 1,000,000美元	中華人民共和國/ 中國大陸				持有投資物業
Nan Tong Xin Cheng Electronics Company Ltd.	Registered capital of HK\$6,080,000	People's Republic of China/ Mainland China	49	33	49	Manufacture and sale of raw materials
南通新誠電子有限公司	註冊資本 6,080,000港元	中華人民共和國/ 中國大陸				製造及銷售原材料











綜合財務報表附註

23 INVESTMENTS IN JOINT VENTURES (CONTINUED)

The following table illustrates the summarised financial information of the Group's shared portion of joint ventures:

23 於合營企業之投資(續)

下表載述本集團應佔合營企業部分之財 務資料概要:

Group	
木隹圃	ı

2013 2012 HK\$'000 HK\$'000 二零一三年 二零一二年 千港元 千港元 Share of the joint ventures' 應佔合營企業之 assets and liabilities: 資產及負債: Non-current assets 非流動資產 184,041 160,037 Current assets 流動資產 35,410 41,360 Current liabilities 流動負債 (89,146)(86,017)Non-current liabilities 非流動負債 (18,548)(20,470)資產淨值 94,910 Net assets 111,757 應佔合營企業之業績: Share of the joint ventures' results: Total income 總收入 81,453 76,971 總支出 (71,398)Total expenses (69,647)Profit for the year 本年度溢利 11,806 5,573 其他全面收益 Other comprehensive income 4,505 (9)

全面收益總額

There are no contingent liabilities relating to the Group's investments in the joint ventures, and no contingent liabilities of the joint ventures themselves.

Total comprehensive income

並無與本集團於合營企業之投資有關之 或然負債,而合營企業本身亦無任何或然 負債。

16,311

5,564











綜合財務報表附註

23 INVESTMENTS IN JOINT VENTURES (CONTINUED)

Set out below are the summarised financial information for Ever Reliance, which is accounted for using equity method and is considered as a material joint venture to the Group.

23 於合營企業之投資(續)

下文載列長信之財務資料概要。長信利用 權益法入賬,並被視為本集團之主要合營 企業。

Gı	OI	иp
	4	_

		本集團		
		2013	2012	
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	
		二零一三年	二零一二年	
		千港元	千港元	
Summarised balance sheet	簡要資產負債表			
Non-current assets	非流動資產	312,655	285,942	
Current assets (excluding cash and	流動資產(不包括現金及	·	,	
cash equivalents)	現金等值物)	2,138	43	
Cash and cash equivalents	現金及現金等值物	1,567	246	
Current financial liabilities (excluding	即期金融負債(不包括應付	·		
trade and other payables and provisions)	貿易賬款及其他應付款項			
	及撥備)	(76,210)	(81,824)	
Other current liabilities (including	其他即期負債(包括應付			
trade and other payables and provisions)	貿易賬款及其他應付			
	款項及撥備)	(30,033)	(20,350)	
Non-current financial liabilities	非即期金融負債	(30,600)	(31,525)	
Other non-current liabilities	其他非即期負債	(33,960)	(28,609)	
Net assets	淨資產	145,557	123,923	
Summarised statement of	簡要全面收益表			
comprehensive income	间女工叫火皿火			
Revenue	收入	32,591	14,754	
Depreciation	折舊	(438)	(429)	
Interest income	利息收入	5	4	
Interest expense	利息支出	(4,774)	(5,961)	
Income tax expense	所得税支出	(4,387)	(5,062)	
Profit for the year	本年度溢利	15,587	6,709	
Other comprehensive income/(loss)	其他全面收益/(虧損)	6,048	(20)	
Total comprehensive income	全面收益總額	21,635	6,689	











綜合財務報表附註

23 INVESTMENTS IN JOINT VENTURES (CONTINUED)

The following table illustrates the summarised financial information of the Group's shared portion of joint ventures excluding Ever Reliance:

23 於合營企業之投資(續)

下表闡述本集團應佔合營企業(不包括長信)部分之財務資料概要:

		Gr	Group	
		本组	本集團	
		2013	2012	
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	
		二零一三年	二零一二年	
		千港元	千港元	
Profit for the year	本年度溢利	4,324	2,353	
Other comprehensive income	其他全面收益	1,602	1	
Total comprehensive income	全面收益總額	5,926	2,354	

On 6 March 2014, the Group entered into a sale and purchase agreement with the shareholders of Yuk Wah Electronics Company Limited ("Yuk Wah"), which held 62% equity interest of Foshan Rifeng Electronic Co., Ltd. (a joint venture of the Group), for the acquisition of the entire equity interest of Yuk Wah at a consideration of HK\$13,800,000. Subsequent to the acquisition, the Group would hold the entire equity interest of Foshan Rifeng Electronic Co., Ltd. which will become a whollyowned subsidiary of the Group.

於二零一四年三月六日,本集團與玉華電子有限公司(「玉華」,持有本集團合營企業佛山日豐電子有限公司62%股本權益)之股東訂立一份買賣協議,以按代價13,800,000港元收購玉華之全部股本權益。於收購後,本集團將持有佛山日豐電子有限公司之全部股本權益,而佛山日豐電子有限公司將成為本集團之全資附屬公司。

24 INVESTMENT IN AN ASSOCIATE

24 於聯營公司之投資

			Group 本集團	
		2013	2012	
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	
		二零一三年	二零一二年	
. <u></u>		千港元	千港元	
Share of net assets	應佔資產淨值	69,797	40,070	
Due from an associate	應收聯營公司款項	33,214	-	

The amount due from an associate is trade in nature, unsecured, interest-free and is repayable on demand.

應收聯營公司款項屬貿易性質、無抵押、 免息且須按要求償還。











綜合財務報表附註

24 INVESTMENT IN AN ASSOCIATE (CONTINUED)

Particulars of the associate, which is held indirectly through a subsidiary, are as follows:

24 於聯營公司之投資(續)

透過附屬公司間接持有之聯營公司資料 加下:

Name 名稱	Particulars of issued shares held 持有已發行股份之詳情	Place of incorporation/ registration 註冊成立/ 註冊地點	Percent ownershi attributable 本集團應 權益習	p interest to the Group 佔所有權	Principal activities 主要業務
			2013 二零一三年	2012 二零一二年	
Luminous Town Electric Co., Ltd. 輝城電子股份有限公司	15,930,011 ordinary shares of TWD10 each 15,930,011股每股面值 10新台幣之普通股	Republic of China 中華民國	43.16%	25.36%	Trading of electronic components 買賣電子零件

The Group's share of the results of its associate, which is unlisted, and its aggregated assets (including goodwill) and liabilities, are as follows:

本集團應佔其非上市聯營公司之業績及 其總資產(包括商譽)及負債如下:

		2013	2012
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		二零一三年	二零一二年
		千港元	千港元
Assets	資產	128,956	76,190
Liabilities	負債	(59,159)	(36,120)
Revenue	收入	185,932	98,666
Profit/(loss) for the year	本年度溢利/(虧損)		
(including negative goodwill)	(包括負商譽)	6,569	(318)
Other comprehensive income	其他全面收益	(1,771)	(2,831)
Total comprehensive income	全面收益總額	4,798	(3,149)

During the year, the Group further acquired 17.8% equity interest in the associate with a negative goodwill of HK\$5,458,000, which has been included in the "Share of results of an associate" in the consolidated income statement for the year.

年內·本集團進一步收購該聯營公司之 17.8%股本權益·負商譽5,458,000港元 已計入年內綜合收益表「應佔聯營公司之 業績」。











綜合財務報表附註

25 **INVENTORIES**

存貨 25

		Group 本集團	
		2013	2012
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		二零一三年	二零一二年
		千港元	千港元
Raw materials	原材料	200,651	191,912
Work in progress	在製品	81,213	37,734
Finished goods	產成品	134,637	179,488
		416,501	409,134

26 TRADE RECEIVABLES

應收貿易賬款 26

		Group 本集團	
		2013 HK\$'000 二零一三年 千港元	2012 HK\$'000 二零一二年 千港元
Trade receivables Provision for impairment of trade receivables	應收貿易賬款 應收貿易賬款減值撥備	404,463 (8,158)	409,079 (8,496)
		396,305	400,583

The Group's trading terms with its customers are mainly on credit, except for new customers, where payment in advance is normally required. The credit period is generally 90 days, extending up to 150 days for major customers. Each customer has a maximum credit limit. The Group seeks to maintain strict control over its outstanding receivables and has a credit control department to minimise credit risk. Overdue balances are reviewed regularly by senior management. In view of the aforementioned and the fact that the Group's trade receivables relate to a large number of diversified customers, there is no significant concentration of credit risk. Trade receivables are non-interest-bearing. Credit risk is hedged mainly through credit insurance policies

本集團與其客戶之交易條款主要為信貸 方式,惟新客戶一般須預先付款。信貸期 一般為90天,主要客戶可延長至最多150 天。每名客戶均設有最高信貸額。本集團 致力對尚未收取之應收款項維持嚴格控 制,並設有信貸控制部將信貸風險減至最 低。高級管理人員定期檢討逾期結餘。由 於上文提到之原因及本集團之應收貿易 賬款來自大量不同客戶,因此並無重大信 貸集中風險。應收貿易賬款為免息。信貸 風險主要透過信貸保險對沖。











綜合財務報表附註

26 TRADE RECEIVABLES (CONTINUED)

An ageing analysis of the trade receivables as at the balance sheet date, based on the payment due date and net of provisions for doubtful debts, is as follows:

26 應收貿易賬款(續)

於結算日·按付款到期日計算之應收貿易 賬款(扣除呆賬撥備)賬齡分析如下:

Group 本集團

		2013		20	12
		二零一	三年	二零-	一二年
		HK\$'000	%	HK\$'000	%
		千港元	百分比	千港元	百分比
Current and within payment terms	即期及於付款期限內	335,425	86	315,163	79
1 – 3 months past due	逾期1至3個月	45,544	11	74,138	19
4 – 6 months past due	逾期4至6個月	13,837	3	9,487	2
7 – 12 months past due	逾期7至12個月	1,376	_	1,677	_
Over 1 year past due	逾期超過1年	123	123 –		_
		396,305	100	400,583	100

The movements in provision for impairment of trade receivables are as follows:

應收貿易賬款之減值撥備變動如下:

			Group 本集團		
		2013	2012		
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000		
		二零一三年	二零一二年		
		千港元	千港元		
At 1 January	於一月一日	8,496	10,007		
Impairment losses recognised	已確認之減值虧損	6,118	2,976		
Amount written off as uncollectible	不可收回款項撇賬	(4,230)	(252)		
Impairment losses reversed	已撥回之減值虧損	(2,228)	(4,142)		
Exchange realignment	進 兑調整	2	(93)		
At 31 December	於十二月三十一日	8,158	8,496		











綜合財務報表附註

26 TRADE RECEIVABLES (CONTINUED)

As of 31 December 2013, trade receivables of HK\$16,913,000 (2012: HK\$9,655,000) were impaired, for which provision of HK\$8,158,000 (2012: HK\$8,496,000) has been made. The individually impaired trade receivables relate to customers that were in financial difficulties, in default or delinquency in payments and only a portion of the receivables is expected to be recovered.

The ageing analysis of the trade receivables that are not considered to be impaired is as follows:

26 應收貿易賬款(續)

於二零一三年十二月三十一日,16,913,000港元(二零一二年:9,655,000港元)之應收貿易賬款已減值,而本集團已就此計提撥備8,158,000港元(二零一二年:8,496,000港元)。個別減值應收貿易賬款乃由於客戶面臨財務困難、拖欠或逾期付款及預期只能收回部份應收款項。

被視為並無減值之應收貿易賬款賬齡分 析如下:

Group

		Git	Group		
		本组	本集團		
		2013	2012		
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000		
		二零一三年	二零一二年		
		千港元	千港元		
Current and within payment terms	即期及於付款期限內	334,617	315,163		
1 – 3 months past due	逾期1至3個月	42,383	73,685		
4 – 6 months past due	逾期4至6個月	9,051	8,781		
7 – 12 months past due	逾期7至12個月	1,376	1,677		
Over 1 year past due	逾期超過1年	123	118		
		387,550	399,424		

Receivables that were current and within payment terms relate to a large number of diversified customers for whom there was no recent history of default.

Receivables that were past due but not impaired relate to a number of independent customers that have a good track record with the Group. Based on past experience, the directors of the Company are of the opinion that no provision for impairment is necessary in respect of these balances as there has not been a significant change in credit quality and the balances are still considered fully recoverable.

即期及於付款期限內之應收款項乃分散 於近期無拖欠記錄之大量不同客戶。

逾期但無減值之應收款項乃屬於與本集 團有良好交易記錄之若干獨立客戶。根據 過往經驗,本公司董事認為毋須就該等結 餘作出減值撥備,因信貸質素並無重大轉 變,而結餘仍被視為可全數收回。











綜合財務報表附註

27 FINANCIAL ASSETS AT FAIR VALUE THROUGH PROFIT OR LOSS

27 以公允值計入收益表之金融 資產

Group

本集團

2013 HK\$'000 2012 HK\$'000

二零一三年

二零一二年

千港元

千港元

Hong Kong listed equity investments, at market value

香港上市股本投資,按市值

56

The above equity investments were classified as held for trading at 31 December 2012 and 2013.

上述股本投資於二零一二年及二零一三年十二月三十一日均歸類為持作買賣。

55

28 DERIVATIVE FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

28 衍生金融工具

Group 本集團

		2013		20 ⁻ 二零-	
		一零 - Assets HK\$'000 資產	HK\$'000 HK\$'000		Liabilities HK\$'000 負債
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
Analysed into: Forward currency contracts	分析如下: 遠期貨幣合約	_	811	167	372
Interest rate swap	利率掉期合約	-	15,984	-	30,324
Portion classified as current	歸類為流動部份		16,795 (5,864)	167 (167)	30,696 (5,772)
Non-current portion	非流動部份	_	10,931	-	24,924











綜合財務報表附註

28 **DERIVATIVE FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS** (CONTINUED)

At 31 December 2013, the Group held forward currency contracts for managing expected future operating use, purchases from suppliers and sales to customers in Mainland China. The Group also has two (2012: two) interest rate swap agreements in place with a notional amount of HK\$200,000,000 (2012: HK\$200,000,000) to manage certain exposure to changes in interest rate in relation to bank loans.

The changes in the fair value of forward currency contracts and interest rate swap contracts which did not meet the criteria for hedge accounting for accounting purpose amounting to HK\$7,875,000 were credited (2012: charge of HK\$7,526,000) to the consolidated income statement during the year.

29 **CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS**

衍生金融工具(續) 28

於二零一三年十二月三十一日,本集團持 有遠期貨幣合約,用於預期未來在中國 大陸向供應商購貨及向客戶銷售之營運 管理用途。本集團另訂有兩份(二零一二 年:兩份)面額為200,000,000港元(二零 一二年:200,000,000港元)之利率掉期合 約,以管理若干與銀行貸款相關之利率變 動風險。

就會計目的而言,本集團已於綜合收益表 中就不符合對沖會計處理標準之遠期貨 幣合約及利率掉期合約於年內之公允值 變動計入7,875,000港元(二零一二年:扣 除7,526,000港元)。

現金及現金等值物 29

		Gr	Group		pany
		本 4	集 團	本名	公司
		2013	2013 2012		2012
		二零一三年	二零一二年	二零一三年	二零一二年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000 HK\$'000		HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
Cash and bank balances	現金及銀行結餘	193,401	377,226	1,703	880
Time deposits	定期存款	239,962	248,174	-	_
Total	總計	433,363	625,400	1,703	880

Cash at banks earns interest at floating bank deposit rates. Short term time deposits range from one day to three months depending on the immediate cash requirements of the Group, and earn interest at the respective short term time deposit rates. The cash and bank balances are deposited with creditworthy banks with no recent history of default.

銀行現金按浮動銀行存款利率賺取利息。 短期定期存款視乎本集團之即時現金需 求,會以介乎1天至3個月之期間作出,並 按相關之短期定期存款利率賺取利息。 現金及銀行結餘存於近期無違約記錄且 信譽良好之銀行。











綜合財務報表附註

29 CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS (CONTINUED)

As at the balance sheet date, the amount of cash and cash equivalents denominated in Renminbi ("RMB") was HK\$269,288,000 (2012: HK\$392,554,000). RMB is not freely convertible into other currencies, however, under Mainland China's Foreign Exchange Control Regulations and Administration of Settlement, Sale and Payment of Foreign Exchange Regulations, the Group is permitted to exchange RMB for other currencies through banks authorised to conduct foreign exchange business.

30 ASSETS AND LIABILITIES CLASSIFIED AS HELD-FOR-SALE

The assets and liabilities related to 深圳英普蘭醫療器械有限公司, a 70% owned subsidiary of the Company, have been presented as held-for-sale following the approval of the Group's management and shareholders on 9 October 2013 to dispose of its interest in 深圳英普蘭醫療器械有限公司 to a third party in the PRC. The completion date for the transaction was 21 January 2014.

(a) Assets classified as held-for-sale

29 現金及現金等值物(續)

於結算日,以人民幣計值之現金及現金等值物為269,288,000港元(二零一二年:392,554,000港元)。人民幣不可自由兑換為其他貨幣。但是,根據中國大陸之外匯管理條例及結匯、售匯及付匯管理規定,本集團獲准透過獲授權進行外匯業務之銀行將人民幣兑換為其他貨幣。

30 分類為持作出售之資產及負債

於二零一三年十月九日,本集團管理層及股東批准向第三方出售於中國之深圳英普蘭醫療器械有限公司(本公司擁有70%權益之附屬公司)之權益。其後,有關深圳英普蘭醫療器械有限公司之資產及負債已呈列為持作出售。該項交易於二零一四年一月二十一日完成。

(a) 分類為持作出售之資產

2013 HK\$'000 二零一三年 千港元

Property, plant and equipment (Note 17)	物業、廠房及設備(附註17)	77
Goodwill (Note 21)	商譽(附註21)	423
Other intangible asset (Note 21)	其他無形資產(附註21)	2,101
Cash and cash equivalents	現金及現金等值物	6,783
Total	總計	9,384











綜合財務報表附註

30 ASSETS AND LIABILITIES CLASSIFIED AS HELD-FOR-SALE (CONTINUED)

(b) Liabilities classified as held-for-sale

30 分類為持作出售之資產及負債 (續)

(b) 分類為持作出售之負債

2013 HK\$'000 二零一三年 千港元

Other payables and accrued liabilities	其他應付款項及應計負債	6
Total	總計	6

31 TRADE AND BILLS PAYABLES

An ageing analysis of the trade and bills payables as at the balance sheet date, based on the invoice date, is as follows:

31 應付貿易賬款及票據

於結算日·按發票日期計算之應付貿易賬款及票據賬齡分析如下:

Group 本集團

		20	13	2012
		二零一三	年	二零一二年
		HK\$'0	00	HK\$'000
		千港	元	千港元
Trade payables:	應付貿易賬款:			
1 – 3 months	1至3個月	88,1	99	102,682
4 – 6 months	4至6個月	54,2	44	62,404
7 – 12 months	7至12個月	10,0	81	12,226
Over 1 year	超過1年	11,0	44	7,779
		163,5	68	185,091
Bills payables	應付票據	21,3	08	2,708
		184,8	76	187,799











綜合財務報表附註

32 **BANK LOANS**

銀行貸款 32

Group 本集團

At 31 December

於十二月三十一日

2013

2012

HK\$'000

HK\$'000

二零一三年

二零一二年

		千港元	千港元
Analysed into:	分析如下:		
Bank loans, unsecured, repayable:	於以下期間償還之		
	無抵押銀行貸款:		
Within one year or on demand	一年內或按要求	536,776	514,717
In the second year	第二年內	245,216	413,041
In the third to fifth years, inclusive	第三至第五年		
	(首尾兩年包括在內)	91,806	123,125
		873,798	1,050,883
Portion classified as current liabilities	歸類為流動負債部份	(536,776)	(514,717)
Non-current portion	非流動部份	337,022	536,166

As at 31 December 2013, unsecured bank loans of the Group denominated in HK dollars and United States dollars amounted to HK\$772,984,000 and HK\$100,814,000 respectively. As at 31 December 2012, all bank loans are denominated in HK dollars. The weighted average interest rate of the unsecured bank loans was 2.73% (2012: 2.87%) per annum. All bank loans bear floating interest rates and are repayable by instalments up to 2016. The carrying amounts of the Group's bank loans approximate their fair values.

於二零一三年十二月三十一日,本集團以 港元及美元計值之無抵押銀行貸款分別為 772,984,000港元及100,814,000港元。於 二零一二年十二月三十一日,所有銀行貸 款均以港元計值。該等無抵押銀行貸款之 加權平均年利率為2.73厘(二零一二年: 2.87厘)。所有銀行貸款均按浮動利率計 息,並須於二零一六年以前分期償還。本 集團銀行貸款之賬面金額約等同其公允 值。











綜合財務報表附註

33 DEFERRED TAX

The movements in deferred tax assets and liabilities during the year were as follows:

33 遞延税項

遞延税項資產

年內之遞延税項資產與負債變動如下:

Deferred tax assets

Group 本集團

		Provisions for trade receivables and inventories HK\$'000 應收數 最數 存貨撥 千港元	Losses available for offsetting against future taxable profits HK\$'000 可用於抵銷 未來應課税 溢利之虧損 千港元	Others HK\$'000 其他 千港元	Total HK\$'000 總計 千港元
Gross deferred tax assets at 1 January 2012	於二零一二年一月一日之 遞延税項資產總額	454	-	3,200	3,654
Deferred tax credited/(charged) to the consolidated income statement during the year (Note 13) Exchange realignment	年內於綜合收益表 計入/(扣除)之 遞延税項(附註13) 匯兑調整	(22)	9,449 32	1,475 -	10,902 32
Gross deferred tax assets at 31 December 2012 and 1 January 2013	於二零一二年 十二月三十一日及 二零一三年一月一日之 遞延税項資產總額	432	9,481	4,675	14,588
Deferred tax charged to the consolidated income statement during the year (Note 13) Exchange realignment	年內於綜合收益表 扣除之遞延税項 (附註13) 匯兑調整	(306) -	(2,584) 243	(1,534) -	(4,424) 243
Gross deferred tax assets at 31 December 2013	於二零一三年 十二月三十一日之 遞延税項資產總額	126	7,140	3,141	10,407









綜合財務報表附註

33 DEFERRED TAX (CONTINUED)

33 遞延税項(續)

Deferred tax liabilities

遞延税項負債

Group

本集團

		Revaluation of properties HK\$'000	Depreciation allowance in excess of related depreciation HK\$'000 有關折舊之	Total HK\$'000
		重估物業 千港元	超額折舊撥備 千港元	總計 千港元
Gross deferred tax liabilities at 1 January 2012	於二零一二年一月一日之 遞延税項負債總額	11,366	1,772	13,138
Deferred tax credited to the consolidated income statement during the year (Note 13)	年內於綜合收益表計入之 遞延税項(附註13)		(75)	(75)
Deferred tax debited to equity during the year arising on revaluation of	因重估土地及樓宇而產生 年內於權益扣除之	_	(73)	(75)
land and buildings (Note 13) Exchange realignment	遞延税項(附註13) 匯兑調整	5,855 9	-	5,855 9
Gross deferred tax liabilities at 31 December 2012 and 1 January 2013	於二零一二年 十二月三十一日及 二零一三年一月一日之			
,	遞延税項負債總額	17,230	1,697	18,927
Deferred tax credited to the consolidated income statement during the year (Note 13)	年內於綜合收益表計入之 遞延税項(附註13)	_	(239)	(239)
Deferred tax debited to equity during the year arising on revaluation of	因重估土地及樓宇而產生 年內於權益扣除之	4.050	(255)	
land and buildings (Note 13) Exchange realignment	遞延税項(附註13) 匯兑調整	1,859 358	- -	1,859 358
Gross deferred tax liabilities at 31 December 2013	於二零一三年 十二月三十一日之			
	遞延税項負債總額	19,447	1,458	20,905











綜合財務報表附註

33 DEFERRED TAX (CONTINUED)

For the purpose of the balance sheet presentation, certain deferred tax assets and liabilities have been offset. The following is an analysis of the deferred tax balances of the Group for financial reporting purposes:

33 遞延税項(續)

就呈報資產負債表而言,若干遞延税項資 產及負債已被抵銷。為供財務報告用途, 本集團遞延税項結餘分析如下:

		Group		
		本負	長團	
		2013	2012	
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	
		二零一三年	二零一二年	
		千港元	千港元	
Net deferred tax assets recognised	於綜合資產負債表中確認之			
in the consolidated balance sheet	遞延税項資產淨值	10,281	13,847	
Net deferred tax liabilities recognised	於綜合資產負債表中確認之			
in the consolidated balance sheet	遞延税項負債淨值	(20,779)	(18,186)	
		(10,498)	(4,339)	

The Group had unrecognised tax losses arising in Hong Kong of HK\$3,600,000 (2012: HK\$10,886,000) that are available indefinitely for offsetting against future taxable profits of the companies in which the losses arose. The Group also has unrecognised tax losses arising in Mainland China of HK\$66,822,000 (2012: HK\$26,674,000) that will expire in one to five years for offsetting against future taxable profit. The Group has tax losses not recognised amounted to HK\$70,422,000 (2012: HK\$37,560,000). Deferred tax assets have not been recognised amounted to HK\$17,300,000 (2012: HK\$8,465,000) in respect of these losses as they have arisen in subsidiaries that have been loss-making for some time and it is not considered probable that taxable profits will be available against which the tax losses can be utilised.

本集團有源於香港之未確認稅務虧損3,600,000港元(二零一二年:10,886,000港元),可無限期用以抵扣出現虧損之公司之未來應課稅溢利。本集團亦有源於中國大陸之未確認稅務虧損66,822,000港元(二零一二年:26,674,000港元),將於一至五年內屆滿,可用以抵銷未來應課稅溢利。本集團有未確認稅務虧損70,422,000港元(二零一二年:37,560,000港元)。由於該等虧損乃產生於已有一段頗長時間錄得虧損之附屬公司,且有應課稅溢利可用以抵扣該等稅務虧損之可能性不大,故並未就該等虧損確認之遞延稅項資產為17,300,000港元(二零一二年:8,465,000港元)。











綜合財務報表附註

33 DEFERRED TAX (CONTINUED)

Pursuant to the PRC Corporate Income Tax Law, a 10% withholding tax is levied on dividends declared to foreign investors from the foreign investment enterprises established in Mainland China. The requirement is effective from 1 January 2008 and applies to earnings after 31 December 2007. A lower withholding tax rate may be applied if there is a tax treaty between Mainland China and the jurisdiction of the foreign investors. For the Group, the applicable rate ranges from 5% to 10%. As at 31 December 2013, the Group has unremitted earnings amounted to approximately HK\$162,633,000 (2012: HK\$142,594,000). The corresponding deferred tax liabilities have not been recognised, given that the Company is able to control the timing of the reversal of the temporary difference and it is probable that the temporary difference will not reverse in the foreseeable future because of the Group's funding plan of its PRC expansion.

There are no income tax consequences attaching to the payment of dividends by the Company to its equity holders.

34 DEFERRED INCOME

The deferred income amount represented the fair value of the land at the date of acquisition less the total consideration paid by the Group. The purpose of the subsidies is for industrial development in these areas.

The deferred income amounting to HK\$13,069,000 (2012: HK\$12,995,000) of non-cash subsidies in relation to parcels of land located in Wuxi was granted by the Jiangsu Province Xishan Economic Development Management Committee in 2004. The subsidy was in the form of a reduction of the consideration for the acquisition of a parcel of land in Wuxi, the PRC, paid by the Group.

On 12 December 2013, the Group disposed of a parcel of land located in Nanjing at a cash consideration of RMB13,050,000 (or approximately HK\$16,356,000) to a government authority. The amount was fully settled on 12 January 2014. The government grant provided by Nanjing New and Technology Industry Development Company in 2008 was not required to be refunded by the Group.

33 遞延税項(續)

根據中國企業所得稅法,於中國大陸成立之外資企業向境外投資者宣派之股息須徵收10%之預扣稅。是項規定自二零零八年一月一日起生效,適用於二零零七年十二月三十一日以後產生之盈利。倘中國大陸與境外投資者所屬司法權區之間訂有稅務協定,則可按較低預扣稅率繳稅。就本集團而言,適用稅率介乎5%至10%。於二零一三年十二月三十一日,本集團之未匯出盈利約為162,633,000港元(二零一二年:142,594,000港元)。鑑於本公司能控制撥回暫時性差異之時間,且基於中國拓展業務之資金計劃使暫時性差異在可見將來不會撥回,故並未確認有關遞延稅項負債。

本公司向其股權持有人作出之股息分派 毋須繳付所得税。

34 遞延收入

遞延收入金額指該土地在收購日期之公 允值減本集團所支付之總代價。有關補助 乃用於在該等地區作工業發展。

13,069,000港元(二零一二年: 12,995,000港元)之遞延收入為無錫多幅 土地之非現金補助,由江蘇省錫山經濟開 發區管理委員會於二零零四年授出。給予 該等補助之方式為減收本集團為收購一 幅位於中國無錫之土地而支付之代價。

於二零一三年十二月十二日,本集團向一個政府機關出售一幅位於南京之土地,現金代價人民幣13,050,000元(或約16,356,000港元)。該金額已於二零一四年一月十二日悉數清償。本集團毋須退還南京高新技術經濟開發總公司於二零零八年提供之政府補助。











綜合財務報表附註

35 SHARE CAPITAL

35 股本

Ordinary shares

普通股

2013 2012 **HK\$'000** HK\$'000

Authorised: 法定:

HK\$0.10 each 0.10港元之普通股 **100,000** 100,000

lssued and fully paid: 已發行及繳足: 479,089,534 (2012: 479,089,534) 479,089,534股

479,089,534 (2012: 479,089,534) ordinary shares of HK\$0.10 each

(二零一二年: 479,089,534股)每股

面值0.10港元之普通股 47,909 47,909

A summary of the transactions involving the Company's share capital is as follows:

涉及本公司股本之交易概要如下:

Number of **Share** shares Issued premium in issue capital account Total HK\$'000 HK\$'000 HK\$'000 已發行 總計 股份數目 已發行股本 股份溢價賬 千港元 千港元 千港元 於二零一二年一月一日、 At 1 January 2012,

--日 479,089,534 47,909 167,707 215,616











綜合財務報表附註

36 SHARE OPTION SCHEME

On 26 May 2006, the Company adopted a share option scheme (the "Share Option Scheme") for the purpose of providing incentives and rewards to eligible persons, including employees, directors and other persons as specified under the scheme document, who contribute to the success of the Group's operations.

The Share Option Scheme became effective on 26 May 2006 and will remain in force for 10 years from that date.

The maximum number of the shares which may be issued upon exercise of all outstanding share options granted and yet to be exercised under the Share Option Scheme and any other share option schemes of the Company shall not, in aggregate, exceed 30% of the total number of issued shares from time to time provided that the total number of shares which may be issued upon exercise of all share options to be granted under the Share Option Scheme and any other share option schemes of the Company shall not in aggregate exceed 10% of the total number of issued shares on 26 May 2006.

Each grant of the share options to a director, chief executive or substantial shareholder of the Company, or to any of their associates, under the Share Option Scheme must comply with the requirements of Rule 17.04 of the Listing Rules and must be subject to approval of the independent non-executive directors to whom share options have not been granted. In addition, any grant of share options to a substantial shareholder or an independent non-executive director of the Company, or to any of their associates, which would result in the shares issued and to be issued upon exercise of all share options already granted and to be granted to such person in the 12-month period up to and including the date of such grant in excess of 0.1% of the total number of shares of the Company in issue and with an aggregate value in excess of HK\$5 million, is subject to prior approval from shareholders in a general meeting.

The exercise price of the share options is determinable by the Board, but may not be less than the highest of (i) the nominal value of the Company's shares, (ii) the average closing price of the Company's shares as stated in the Stock Exchange's daily quotation sheets for the five trading days immediately preceding the date of offer, and (iii) the closing price of the Company's shares as stated in the Stock Exchange's daily quotation sheet on the date of offer of the share options, which must be a trading day.

36 購股權計劃

於二零零六年五月二十六日,本公司採納 一項購股權計劃(「購股權計劃」),旨在 向對本集團之成功經營作出貢獻之合資 格人士(包括計劃文件中列明之僱員、董 事及其他人士)提供獎勵及回報。

購股權計劃於二零零六年五月二十六日 開始生效並於該日起計10年期間生效。

因行使根據購股權計劃及本公司任何其 他購股權計劃授出但未行使之所有尚未 行使之購股權而可予發行之股份數目總 數,合共最多不得超過不時已發行股份總 數之30%,惟因行使根據購股權計劃及本 公司任何其他購股權計劃將授出之所有 購股權而可發行之股份總數,合共不得超 過二零零六年五月二十六日已發行股份 總數之10%。

根據購股權計劃每次向本公司董事、主要 行政人員或主要股東或彼等之任何聯繫 人授出購股權須符合上市規則第17.04條 之規定,並須經未獲授購股權之獨立非執 行董事批准。另外,如向本公司主要股東 或獨立非執行董事或彼等之任何聯繫 授出購股權,將導致直至該授出日期(包 括該日)十二個月期間因行使該人士已獲 授及將獲授之所有購股權而已發行股份 數0.1%及總價值超過5,000,000港元,則 須獲得股東於股東大會上事先批准。

購股權之行使價由董事會釐定,惟不得低於下列三者中之最高者:(i)本公司股份面值,(ii)本公司股份於緊接發出要約日期前五個交易日聯交所每日報價表所載之平均收市價,及(iii)本公司股份於發出授予購股權要約日期(必須為交易日)聯交所每日報價表所載之收市價。











綜合財務報表附註

36 SHARE OPTION SCHEME (CONTINUED)

The Group did not recognise any share option expense (2012: HK\$1,094,000), but reversed previous year expense of HK\$2,294,000 (2012: HK\$165,000) for forfeited share options in the consolidated income statement during the year ended 31 December 2013.

The fair value of share options granted was estimated as at the date of grant, using a binomial model, taking into account the terms and conditions upon which the options were granted. The following table lists the inputs to the model used:

Expected dividend yield

Expected annual volatility

Risk-free interest rate

1.99%

Life of option

10 years

Weighted average share price

Early exercise behaviour

HK\$2.262

Early exercise behaviour

150% over the exercise price

The expected dividend yield is based on the historical data over the past year and is not necessarily indicative of the actual dividend yield that may occur. The expected annual volatility reflects the assumption with the historical volatility. The early exercise behaviour is based on the historical data in share option scheme granted in 2006 and may not necessarily be the actual behaviour.

The following share options were outstanding under the Share Option Scheme during the year:

36 購股權計劃(續)

截至二零一三年十二月三十一日止年度,本集團在綜合收益表中並無確認購股權開支(二零一二年:1,094,000港元),惟已撥回去年有關已沒收購股權之開支2,294,000港元(二零一二年:165,000港元)。

已授出購股權之公允值乃於授出日期經考慮授出購股權之條款及條件後使用二項模型估計。下表載列所用模型之輸入數據:

預期股息率1.15%預期年度波幅44.03%無風險利率1.99%購股權年期10年加權平均股價2.262港元提早行使行為行使價之150%

預期股息率乃基於過去一年之歷史數據,並不一定可作為可能發生之實際股息率之指標。預期年度波幅反映歷史波幅之假設。提早行使行為乃基於二零零六年授出之購股權計劃之歷史數據,並不一定為實際行為。

年內·購股權計劃中之未獲行使購股權如下:

		2013		20	012
		二零·	一三年	二零一二年	
		Weighted		Weighted	
		average		average	
		exercise	Number of	exercise	Number of
		price	options	price	options
		加權平均		加權平均	
		行使價	購股權數目	行使價	購股權數目
At 1 January	於一月一日	2.067	4,940,000	2.059	5,060,000
Forfeited during the year	年內沒收	1.864	(1,830,000)	1.710	(120,000)
At 31 December	於十二月三十一日	2.187	3,110,000	2.067	4,940,000











綜合財務報表附註

36 SHARE OPTION SCHEME (CONTINUED)

The exercise price and exercise periods of the share options outstanding as at the balance sheet date are as follows:

36 購股權計劃(續)

於結算日,未獲行使購股權之行使價及行 使期如下:

Exercise period ¹		Exercise price ²	Number of options		
		HK\$ per share	2013	2012	
行使期1		行使價 ²	購股棉	聖數目	
		每股港元	二零一三年	二零一二年	
8-8-2006 to 25-5-2016	8-8-2006至25-5-2016	1.6	100,000	600,000	
8-8-2007 to 25-5-2016	8-8-2007至25-5-2016	1.6	250,000	850,000	
15-9-2011 to 14-9-2020	15-9-2011至14-9-2020	2.262	1,390,000	1,756,000	
15-9-2012 to 14-9-2020	15-9-2012至14-9-2020	2.262	1,370,000	1,734,000	
			3,110,000	4,940,000	

- The vesting period of the share options is from the date of grant until the commencement of the exercise period.
- The exercise price of the share options is subject to adjustment in case of rights or bonus issues, or other similar changes in the Company's share capital.

At 31 December 2013, the Company had 3,110,000 (2012: 4,940,000) share options outstanding under the Share Option Scheme. The exercise in full of these share options would, under the present capital structure of the Company, result in the issue of 3,110,000 (2012: 4,940,000) additional ordinary shares of the Company and additional share capital of HK\$311,000 (2012: HK\$494,000) and share premium of approximately HK\$6,492,000 (2012: HK\$9,720,000) (before issue expenses).

At the date of approval of these financial statements, the Company had 3,110,000 (2012: 4,940,000) share options outstanding under the Share Option Scheme, which represented approximately 0.65% (2012: 1.03%) of the Company's shares in issue as at that date.

- ¹ 購股權之歸屬期乃自授出日期起直至 行使期間開始。
- ² 購股權之行使價或會因供股或紅利發 行·或本公司股本之其他類似變動而 作出調整。

於二零一三年十二月三十一日,本公司 購股權計劃下有3,110,000份未獲行使 之購股權(二零一二年:4,940,000份)。 根據本公司當前之資本結構,悉數行使 該等購股權將導致發行3,110,000股(二 零一二年:4,940,000股)本公司額外普 通股,並產生額外股本311,000港元(二 零一二年:494,000港元)及股份溢價約 6,492,000港元(二零一二年:9,720,000 港元)(未扣除發行開支)。

於批准此等財務報表當日,本公司購股權計劃下有3,110,000份未獲行使之購股權(二零一二年:4,940,000份),約佔本公司於該日已發行股份之0.65%(二零一二年:1.03%)。











綜合財務報表附註

37 RESERVES

37 儲備

Group

本集團

Attributable to equity holders of the Company 本公司股權持有人應佔

						平公可放作	[付付人應伯				
		Share premium HK\$'000 股份溢價 千港元	Share option HK\$'000 購股權 千港元	Contributed surplus¹ HK\$'000 繳入盈餘¹ 千港元	Asset revaluation reserve HK\$'000 資產 重估儲備 千港元	Available- for-sale investment revaluation reserve HK\$'000 可供負重估 儲備 千港元	Exchange fluctuation reserve HK\$'000 種弟 千港元	PRC reserve funds* HK\$'000 中國 儲備金* 千港元	Other reserve HK\$'000 其他儲備 千港元	Retained profits HK\$'000 保留溢利	Total HK\$'000 總計 千港元
Balance at 1 January 2013	於二零一三年 一月一日之結餘	167,707	5,420	2,800	60,541	356	303,198	53,362	157	785,251	1,378,792
Profit for the year Other comprehensive income:	本年度溢利 其他全面收益:	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	61,021	61,021
Asset revaluation surplus, net of tax Change in fair value of an	扣除税項後資產 重估盈餘 一項可供出售投資	-	-	-	7,238	-	-	-	-	-	7,238
available-for-sale investment Currency translation differences	公允值之變動 正兑差額	-	-	-	-	335	-	-	-	-	335
- Group - Joint ventures	一本集團 一合營企業	-	-	-	-	-	57,155 4,505	-	-	-	57,155 4,505
– An associate	-聯營公司	-		-			(1,771)	-	-	-	(1,771)
Total comprehensive income for the year ended 31 December 2013	截至二零一三年 十二月三十一日止 年度全面收益總額	-	-	-	7,238	335	59,889	-	-	61,021	128,483
Employee share option scheme: – Share options forfeited Transferred from retained	僱員購股權計劃: 一已沒收購股權 轉撥自保留溢利	-	(2,294)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(2,294)
profits	_# _ f_+### #	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,482	-	(1,482)	-
2012 final dividend 2013 interim dividend	二零一二年末期股息 二零一三年中期股息	-	_	-	-	-	-	_	-	(11,977) (9,582)	(11,977) (9,582)
		167,707	3,126	2,800	67,779	691	363,087	54,844	157	823,231	1,483,422
2013 proposed final dividend	二零一三年擬派 末期股息	-	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	(7,186)	(7,186)
Balance at 31 December 2013	於二零一三年 十二月三十一日										
	之結餘	167,707	3,126	2,800	67,779	691	363,087	54,844	157	816,045	1,476,236











綜合財務報表附註

37 RESERVES (CONTINUED)

37 儲備(續)

Group

本集團

Attributable to equity holders of the Company 本公司股權持有人應佔

						1 24 - 1/2K [E.	1-1 11 / (NOVIN				
						Available-					
						for-sale					
					Asset	investment	Exchange	PRC			
		Share	Share	Contributed	revaluation	revaluation	fluctuation	reserve	Other	Retained	
		premium	option	surplus1	reserve	reserve	reserve	funds#	reserve	profits	Total
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
						可供出售					
					資產	投資重估	匯兑	中國			
		股份溢價	購股權	缴入盈餘1	重估儲備	儲備	波動儲備	儲備金♥	其他儲備	保留溢利	總計
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
		17070	17070	17070	17070	17070	17070	17070	17070	17070	17670
Balance at 1 January 2012	於二零一二年										
	一月一日之結餘	167,707	4,491	2,800	37,811	92	306,828	50,818	-	731,875	1,302,422
Profit for the year	本年度溢利	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	79,875	79,875
Other comprehensive income:	其他全面收益:									,5,0,5	, 5,0,5
Asset revaluation surplus,	扣除税項後資產										
net of tax	重估盈餘	_		_	22,730	_		_	_	_	22,730
Change in fair value of an	一項可供出售投資				22,730						22,730
available-for-sale investment	公允值之變動					264					264
	五九 国之 安 助 匯 兑 差 額	_	_	_	_	204	_	_	_	_	204
Currency translation differences	世兄左領 一本集團						(700)				(700)
– Group		-	-	_	_	-	(790)	_	_	-	(790)
– Joint ventures	-合營企業 ™ ** △ =	-	_	-	-	-	(9)	-	-	-	(9)
– An associate	一聯營公司 ———	-	-	-			(2,831)	-	-	-	(2,831)
Total comprehensive income	截至二零一二年										
for the year ended	十二月三十一日止										
31 December 2012	年度全面收益總額	-	-	-	22,730	264	(3,630)	-	-	79,875	99,239
Employee share option scheme:	僱員購股權計劃:										
 Value of employee services 	-僱員服務價值	-	1,094	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,094
- Share options forfeited	-已沒收購股權	-	(165)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(165)
Acquisition of non-controlling	收購非控股股東權益										
interests		-	_	_	_	_	_	_	157	_	157
Transferred from retained	轉撥自保留溢利										
profits		_	_	_	_	_	_	2,544	_	(2,544)	_
2011 final dividend	二零一一年末期股息	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	(14,373)	(14,373)
2012 interim dividend	二零一二年中期股息	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	(9,582)	(9,582)
	1 1 77000									(-,2)	(-1-22)
2042	_ = _ F.W.S	167,707	5,420	2,800	60,541	356	303,198	53,362	157	785,251	1,378,792
2012 proposed final dividend	二零一二年擬派 末期股息	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	(11,977)	(11,977)
	(17/10/10)									(.1,511)	(.1,5//)
Balance at 31 December 2012	於二零一二年										
	十二月三十一日	167.707	E 420	2.000	CO F 44	250	202.100	F2 2C2	157	772 274	1 200 015
	之結餘	167,707	5,420	2,800	60,541	356	303,198	53,362	157	773,274	1,366,815

- The Group's contributed surplus represents the difference between the nominal value of the shares of the subsidiaries acquired over the nominal value of the Company's shares issued in exchange therefore.
- Pursuant to the relevant laws and regulations in the PRC, a portion of the profits of the Group's subsidiaries which are established in the PRC has been transferred to the PRC reserve funds which are restricted as to use.
- 本集團之繳入盈餘指所收購附屬公司 之股份面值超出為交換附屬公司股份 而發行之本公司股份之面值之差額。
- # 根據中國相關法律及法規,本集團於 中國成立之附屬公司有部份溢利已轉 撥至中國儲備金,其動用受到限制。











綜合財務報表附註

37 RESERVES (CONTINUED)

37 儲備(續)

Company

本公司

		Share premium HK\$'000 股份溢價 千港元	Share option HK\$'000 購股權 千港元	Contributed surplus HK\$'000 繳入盈餘 千港元	Retained profits HK\$'000 保留溢利 千港元	Total HK\$'000 總計 千港元
At 1 January 2013	於二零一三年一月一日	167,707	5,420	63,623	77,624	314,374
Profit for the year	本年度溢利	-	_	-	1,845	1,845
Employee share option scheme:	僱員購股權計劃:		(2.204)			(2.204)
– Share options forfeited	- 已沒收之購股權	-	(2,294)	_	- (44.077)	(2,294)
2012 final dividend	二零一二年末期股息	_	_	-	(11,977)	(11,977)
2013 interim dividend	二零一三年中期股息	_	_		(9,582)	(9,582)
		167,707	3,126	63,623	57,910	292,366
2013 proposed final dividend	二零一三年擬派 末期股息	-	_	_	(7,186)	(7,186)
At 31 December 2013	於二零一三年 十二月三十一日	167,707	3,126	63,623	50,724	285,180
At 1 January 2012	於二零一二年一月一日	167,707	4,491	63,623	52,850	288,671
Profit for the year	本年度溢利	-	-	-	48,729	48,729
Employee share option scheme:	僱員購股權計劃:					
– Value of employee services	-員工服務價值	-	1,094	-	-	1,094
 Share options forfeited 	-已沒收之購股權	-	(165)	-	-	(165)
2011 final dividend	二零一一年末期股息	-	-	-	(14,373)	(14,373)
2012 interim dividend	二零一二年中期股息	_	_	_	(9,582)	(9,582)
		167,707	5,420	63,623	77,624	314,374
2012 proposed final dividend	二零一二年擬派					
	末期股息	-	_	_	(11,977)	(11,977)
At 31 December 2012	於二零一二年					
	十二月三十一日	167,707	5,420	63,623	65,647	302,397











綜合財務報表附註

37 RESERVES (CONTINUED)

The Company's contributed surplus represents the excess of the fair value of the shares of the subsidiaries acquired over the nominal value of the Company's shares issued in exchange therefore. Under the Companies Act 1981 of Bermuda (as amended), a company may make distributions to its members out of the contributed surplus in certain circumstances.

The share option reserve comprises the fair value of share options granted which are yet to be exercised, as further explained in the accounting policy for share-based payment transactions in Note 3 to the consolidated financial statements. The amount will either be transferred to the share premium account when the related options are exercised, or be transferred to retained profits should the related options expire or be forfeited.

38 CORPORATE GUARANTEES

The Company provides guarantees to the extent of HK\$3,207,578,000 (2012: HK\$2,926,765,000) in respect of banking facilities granted to its subsidiaries, and approximately HK\$830,780,000 (2012: HK\$915,558,000) of which was utilised at the balance sheet date.

39 OPERATING LEASE ARRANGEMENTS

As lessee

The Group leases certain of its office properties, factory premises, and warehouses under operating lease arrangements. Leases for office properties, factory premises, and warehouses are negotiated for terms ranging from one to twenty years.

37 儲備(續)

本公司之繳入盈餘指所收購附屬公司之 股份公允值超出為交換附屬公司股份而 發行之本公司股份之面值之差額。根據 百慕達一九八一年公司法(修訂本),公 司可在若干情況下將繳入盈餘分派予股 東。

購股權儲備包括已授出但尚未行使購股權之公允值,進一步解釋見綜合財務報表附註3內有關以股份為基礎之付款交易之會計政策。該金額將於有關購股權獲行使時轉撥至股份溢價賬,或倘有關之購股權已屆滿或被沒收,則轉撥至保留溢利。

38 公司擔保

本公司於結算日就授予其附屬公司之銀行融資作出為數3,207,578,000港元(二零一二年:2,926,765,000港元)之擔保,其中約830,780,000港元(二零一二年:915,558,000港元)已被動用。

39 經營租約安排

作為承租人

本集團根據經營租約安排租賃若干辦公室物業、工廠物業及貨倉。辦公室物業、 工廠物業及貨倉租約協定之租期為一至 二十年不等。











綜合財務報表附註

39 OPERATING LEASE ARRANGEMENTS (CONTINUED)

As lessee (Continued)

At 31 December 2013, the Group had total future minimum lease payments under non-cancellable operating leases falling due as follows:

39 經營租約安排(續)

作為承租人(續)

於二零一三年十二月三十一日,本集團根據不可撤銷經營租約於下列期間到期支付之未來最低租金總額如下:

G	O	чþ
本	集	專

		49	長圈
		2013	2012
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		二零一三年	二零一二年
		千港元	千港元
Vithin one year	一年內	15,866	16,304
n the second to fifth years, inclusive	第二至第五年(包括首尾兩年)	6,095	9,070
		21,961	25,374

At 31 December 2013, the Company had no operating lease commitment (2012: Nil).

於二零一三年十二月三十一日,本公司 並無任何經營租約承擔(二零一二年: 無)。

As lessor

W In

At 31 December 2013, the Group had total future minimum lease receipts under non-cancellable operating leases falling due as follows:

作為出租人

於二零一三年十二月三十一日,本集團根據不可撤銷經營租約於下列期間到期收取之未來最低租金總額如下:

本集	惠
2013	2012
HK\$'000	HK\$'000
二零一三年	二零一二年
千港元	千港元

Group

Within one year In the second to fifth years, inclusive	一年內 第二至第五年(包括首尾兩年)	2,683 1,188	446
		3,871	446











綜合財務報表附註

40 COMMITMENTS

In addition to the operating lease commitments detailed in Note 39 above, the Group had the following capital commitments at the balance sheet date:

40 承擔

除上文附註39所詳述之經營租約承擔外, 本集團於結算日有以下資本承擔:

Gro	лb
本集	專

20132012HK\$'000HK\$'000二零一三年二零一二年千港元千港元

Contracted, but not provided for: 已訂約但並未撥備: Plant and machinery 廠房及機器 33,352 49,093 Buildings 樓宇 743 5,033 Land 土地 1,296 1,257 35,391 55,383

At 31 December 2013, there is no capital commitment which is authorised but not contracted (2012: Nil).

於二零一三年十二月三十一日並無任何 已授權但未訂約之資本承擔(二零一二 年:無)。

At 31 December 2013, the Company had no capital commitment (2012: Nil).

於二零一三年十二月三十一日,本公司並 無任何資本承擔(二零一二年:無)。











綜合財務報表附註

41 RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

As at 31 December 2013, Man Yue Holdings Inc. had a 43.76% equity interest in the Company as the single largest shareholder. The ultimate controlling party of the Company is Ms. Kee Chor Lin, a director of the Company.

(a) In addition to the transactions detailed elsewhere in these consolidated financial statements, the Group had the following material transactions with its joint ventures and the associate:

41 關連人士交易

於二零一三年十二月三十一日,Man Yue Holdings Inc.以單一最大股東身份持有本公司43.76%股本權益。本公司之最終控股人士為本公司董事紀楚蓮女士。

(a) 除綜合財務報表其他內容詳述之 交易外,本集團與其合營企業及聯 營公司之重大交易如下:

		Notes	2013 HK\$'000 二零一三年	2012 HK\$'000 二零一二年
		附註	千港元	千港元
Joint ventures: Purchases of raw materials Rental expenses Interest income received Consultancy income	合營企業: 購買原材料 租金開支 已收利息收入 顧問收入	(i) (ii) (iii) (iv)	100,775 15,044 4,243 –	120,557 14,754 4,162 5,000
An associate: Sales of raw materials	聯營公司: 出售原材料	(i)	35,537	-

Notes:

- (i) The above purchases and sales of raw materials were determined on the basis agreed by both parties.
- (ii) The rental was charged at rates with mark-to-market yield.
- (iii) The interest was charged at a rate of 5.81% (2012: 6.19%) per annum.
- (iv) Consultancy income is charged for the provision of sales supporting services at rates mutually agreed by both parties.
- (b) Remuneration for key management personnel is set out in Notes 11 and 12 to the consolidated financial statements.
- (c) The loans to a joint venture, amounts due from and due to joint ventures, and amount due from an associate are set out in Notes 23 and 24 to the consolidated financial statements.

附註:

- (i) 上述購買及出售原材料交易乃 按訂約雙方協定之基準釐定。
- (ii) 租金乃按回報市價之比率計 算。
- (iii) 利息乃按每年5.81厘(二零 一二年:6.19厘)之息率計 算。
- (iv) 顧問收入乃就提供銷售支援服 務而支付,按訂約雙方協定之 比率計算。
- (b) 主要管理人員之薪酬載於綜合財 務報表附註11及12。
- (c) 給予一間合營企業之貸款、應收及 應付合營企業之款項以及應收聯 營公司之款項載於綜合財務報表 附註23及24。











綜合財務報表附註

FINANCIAL INSTRUMEN	TS BY CATEGORY	42	按類別劃分	分之金融工 」	具
Group			本集團		
2013			二零一三年		
		Loans and	Assets at fair value through the profit	Available-	
		receivables	and loss 以公允值	for-sale	To
		貸款 及應收款項 HK\$'000 千港元	計入收益表 之資產 HK\$'000 千港元	可供出售 HK\$′000 千港元	總 HK\$'0 千港
Assets as per balance sheet	資產負債表所示資產				
Available-for-sale investments	可供出售投資	_	_	12,258	12,2
Loans to a joint venture Due from joint ventures	給予一間合營企業之貸款 應收合營企業之款項	104,076 47,562	_	_	104,0 47,5
Due from an associate	應收聯營公司之款項	33,214	_	_	33,2
Trade and other receivables	應收貿易賬款及其他	55,233			,-
excluding prepayments	應收款項(不包括	477.007			477.0
Financial assets at fair value	預付款項) 以公允值計入收益表之	477,987	_	_	477,9
through profit or loss	金融資產	_	55	_	!
Cash and cash equivalents	現金及現金等值物	433,363	_	-	433,3
Cash and cash equivalents classified as held-for-sale	分類為持作出售之 現金及現金等值物	6,783	_	_	6,7
Total	總計	1,102,985	55	12,258	1,115,2
		throug profit an 以公 計入以	value gh the liab d loss amorti 公允值 按 收益表 列 之負債	難銷成本 張之其他 金融負債 HK \$′ 000	7o1 總 HK\$'0
		-	千港元 ————————————————————————————————————	千港元	千港
Liabilities as per balance sheet Bank loans Derivative financial instruments	資產負債表所示負債 銀行貸款 衍生金融工具	1	– 16,795	873,798 -	873,79 16,79
	應付合營企業之款耳	百	_	47,273	47,2
Due to joint ventures Trade and other payables excluding non-financial liabilitie	應付貿易賬款及其何	也		261,904	261,90

總計

16,795

1,183,013

1,199,808

Total











綜合財務報表附註

42 FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS BY CATEGORY (CONTINUED) 42

42 按類別劃分之金融工具(續)

Group			本集團		
2012			二零一二年		
			Assets at		
			fair value through		
		Loans and	the profit	Available-	
		receivables	and loss	for-sale	Total
		貸款及	以公允值 計入收益表		
		應收款項	之資產	可供出售	總計
		HK\$'000 て:#=	HK\$'000 七进二	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
Assets as per balance sheet	資產負債表所示資產				
Available-for-sale investments	可供出售投資	_	_	20,203	20,203
Loans to a joint venture Due from joint ventures	給予一間合營企業之貸款 應收合營企業之款項	99,545	-	_	99,545
Derivative financial instruments	源收占 曾正某之	44,808	167	_	44,808 167
Trade and other receivables	應收貿易賬款及其他		107		107
excluding prepayments	應收款項(不包括				
· · · · · · · · · · · ·	預付款項)	473,738	-	_	473,738
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	以公允值計入收益表之 金融資產		56	_	56
Cash and cash equivalents	現金及現金等值物	625,400		_	625,400
Total	總計	1,243,491	223	20,203	1,263,917
	700.81	.,,			.,
			ties at	Other	
		fair throug	value	financial liabilities at	
		profit ar		ortised cost	Total
		以名	公允值 招	安攤銷成本	
		計入地		川賬之其他	/. c. 2.1
			Z負債 \$′000	金融負債 HK\$'000	總計 HK\$'000
			-港元	千港元	千港元
Liabilities as per balance sheet	資產負債表所示負債				
Bank loans	銀行貸款		_	1,050,883	1,050,883
Derivative financial instruments	衍生金融工具	3	0,696	_	30,696
Due to joint ventures	應付合營企業之款項		-	45,735	45,735
Trade and other payables	應付貿易賬款及其他 應付款項(不包括				
excluding non-financial liabilities	應的就與(不包括 非金融負債)		_	272,969	272,969
Dividends payable	應付股息		_	34	34
Total	總計	3	0,696	1,369,621	1,400,317
	,5·8·1		-,	.,,	1,100,017











綜合財務報表附註

42 FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS BY CATEGORY (CONTINUED)

42 按類別劃分之金融工具(續)

Company 本公司

Loans and receivables

貸款及應收款項

 2013
 2012

 HK\$'000
 HK\$'000

 二零一三年
 二零一二年

Assets as per balance sheet	資產負債表所示資產		
Due from subsidiaries	應收附屬公司之款項	636,966	607,908
Cash and cash equivalents	現金及現金等值物	1,703	880
Total	總計	638,669	608,788

Financial liabilities at amortised cost

按攤銷成本列賬之金融負債

20132012HK\$'000HK\$'000二零一三年二零一二年千港元千港元

Liabilities as per balance sheet	資產負債表所示負債		
Due to subsidiaries	應付附屬公司之款項	348,508	297,694
Other payables and accrued liabilities	其他應付款項及應計負債	17,808	12,439
Dividends payable	應付股息	38	34
Total	總計	366,354	310,167











綜合財務報表附註

43 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES

The Group has certain financial instruments, including bank loans and cash and short term deposits, of which main purpose is to fund the Group's operations. The Group has various other financial assets and liabilities such as trade receivables and trade and bills payables, which arise directly from its operations.

The Group also enters into forward currency contracts and interest rate swap. The purposes are to manage the currency risks and interest rate risks arising from the Group's operations and its sources of finance. These forward currency contracts and interest rate swap are not qualified as hedging for accounting purposes.

The main risks arising from the Group's financial instruments are foreign currency risk, interest rate risk, liquidity risk and credit risk. The Board reviews and agrees policies for managing each of these risks and they are summarised below. The Group's accounting policies in relation to derivatives are set out in Note 3 to the consolidated financial statements.

Foreign currency risk

The Group's reporting currency is the Hong Kong dollar and it conducts some of its business transactions in other transactional currencies such as the United States dollar and the Japanese Yen. Some of its sales proceeds were received in United States dollars and Renminbi, and some of the purchases are conducted in Japanese Yen, Renminbi and United States dollars. As the United States dollar is closely pegged with the Hong Kong dollar throughout the year under review, so the currency exposure in this respect is considered not significant. About 61% (2012: 34%) of the Group's expenditures are denominated in Renminbi. The impacts of Renminbi appreciation are alleviated by sales proceeds as about 40% (2012: 35%) of the Group's sales receipts are denominated in Renminbi. About 7% (2012: 18%) of the Group's purchases are denominated in Japanese Yen. Accordingly, the Group uses forward currency contracts to mitigate a proportion of its Japanese Yen exposures with reference to the cash flow forecasts. The Group does not speculate on foreign currencies.

43 財務風險管理目標及政策

本集團有若干金融工具(包括銀行貸款以及現金及短期存款),主要目的乃為本集團之業務提供資金。本集團有多種其他金融資產及負債(如應收貿易賬款及應付貿易賬款及票據)乃直接於業務中產生。

本集團亦訂有遠期貨幣合約及利率掉期 合約,目的為管理本集團業務及財務資源 所產生之貨幣風險及利率風險。就會計目 的而言,遠期貨幣合約及利率掉期合約不 符合資格作為對沖。

來自本集團金融工具之主要風險為外匯 風險、利率風險、流動資金風險及信貸風 險。董事會檢討及協定管理各種風險之政 策,並於下文概述。本集團有關衍生工具 之會計政策載於綜合財務報表附註3。

外幣風險

本集團以港元為呈報貨幣,並以其他交易 貨幣如美元及日圓進行部份業務交易。 其部份銷售所得款項以美元及人民幣收取,而部份採購以日圓、人民幣及美元進行。回顧年度內美元兑港元之聯繫匯率一直維持穩定,因此這方面之外匯風險率重大。本集團支出中約61%(二零一二年:34%)以人民幣結算。由於本集團之銷售收入中約40%(二零一二年:35%)以人民幣結算,故銷售所得款項舒緩了人民幣升值之影響。本集團之採購額中約7%(二零一二年:18%)以日圓結算。因此,本集團根據現金流量預測,採用遠期貨幣合約減少日圓風險承擔比重。本集團並無炒賣外幣。











綜合財務報表附註

43 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Foreign currency risk (Continued)

The following table demonstrates the sensitivity at the balance sheet date to a reasonably possible change on translation of Japanese Yen denominated cash and bank balances and trade and bills payables and Renminbi denominated cash and bank balances, trade receivables and trade and bills payables, with all other variables held constant, of the Group's profit before tax.

43 財務風險管理目標及政策 (續)

外幣風險(續)

下表列示於結算日,在所有其他變數保持不變之情況下,本集團除稅前溢利對換算日圓計值現金及銀行結餘、應付貿易賬款及票據及人民幣計值現金及銀行結餘、應收貿易賬款以及應付貿易賬款及票據可能出現合理變動之敏感性。

	Increase/ (decrease) in Japanese Yen rate % 日圓匯率 上升/(下降) 百分比	Increase/ (decrease) in profit before tax HK\$'000 除税前溢利 增加/(減少) 千港元
against the Japanese Yen If the Hong Kong dollar had strengthened 倘港元	兑日圓匯率下降 5 兑日圓匯率上升	793
against the Japanese Yen	(5) 二年 兑日圓匯率下降 5 兑日圓匯率上升 (5)	(793) 1,677 (1,677)
against the Japanese Ten	Increase/ (decrease) in RMB rate % 人民幣匯率 上升/(下跌) 百分比	Increase/ (decrease) in profit before tax HK\$'000 除税前溢利 增加/(減少) 千港元
2013 二零一 If the Hong Kong dollar had weakened against the RMB	Increase/ (decrease) in RMB rate % 人民幣匯率 上升/(下跌) 百分比	Increase/ (decrease) in profit before tax HK\$'000 除税前溢利 增加/(減少)











綜合財務報表附註

43 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Interest rate risk

The Group's and the Company's exposure to the risk of changes in market interest rates relates primarily to their bank loan obligations with floating interest rates. To manage any exposure arising from the changes in market interest rates, the Group enters into interest rate swap, in which the Group agrees to exchange, at specified intervals, the difference between fixed and variable rate interest amounts calculated by reference to an agreed-upon notional principal amount. This interest rate swap is not qualified as hedging for accounting purposes.

43 財務風險管理目標及政策 (續)

利率風險

本集團及本公司所面對之市場利率變動 風險主要關於其按浮息計算之銀行貸款 責任。為管理市場利率變動所招致之風 險,本集團訂立利率掉期合約。據此,本 集團協議於指定區間交換經參考協定之 名義本金額計算所得之定息與浮息金額 之差額。就會計目的而言,利率掉期合約 不符合資格作為對沖。

	Group	Company
	(Decrease)/	(Decrease)/
Increase/	increase in	increase in
(decrease) in	profit before	profit before
basis points	tax	tax
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
	本集團	本公司
基點	除税前溢利	除税前溢利
增加/(減少)	(減少)/增加	(減少)/增加
	千港元	千港元

2013	二零一三年			
Hong Kong dollar	港元	100	(7,730)	-
US dollar	美元	100	(1,008)	-
	\ + -	(400)		
Hong Kong dollar	港元	(100)	7,730	-
US dollar	美元	(100)	1,008	-











綜合財務報表附註

43 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Interest rate risk (Continued)

43 財務風險管理目標及政策 (續)

利率風險(續)

	Group	Company
	(Decrease)/	(Decrease)/
Increase/	increase in	increase in
(decrease) in	profit before	profit before
basis points	tax	tax
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
	本集團	本公司
基點	除税前溢利	除税前溢利
增加/(減少)	(減少)/增加	(減少)/增加
	千港元	千港元

2012 二零一二年

Hong Kong dollar 港元 100 (10,509) —

Hong Kong dollar 港元

Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk of non-availability of funds to meet all contractual financial commitments as they fall due. The Group's objective is to maintain a prudent financial policy, to monitor liquidity ratios against risk limits and to maintain contingency plan for funding to ensure that the Group maintains sufficient cash to meet its liquidity requirements.

流動資金風險

(100)

流動資金風險指未能取得資金以應付所有到期之合約財務承擔之風險。本集團之目標是保持審慎之財務政策,藉著風險限額監察流動資金比率,並設有應急資金計劃,確保本集團具備足夠現金以應付其流動資金需要。

10,509











綜合財務報表附註

43 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Liquidity risk (Continued)

The maturity profile of the Group's and the Company's financial liabilities as at the balance sheet date, based on the contractual undiscounted payments, was as follows:

Group

43 財務風險管理目標及政策 (續)

流動資金風險(續)

於結算日,本集團及本公司根據合約未 貼現付款計算之金融負債之到期情況如 下:

本集團

Group		4 集 圏		
			2013 二零一三年	
		Within 1 year	一令一二十	
		or on demand	Over 1 year	Total
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		一年內或	HK\$ 000	ПК\$ 000
		按要求	超過一年	總計
		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	五超 中 千港元	千港元
		1/670	I Æ 7.	17670
Due to joint ventures	應付合營企業之款項	47,273	_	47,273
Trade and bills payables	應付貿易賬款及票據	184,876	_	184,876
Other payables and accrued liabilities	其他應付款項及應計負債	77,028	_	77,028
Derivative financial instruments	衍生金融工具	5,864	10,931	16,795
Bank loans	銀行貸款	554,763	340,072	894,835
Dividends payable	應付股息	38	-	38
- Simuerius payable				
		869,842	351,003	1,220,845
			2012	
			二零一二年	
		Within 1 year		
		or on demand	Over 1 year	Total
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		一年內或		
		按要求	超過一年	總計
		千港元	千港元	千港元
Due to joint ventures	應付合營企業之款項	45,735	-	45,735
Trade and bills payables	應付貿易賬款及票據	187,799	-	187,799
Other payables and accrued liabilities	其他應付款項及應計負債	85,170	_	85,170
Derivative financial instruments	衍生金融工具	5,772	24,924	30,696
Bank loans	銀行貸款	536,877	545,144	1,082,021
Dividends payable	應付股息	34	_	34
		861,387	570,068	1,431,455











綜合財務報表附註

43 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Liquidity risk (Continued)

43 財務風險管理目標及政策 (續)

流動資金風險(續)

Company		本公司		
			2013	
			二零一三年	
		Within 1 year		
		or on demand	Over 1 year	Total
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		一年內或		
		按要求	超過一年	總計
		千港元	千港元	千港元
Due to subsidiaries	應付附屬公司之款項	348,508	_	348,508
Other payables and accrued liabilities	其他應付款項及應計負債	17,808	_	17,808
Corporate guarantee	公司擔保	493,093	337,687	830,780
Dividends payable	應付股息	38	_	38
		859,447	337,687	1,197,134
			2012	
			二零一二年	
		Within 1 year		
		or on demand	Over 1 year	Total
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		一年內或		
		按要求	超過一年	總計
		千港元	千港元	千港元
Due to subsidiaries	應付附屬公司之款項	297,694	_	297,694
Other payables and accrued liabilities	其他應付款項及應計負債	12,439	_	12,439
Corporate guarantee	公司擔保	437,233	478,325	915,558
Dividends payable	應付股息	34	_	34
		747,400	478,325	1,225,725











綜合財務報表附註

43 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Credit risk

Credit risk arises from the possibility that the counterparty to transaction is unwilling or unable to fulfil its obligation thereby incurring financial loss to the Group. The Group manages the credit risk by setting up a team responsible for the determination of credit limits, credit approvals and other monitoring procedures to ensure that follow-up action is taken to recover overdue debts. The Group has entered into credit insurance contracts with the Hong Kong Export Credit Insurance Corporation and other financial institutions to mitigate the credit risk arising from the receivable balances.

In addition, it is the Group's policy to review regularly the recoverable amount of trade receivables to ensure that adequate impairment provisions are made against the irrecoverable amounts. There are no significant concentrations of credit risk within the Group as the customer bases of the Group's trade receivables are widely dispersed in different sectors and industries.

Further quantitative data in respect of the Group's exposure to credit risk arising from trade receivables are disclosed in Note 26 to the consolidated financial statements.

Capital management

The Group's primary objectives when managing capital are to safeguard the Group's ability to continue as a going concern, so that it can continue to provide returns for shareholders and benefits for other stakeholders. The Group prices its products and services commensurately with the level of risk and secures access to finance at a reasonable cost.

The Group actively and regularly reviews and manages its capital structure and strives to maintain a balance between high shareholder returns that might be possible with high levels of borrowings and the advantages and security afforded by a sound capital position, and makes adjustments to the capital structure in the light of changes in economic conditions.

43 財務風險管理目標及政策 (續)

信貸風險

倘交易對方可能不願或不能履行責任而 導致本集團承受財務損失時,便引致信貸 風險。本集團透過設立一個團隊負責釐定 信貸限額、審批信貸以及其他監察程序, 以便確保採取跟進行動以收回逾期借貸, 管理信貸風險。本集團與香港出口信用保 險局及其他金融機構訂立信貸保險合約, 以減低來自應收款項結餘之信貸風險。

此外,本集團之政策是定期審閱應收貿易 賬款之可收回金額,以確保就不可收回金 額作出足夠減值撥備。鑑於本集團之應收 貿易賬款之客戶基礎廣泛分佈於各個領 域及行業,故並無重大集中信貸風險。

本集團因應收貿易賬款引致之信貸風險 之進一步量化資料披露於綜合財務報表 附註26。

資本管理

本集團資本管理之主要目標為確保本集團有能力繼續按持續經營基準營運,繼續為股東創造回報及為其他股權持有人帶來利益。本集團根據風險水平為產品及服務定價以及按合理成本獲得融資。

本集團積極及定期對資本結構進行檢討 及管理,以期維持可能伴隨高借貸水平之 高額股東回報與良好之資本狀況帶來之 優點及保障之間之平衡,並因應經濟環境 之變化對資本結構作出調整。









綜合財務報表附註

43 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Capital management (Continued)

The Group monitors its capital structure on the basis of a net debt to capital ratio. For this purpose, the Group defines net debt as interest-bearing debt (which includes bank loans), less cash and cash equivalents.

During 2013, the Group's strategy is to strengthen the net debt to equity ratio compared to 2012, at the lower end of the range of 20% to 30%. In order to maintain or adjust the ratio, the Group may adjust the amount of dividends paid to shareholders, issue new shares, return capital to shareholders, raise new debt financing or sell assets to reduce debt.

Group

43 財務風險管理目標及政策 (續)

資本管理(續)

本集團以借貸淨額對股本比率作為監察 其資本結構之基準。就此而言,本集團將 借貸淨額界定為計息借貸(包括銀行貸 款),減現金及現金等值物。

於二零一三年,本集團之策略為增強借貸 淨額對權益比率於20%至30%之間之較 低水平(與二零一二年相比)。為保持或 調整有關比率,本集團或會調整向股東派 付之股息金額、發行新股份、返還股本予 股東、籌集新債務融資或出售資產以減低 負債。

本集團

		2013	2012
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		二零一三年	二零一二年
. <u></u>		千港元	千港元
Bank loans	銀行貸款	873,798	1,050,883
Less: Cash and cash equivalents	減:現金及現金等值物	(433,363)	(625,400)
Less: Cash and cash equivalents included	減:計入分類為持作出售之		
in assets classified as held-for-sale	資產之現金及		
	現金等值物	(6,783)	_
Net debt	借貸淨額	433,652	425,483
Equity attributable to equity holders of	本公司股權持有人應佔權益		
the Company		1,531,331	1,426,701
Net debt to capital ratio	借貸淨額對股本比率	28.3%	29.8%

Neither the Company nor any of its subsidiaries is subject to externally imposed capital requirements.

本公司及其任何附屬公司均不受外部實施之資本規定限制。











綜合財務報表附註

43 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Fair value estimation

HKFRS 7 requires disclosure of fair value measurement by level of the following fair value measurement hierarchy:

- Quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities (level 1).
- Inputs other than quoted prices included within level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (that is, as prices) or indirectly (that is, derived from prices) (level 2).
- Inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data (that is, unobservable inputs) (level 3).

43 財務風險管理目標及政策 (續)

公允值估計

香港財務報告準則第7號規定按下列公允 值計量層級分層披露公允值計量:

- 相同資產或負債在活躍市場之報價(未經調整)(第一層)。
- 除了第一層所包括之報價外,該資產或負債之可觀察輸入數據,可為直接(即如價格)或間接(即源自價格)之數據(第二層)。
- 資產或負債並非依據可觀察市場 數據之輸入數據(即非可觀察輸入 數據)(第三層)。











綜合財務報表附註

43 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Fair value estimation (Continued)

The following table presents the Group's financial instruments carried at fair value, by valuation method, at year end.

43 財務風險管理目標及政策 (續)

公允值估計(續)

下表呈列本集團於年結日以估值法按公 允值列賬之金融工具。

		2013 二零一三年			
		Level 1 HK\$'000 第一層	Level 2 HK\$'000 第二層	Level 3 HK\$'000 第三層	Total HK\$'000 總計
		千港元	- F港元	千港元	千港元
	NO miles				
Assets Available-for-sale investments Financial assets at fair value	資產 可供出售投資	-	-	12,258	12,258
through profit or loss	以公允值計入收益表 之金融資產	55	_	_	55
Total assets	資產總值	55	-	12,258	12,313
	6.4				
Liabilities Derivative financial instruments:	負債 衍生金融工具:				
Forward exchange contracts	一遠期外匯合約	_	811	_	811
– Interest rate swap	一利率掉期合約	_	15,984	_	15,984
Total liabilities	負債總值	_	16,795	-	16,795











綜合財務報表附註

43 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Fair value estimation (Continued)

43 財務風險管理目標及政策 (續)

公允值估計(續)

			201. 二零一	=	
		Level 1 HK\$'000 第一層 千港元	Level 2 HK\$'000 第二層 千港元	Level 3 HK\$'000 第三層 千港元	Total HK\$'000 總計 千港元
		I /E/L	I /E/L	1 /E/L	17670
Assets	資產				
Available-for-sale investments	可供出售投資	-	-	20,203	20,203
Financial assets at fair value	以公允值計入收益表				
through profit or loss	之金融資產	56	-	-	56
Derivative financial instruments:	衍生金融工具:				
– Forward exchange contracts	一遠期外匯合約		167	_	167
Total assets	資產總值	56	167	20,203	20,426
Liabilities	負債				
Derivative financial instruments:	衍生金融工具:				
 Forward exchange contracts 	一遠期外匯合約	-	372	-	372
– Interest rate swap	一利率掉期合約	_	30,324	_	30,324
Total liabilities	負債總值	-	30,696	-	30,696

During both years, there were no significant transfers of financial instruments among Levels 1, 2 and 3.

於兩個年度,第一層、第二層及第三層之 金融工具並無重大轉移。











FIVE YEAR FINANCIAL SUMMARY

五年財務概要

A summary of the results and of the assets, liabilities and non-controlling interests of the Group for the last five financial years, as extracted from the published audited financial statements is set out below.

以下為本集團過去五個財政年度之業績以及資產、負債及非控股股東權益概要,乃摘錄自已刊 發之經審核財務報表。

Delow.						
Results	業績					
		2013	2012	2011	2010	2009
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		- -			_ _ _ _ _ _	(restated)
		二零一三年 千港元	二零一二年 千港元	二零一一年 千港元	二零一零年 千港元	二零零九年 千港元
		1 /6 /0	1 /E/C	1 /E/C	17670	(經重列)
Revenue	收入	1,322,182	1,391,650	1,540,154	1,353,258	1,001,258
		, , , ,	7.5.7.5.5	7	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	7.44 7.44
Profit before tax	除税前溢利	80,269	98,933	124,674	109,033	84,058
Tax	税項	(19,438)	(20,098)	(20,873)	(13,911)	(5,739)
Profit for the year	本年度溢利	60,831	78,835	103,801	95,122	78,319
Attributable to:	下列各項應佔:					
Equity holders of the Company	本公司股權持有人	61,021	79,875	103,965	95,542	78,769
Non-controlling interests	非控股股東權益	(190)	(1,040)	(164)	(420)	(450)
		60,831	78,835	103,801	95,122	78,319
Assets, liabilities and non-controlling interests		資產、負債及非控股股東權益				
		2013	2012	2011	2010	2009
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
						(restated)
		二零一三年	二零一二年	二零一一年	二零一零年	二零零九年
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元 (經重列)
Total assets	資產總值	2,778,270	2,921,938	2,896,969	2,263,424	1,865,130
Total liabilities	負債總值	(1,239,528)	(1,490,332)	(1,542,648)	(1,082,769)	(824,371)
Non-controlling interests	非控股股東權益	(7,411)	(4,905)	(3,990)	(3,961)	(4,243)
		1,531,331	1,426,701	1,350,331	1,176,694	1,036,516
		1-2-1	, -,	, ,	, -,	,,0

MAN YUE TECHNOLOGY HOLDINGS LIMITED 萬裕科技集團有限公司 16/F., Yiko Industrial Building, 10 Ka Yip Street, Chai Wan, Hong Kong

香港柴灣嘉業街10號益高工業大廈16樓